### **Environmental Assessment**

# Construction of Drainage Improvements for Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard, Louisiana HMGP 1603-087-0011 Project number 1603-0418 FEMA-1603-DR-LA

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U.S. Department of Homeland Security
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#### LIST OF ACRONYMS

ABFE Advisory Base Flood Elevation

ACHP Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

APE Area of Potential Effect
BFE Base Flood Elevation
BMP Best Management Practices

CAA Clean Air Act

CBRA Coastal Barrier Resources Act of 1982
CBRS Coastal Barrier Resources System
CEQ Council of Environmental Quality

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CMP Corrugated Metal Pipe
CUP Coastal Use Permit
CWA Clean Water Act

CZMA Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972, as Amended

dB Decibels

DFIRM Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map
DNL Day-Night Average Sound Level
EA Environmental Assessment

e.g. For Example

EHP Environmental Historic Preservation
EIS Environmental Impact Statement

EO Executive Order

ESA Endangered Species Act

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Map

FONSI Finding of No Significant Impact FPPA Farm Protection Policy Act GCR General Conformity Rule GEC Gulf Engineer and Consultants

GOHSEP Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness

GNO Greater New Orleans

H & H Hydrologic and Hydraulic Study HMGP Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

HSDRRS Hurricane Storm Damage Risk Reduction System

HP Historic Preservation

ICRP Interconnected Pond Routing LAC Louisiana Administrative Code

LADOTD Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development

LDEQ Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
LA HMGP PA Statewide Secondary Programmatic Agreement
LDNR Louisiana Department of Natural Resources
LDWF Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries
LPDES Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

MBTA Migratory Bird Treaty Act

mph miles per hours

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NAVD 88 North American Vertical Datum 1988
NEPA National Environmental Policy Act
NFIP National Flood Insurance Program

NHPA National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as Amended

NMFS National Marine Fisheries Service

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service NRHD National Register of Historic Districts NRHP National Register of Historic Places

NWI National Wetlands Inventory OPA Otherwise Protected Area

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PA Public Assistance

PCB Polychlorinated Biphenyls pvc Polymerized Vinyl Chloride

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RHA Rivers and Harbors Act

ROW right of way

SHPO State Historic Preservation Office/Officer

SO<sub>2</sub> Sulfur Dioxide

SONRIS Strategic Online Natural Resources Information System

SPOC Single Point of Contact

SBPG St. Bernard Parish Government SCS Soil Conservation Service

TDSRS Temporary Debris Staging and Reduction Sites

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act

U.S. United States
USC United States Code

USDA United States Department of Agriculture
USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Survey UST Underground Storage Tank

WSS Web Soil Survey

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project Authority

Hurricane Katrina, a Category 4 hurricane with a storm surge above normal high tide levels, moved across the Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama gulf coasts on August 29, 2005. Maximum sustained winds at landfall were estimated at 140 miles per hour (mph). President George W. Bush signed a disaster declaration (FEMA-1603-DR-LA) for the state of Louisiana on August 29, 2005, authorizing the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to provide federal assistance in designated areas of Louisiana. FEMA is administering this disaster assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act), PL 93-288, as amended. Section 404 of the Stafford Act authorizes FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Program (HMGP) to provide funds to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures after a major disaster declaration.

In accordance with the 44 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) for FEMA, Subpart B – Agency Implementing Procedures, Section 10.9, an environmental assessment (EA) was prepared pursuant to Section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), as implemented by the regulations promulgated by the President's Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) (40 CFR Parts 1500-1508). This EA evaluates St. Bernard Parish's, the applicant, proposal to upgrade the Palmisano drainage system in St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana to determine if the project will have the potential for significant adverse effects on the quality of the human and natural environment. The results of this EA will be used to make a decision whether to initiate preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) or to prepare a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI).

#### 1.2 Project Location

St. Bernard Parish is part of the New Orleans-Metairie, LA metropolitan area. The city of Chalmette serves as the Parish seat. The Parish is approximately 2,158 square miles, of which 378 square miles (approximately 12%) is land and the remainder is open water 1,781 square miles (83%). St. Bernard Parish is bordered to the east by Gulf of Mexico, to the north by Lake Borgne, and southwest by Mississippi River. St. Bernard Parish has approximately 35,897 residents according to 2010 census figures. St. Bernard is located southeast of New Orleans, and approximately 105 miles upriver from the Gulf of Mexico.

The Palmisano Drainage System is bounded by Lyndell Court/Plaza Drive Areas, the Mississippi River Levee, Volpe Drive, and the 20 Arpent Canal (near Missouri Street). It consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipes and culverts and directed by via pump (Plaza Drive Pump Station) to an earthen ditch on East St. Bernard Hwy. across from Plaza Drive pump station. The earthen ditch, along with some poorly designed sub-surface drainage in the Lyndell Court/Plaza Drive area, connects to the Plaza Drive Pump Station, which runs under East St. Bernard Hwy. into the canal along East St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd., then from East St. Bernard Hwy.. paralleling Palmisano Blvd. Canal running approximately 4,860 feet to the 20 Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently

during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert and pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

#### 1.0 PURPOSE AND NEED

The HMGP provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures after a major disaster declaration. The purpose of the HMGP is to reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster. After Hurricane Katrina, St. Bernard Parish and particularly the Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge area, suffered from ancillary flooding. The existing drainage structures were not operational due to the ancillary flooding from excessive rainfall during and immediately after the storm event. Continuing to not have a adequately designed drainage structures on Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge increases the health and safety risk for the population and property of St. Bernard Parish during natural disasters or other unforeseen events that can cause excessive ancillary flooding. The purpose of the proposed project is to protect the health and safety of the residents of St. Bernard during the next 100-year flood event.

St. Bernard Parish needs to develop a solution that will minimize the ancillary flooding during and after storm events. There is a need to protect against future damage, loss of life and property from flooding during and after hurricane and other storm/flooding events.

#### 3.0 ALTERNATIVES

#### 3.1 Alternative 1 - No Action

Under this alternative, St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) would not engage in flood protection activities at the Palmasino drainage sites. Consequently, the area around the Plaza Drive Pump Station, East St. Bernard Hwy., Palmisano Blvd. and 20 Arpent Canal would continue to be susceptible to flooding from storm events. The inability for SBPG to supply adequate drainage to the community would cause a health and safety crisis to the city's population and environment as stormwater would overwhelm the drainage system. Old, undersized culverts; shallow ditches; and sewer piping would cause street floods that would impact other services in the area including business, homes and property.

## 3.2 Alternative 2 – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy.. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal (Proposed Action)

This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd., then from St. Bernard Hwy. paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the 20 Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways. The applicant, proposes to 1) improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive in Chalmette, Louisiana;

2) upgrade the pump station's outfall into the East St. Bernard Hwy.; 3) conduct drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd., (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the 20 Arpent Canal); and 4) improve the crossing at Palmisano Blvd. and 20 Arpent Canal. The proposed improvements would relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. Table 1 identifies the locations of each site. A site map can be found in Appendix A.

**Table 1: Project Site Locations** 

Site	Start Latitude	Start Longitude	End Latitude	End Longitude
Plaza Drive Pump	29.93363	-89.96016	n/a	n/a
Station				
St. Bernard Hwy.	29.93344	- 89.960290	29.931156	-89.956168
Palmisano Blvd	29.93164	-89.95594	29.943339	-89.949219
20 Arpent Bridge	29.943460	-89.949921	n/a	n/a

#### 3.2.1 Site 1- Plaza Drive Pump Station Area

This segment of the project would consist of an upgrade and replacement to the existing undersized pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd. The area of the drainage basin is Marietta Street, East St. Bernard Hwy., Lyndell Court, Plaza Drive and including Lyndell Court. The existing pump would be removed and the new pump placed within the same location. Additional work in this area would be to reshape the existing open drainage ditches and replace any existing sub-surface drainage within the basin that is undersized or obstructed.

#### 3.2.2 Site 2- East St. Bernard Hwy. Canal

The Plaza Drive Pump empties across the street to a canal which runs along East St. Bernard Hwy. The scope of work for this site would increase the capacity of the Plaza Drive Pump Station's outfall channel. Due the limited space between the right of way (ROW) and the active Railroad tracks, the applicant proposes to deepen the canal channel surface bottom from East St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd. Two (2) existing undersized culverts would be replaced with boxed culverts. The applicant would also flush and clean the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. Additionally, the applicant proposes to reshape the existing open drainage ditches and replace any existing sub-surface drainage within the basin that is undersized or obstructed.

The proposed design would reshape and correct the open drainage area approximately 1000 feet along East St. Bernard Hwy. to accommodate the required capacity and construct a 48 inch culvert alongside the East St. Bernard Hwy. drainage canal approximately 200 feet, then crossing under East St. Bernard Hwy. with a 58 inch x38 inch culvert north to Camille Place. This work would require the existing street pavement and curbs to be removed, and a trenchless installation of new gravity Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) piping to connect to the existing sewer system.

#### 3.2.3 Site 3- Palmisano Blvd. Canal

The design objectives for this site were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk of flooding to the surrounding community. The proposed work for this site is to increase the canal capacity by deepening the bottom of the channel, and installing an open reinforced concrete box culvert with a swale ditch on top, from St. Bernard Hwy. to Camille place. Utilizing the swale ditch would collect sheet flow and divert it to the culvert.

The proposed design would construct an 8 foot x 4 foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then utilize a 10 foot x 6 foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal. Culverts under all cross-streets would be replaced to meet the new design standards. Catch basins and other existing drainage lines along with the replacement of existing driveways, landscaping, drain lines, as well as required sidewalks would be included into the Palmisano Canal drainage design plan. Additionally, St. Bernard would acquire and demolish a structure which lies in the path of the proposed work. This structure is located at 2101 Missouri Street, just before the 20 Arpernt Canal at approximately Latitude 29.943098, Longitude -89.949370. The by acquiring and demolishing this property, the design of the box culvert would be able to flow unobstructed into the 20 Arpent Canal. In addition it would avoid the need to acquire additional ROW to re-align the roadway to accommodate the new bridge design as described below.

#### 3.2. Site 4 - 20 Arpent Canal Bridge

The scope of work for this site would consist of removing the existing, undersized culverts underneath the existing bridge, and constructing a two-lane, open-span bridge (plans found in Appendix B show a median incorporated into the design). The proposed bridge would be similar in design to others in the area which has recently been upgraded.

Per the Hydrology and Hydraulics (H&H) study conducted by Gulf Engineers and Consultants (GEC) in March 2013, due to the increased capacity of the design flows entering the 20 Arpent Canal, capacity levels would be diminished by the undersized culverts currently under the existing 20 Arpent Canal Crossing. The solution from GEC and the H&H would be to design and construct a70 foot x100 foot concrete span bridge crossing. The bridge would be pile supported and paved channel /aggregate. All water, sewer and other utilities would be attached to the design of the new bridge structure. Related paving, lighting and other infrastructure replacements would be required as part of the project.

#### 4.0 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS

This section analyzes the surrounding environment for potential impacts of the Proposed Action Alternative and the No-Action Alternative. Where potential impacts exist, conditions or mitigation measures are used to implement these impacts.

#### 4.1 PHYSICAL RESOURCES

#### 4.1.1 Geology, Soils, and Seismicity

The Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA: P.L. 97-98, Sections 1539-1549; 7 U.S.C. 4201, *et seq.*) was enacted in 1981 and is intended to minimize the impact federal actions may have on the unnecessary and irreversible conversion of farmland to non-agricultural uses. It assures that, to the extent possible, federal programs and policies are administered to be compatible with state and local farmland protection policies and programs. To implement the FPPA, federal agencies are required to develop and review their policies and procedures every two (2) years. The FPPA does not authorize the federal government to regulate the use of private or nonfederal land or, in any way, affect the property rights of owners.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) is responsible for protecting significant agricultural lands from irreversible conversions that result in the loss of essential food or environment sources. For purposes of the FPPA, farmland includes prime farmland, unique farmland, and land of statewide or local importance. Prime farmland is characterized as land with the best physical and chemical characteristics for production of food, feed, forage, fiber and oilseed crops (United States Department of Agriculture, USDA 2013). Farmland subject to FPPA requirements does not have to be currently used for cropland; it can be forest land, pastureland, cropland, or other land, but not water or built-up land.

The Louisiana gulf coastal region is located along the Gulf-margin Normal Faults, a fault belt with very low historical seismicity; the stress field and seismogenic potential of the underlying crust are unknown; and, therefore, the ability of the fault belt to generate significant seismic ruptures that could cause damaging ground motion is unclear. According to the United States Geological Survey (USGS) National Seismic Hazard Maps, the Louisiana Gulf Coast, including the project area, is located in the lowest hazard probability area for seismicity (USGS, 2012).

<u>Alternative 1- No Action:</u> Implementation of the No Action Alternative would include no undertaking and, therefore, would not impact the soils or geologic processes known for the area.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: The Proposed Action is located on the geologic formation identified as Alluvium that originated from the Mississippi River. The alluvium consists of sandy and gravelly channel deposits mantled by sandy to muddy natural levee deposits, with organic-rich muddy backswamp deposits in between; coastal marsh deposits are chiefly mud and organic matter (Louisiana Geological Survey, 2008).

According to documentation from the USDA, NRCS, Soil Survey, this area is composed of 6.5% Cancienne Silty Clay Loam, and 93.5% Cancienne and Schriever soils, frequently flooded. Only the Cancienne soil series is classified as prime farmland soils (USDA/NRCS, 2012). The NRCS has determined in a consultation letter dated November 18, 2013 that the proposed project construction areas location will not impact prime farmland and therefore, is exempt from the rules and regulations of the FPPA (See Appendix C).

The contractor would implement construction Best Management Practices (BMPs); install silt fences/straw bales to reduce sedimentation. Area soils would be covered and/or wetted during construction. If fill is stored on site as part of unit installation or removal, the contractor would be required to appropriately cover it.

Construction contractor would be required to obtain a Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (LPDES) permit, if applicable, and implement stormwater pollution prevention plan. The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) has stormwater general permits for construction areas equal to or greater than one (1) acre. It is recommended that the LDEQ Water Permit Division be contacted to determine whether the proposed improvements require one of these permits. All precaution will be observed to control nonpoint source pollution from construction activities.

#### 4.1.2 Air Quality

The Clean Air Act (CAA) of 1963, as amended, provides for federal protection of air quality by regulating air pollutant sources and setting emissions standards for certain air pollutants. Under CAA, states adopt ambient air quality standards in order to protect the public from potentially harmful amounts of pollutants. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) establishes primary and secondary air quality standards. Primary air quality standards protect the public health, including the health of "sensitive populations, such as people with asthma, children, and older adults." Secondary air quality standards protect the public welfare by promoting ecosystems health, and preventing decreased visibility and damage to crops and buildings. The USEPA has set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for the following six criteria pollutants: ozone (O<sub>3</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and lead (Pb).

The USEPA has designated specific areas as NAAQS attainment or non-attainment areas. Nonattainment areas are any areas that do not meet the quality standard for a pollutant, while attainment areas do meet ambient air quality standards. St. Bernard Parish is a non-attainment parish with the NAAQS for SO<sub>2</sub> (EPA, 2014). The General Conformity Rule (GCR) currently applies to all Federal actions that are taken in designated non-attainment or maintenance areas, with the following exceptions: (1) actions covered by the transportation conformity rule; (2) actions with associated emissions clearly at or below specified de minimis levels; (3) actions listed as exempt in the rule; or, (4) actions covered by a Presumed-to-Conform approved list (40 CFR § 93.153(c). When the total direct and indirect emissions from the project or action are clearly below the de minimis levels, the project or action would not be subject to a conformity determination, and may proceed [40 CFR §93.153(b) and (c)]. If, on the other hand, emissions are equal to or exceed 40 CFR. §93.153 or Louisiana Administrative Code (LAC) 33:III.1405.B de minimis levels, a general conformity determination must be made by the Federal agency involved. LDEQ requests a "general conformity applicability determination" in order to demonstrate that a formal general conformity determination is not required. Project-associated emissions are quantified using (1) direct emissions, and (2) indirect emissions within the scope of the Federal agency's authority. See 40 CFR § 93.158(a).

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no long or short term impacts to geology, soils, seismicity or air quality would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: Minor impacts to air quality would be anticipated from movement of heavy equipment during demolition, excavation and construction activities. The effects would be localized and of short duration. The applicant initiated consultation with LDEQ on January 14, 2014; LEDQ responded to the applicant on April 4, 2014. Per LDEQ the applicant must submit a conformity determination for emissions of SO<sub>2</sub>. FEMA-EHP conducted the required calculations and initiated consultation with LDEQ on May 11, 2015, to date no comments has been received; however, compliance with the CAA NAAQS has been fully coordinated with the Air Quality Section of the LDEQ. An air quality determination for emissions from the proposed Federal action was made using methods described in LAC 33:III.1411. Therefore, the analysis was based upon direct emissions for estimated construction hours. FEMA's air quality analysis for the proposed project resulted in a finding of anticipated SO<sub>2</sub> emissions of no more than 0.0104321 tons, while the *de minimis* threshold is 100 tons/yr. (See Appendix C). This project meets exception two (2) above and therefore no further action is required.

The contractor would be responsible for keeping all excavated areas periodically sprayed with water, all equipment maintained in good working order, and all construction vehicles would be limited to 15 mph to minimize pollution/fugitive dust.

#### 4.2 WATER RESOURCES

#### 4.2.1 Wetlands

The United States Army Corps Engineers (USACE) regulates the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Wetlands are identified as those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. The USACE also regulates the building of structures in waters of the U.S. pursuant to the Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA).

Executive Order (EO) 11990, Protection of Wetlands, directs federal agencies to minimize the destruction, loss, or degradation of wetlands and to preserve and enhance the values of wetlands for federally funded projects. FEMA regulations for complying with EO 11990 are found at 44 CFR Part 9, Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) map did not identify wetlands within the proposed project area that could be adversely affected by the project.

Alternative 1 – No Action: The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no long or short term impacts wetlands would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: For the construction of drainage improvements on East St. Bernard Hwy., Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge, the USACE correspondence dated March 13, 2014, stated "...we have determined that this property is not in a wetland subject to Corps' Jurisdiction. A Department of the Army permit under Section 404 of the CWA or Section 10 of the RHA would not be required for the deposition or redistribution of dredged or fill material on this site." (See Appendix C). In addition, a FEMA- Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) specialist visited the sited on April 6, 2015. It was determined the site would not contain EO 11990 wetlands.

Any changes or modifications to the proposed project would require a wetland revised determination. Off-site locations of activities such as borrow; disposals, haul-and detour-roads and work mobilization site developments may be subject to the Department of the Army regulatory requirements and may have an impact to a Department of Army project.

#### **4.2.2** Water Quality

The CWA, as amended, is the primary federal law in the United States regulating water pollution (P.L. 92–500, 33 United States Code [U.S.C.] §1251). The CWA regulates water quality of all discharges into "waters of the United States." Both wetlands and "dry washes" (channels that carry intermittent or seasonal flow) are considered "waters of the United States." Administered by USEPA, the CWA protects and restores water quality using both water quality standards and technology-based effluent limitations. The USEPA publishes surface water quality standards and toxic pollutant criteria in 40 CFR, Part 131.

The CWA also established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitting program (Section 402) to regulate and enforce discharges into waters of the U.S. The NPDES permit program focuses on point-source outfalls associated with industrial wastewater and municipal sewage discharges. Congress has delegated to many states the responsibility to protect and manage water quality within their legal boundaries by establishing water quality standards and identifying waters not meeting these standards. States are also responsible for managing the NPDES system.

Under the Louisiana Water Control Law, Louisiana controls and regulates the discharged waste materials, pollutants, and other substances into Louisiana waters in order to properly protect and maintain the state's waters. The LDEQ is the state agency responsible for administering the NPDES Program known as LPDES.

Alternative 1 – No Action: The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no long or short term impacts water quality would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: Project would entail construction of buildings on previously developed land. There is a potential for short-term localized increase in sedimentation during construction. Long term, post-Construction runoff would not increase because the impervious surface area would be similar to the pre-disaster site conditions.

The USEPA stated in their response letter dated February 14, 2014 that "the project does not lie within the boundaries of a designated sole source aquifer and is thus not eligible for review under the Sole Source Aquifer program." (See Appendix C) According to the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources (LDNR) Strategic Online Natural Resources Information System (SONRIS) database, there are no groundwater areas of concern in the project vicinity. According to the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) database, accessed via SONRIS, no recorded drinking water wells are located within the project vicinity; however, there may be unrecorded drinking wells near the project work areas (SONRIS, 2013).

FEMA-EHP initiated coordination with LDEQ on May 11, 2015. LDEQ The response period ends on June 10, at which time FEMA-EHP will update this EA to reflect comments and conditions received by the regulatory agency. If substantial comments are received, this EA will be republished, if not this document will become final. (See Appendix C). However, to minimize indirect impacts (soil erosion, sedimentation, dust and other construction-related disturbances) to the areas surrounding the proposed action, the following best management practices should be included into the daily operations of construction activities: silt screens, barriers (e.g., hay bales), berms/dikes, and/or fences to be placed where and as needed. Fencing should be placed for marking staging areas to store construction equipment and supplies as well as conduct maintenance/repair operations. All precautions should be observed to control nonpoint source pollution from construction activities. Fencing should be placed for marking staging areas to store construction equipment and supplies as well as conduct maintenance/repair Hazardous materials associated with construction equipment must be handled operations. according to local, state, and federal regulations in order to minimize the risk of spills and leaks and subsequent impacts to surface and groundwater resources.

The LDEQ may require stormwater general permits for construction areas equal to or greater than one (1) acre. It is recommended that the LDEQ Water Permit Division be contacted to determine whether the proposed improvements require one of these permits. All precaution will be observed to control nonpoint source pollution from construction activities. The contractor should observe all precautions to protect the groundwater of the region. The LDNR Office of Conservation should be contacted if any unregistered drinking water wells are encountered during construction work.

All work associated with project that is conducted on potable water systems must comply with applicable sections of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and state regulations under Louisiana Title 51 Part XII (otherwise known as the Louisiana Public Health-Sanitary code and related State Plumbing code).

#### 4.2.3 Hydrology & Floodplains

Per the H&H study The Palmisano Canal drains an area of approximately 100 acres in size. The upstream channel begins at East St. Bernard Hwy. and flows east to the 20 Arpent Canal downstream from the Mississippi River. The 20 Arpent Canal then discharges into the 40 Arpent Canal which is drained by pump stations.

The upper reaches of the channel run adjacent to Palmisano Blvd. Currently, the left descending bank of the channel is within a few feet of Palmisano Blvd. The channel is approximately six (6) feet deep with steep side slopes. The right descending bank is very close to the property line of residential properties. There is bank erosion occurring at the side slope of the channel. The ROW of the channel is 20 feet wide (GEC, 2013).

The Plaza Drive area is drained by a pump station, mentioned in the beginning of this EA. The pump station discharges into the road side ditch located between St. Bernard Hwy. and the railroad tracks along East St. Bernard Hwy. Appendix A of the H&H (found in Appendix D) shows the drainage area map for Palmisano Canal and the Plaza Drive drainage area.

GEC used the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) method to compute the runoff hydrographs. Land use in the project area is 40 percent residential and 60 percent industrial, commercial and business. The storm duration used in the analysis is a 24 – hour. See Appendix D for the entire H&H study and soils found in the project area. GEC used the Interconnected Pond Routing (ICPR) model to compute the storm water runoff and to evaluate the hydraulic design of the channel.

Currently along the Palmisano Canal, as described in the H&H, it appears private individuals installed several culverts for their use. There are three (3) driveways, one (1) culvert which extends the homowner's backyard over the channel, and a business that extended the two (2) 5 foot x 5 foot box culverts with a single 60 inch diameter corrugated metal pipe (CMP).

To determine the in-bank capacity of Palmisano Canal, GEC simulated 2-year and the 5-year 24-hour storm events using the existing conditions model. The existing channel contained the 2-year storm event within the channel; however the analysis of the 5-year event shows minor over bank flooding.

Currently, the Plaza Drive area is drained by a ten (10) inch Farbanks Morse propeller pump. The ten (10) inch discharge pipe is approximately 65 feet in length and runs under St. Bernard Highway discharging into the road side ditch. This ditch drains to the east into the upper reach of Palmisano Canal (GEC, 2013). Per the H&H study, the 5-year peak water surface for these existing conditions is 7.90 feet North American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD 88).

According to the H&H study, the design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 100-year storm event and to reduce the risk of ingjury to the driving public on Palmisano Blvd. In addition, the proposed solution must be contained within the existing ROW. The design storm is a 100-year, 24-hour rainfall event. Due to the design constraints, the channel could not be deepened or widened without increasing the risk of bank failures.

At the confluence of Palmisano Canal and the 20 Arent Canal, the flow in the 20 Arpent Canal is to the East. The flow then discharges into the Chalona Canal. At the upstream confluence West of 20 Arpent Canal, the flow is more restricted than the flow towards the East (GEC, 2013). Historical information of flooding problems in the study area indicate the drainage under the road crossing at Palmisano Blvd. and the 20 Arpent Canal is not adequately designed. The 20 Arpent Canal crossing parallel to Missouri Street consist of two (2) 60 inch culverts that are restricting drainage of the area upstream of Palmisano Canal (GEC, 2013)

Executive Order 11988 (Floodplain Management) requires federal agencies to avoid direct or indirect support or development within the 100-year floodplain whenever there is a practicable alternative. FEMA's regulations for complying with EO 11988 are found at 44 CFR Part 9, Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands. FEMA uses Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) to identify the regulatory 100-year floodplain for the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). St. Bernard Parish enrolled in the NFIP on March 13, 1970.

In July 2005, FEMA initiated a series of flood insurance studies for many of the Louisiana coastal parishes as part of the Flood Map Modernization effort through FEMA's NFIP. These studies were necessary because the flood hazard and risk information shown on many FIRMs was developed during the 1970s, and the physical terrain had changed significantly, such as major loss of wetland areas. After hurricanes Katrina and Rita, FEMA expanded the scope of work to include all of coastal Louisiana. The magnitude of the impacts of hurricanes Katrina and Rita reinforced the urgency to obtain additional flood recovery data for the coastal zones of Louisiana. More detailed analysis was possible because new data obtained after the hurricanes included information on levees and levee systems, new high-water marks, and new hurricane parameters (FEMA RiskMap6.com, 2013).

During an initial post-hurricane analysis, FEMA determined that the "100-Year" or 1-percent chance storm flood elevations on FIRMs for many Louisiana communities, referred to as Base Flood Elevations (BFEs), were too low. FEMA created recovery maps showing the extent and magnitude of storm surge damage after hurricanes Katrina and Rita, as well as information on other storms over the past 25 years (FEMA RiskMap6.com, 2013). The 2006 advisory flood data shown on the recovery maps for the Louisiana-declared disaster areas show high-water marks surveyed after the storm; flood limits developed from these surveyed points; and Advisory Base Flood Elevations, or Advisory Base Flood Elevation (ABFEs). The recovery maps and other advisory data were developed to assist parish officials, homeowners, business owners, and other affected citizens with their recovery and rebuilding efforts (FEMA RiskMap6.com, 2013).

Updated preliminary flood hazard maps from an intensive five (5) year mapping project guided by FEMA are now provided to all Louisiana coastal parishes. The new maps released in early 2008, known as Preliminary Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs), are based on the most technically advanced flood insurance studies ever performed for Louisiana, followed by multiple levels of review. The DFIRMs provide communities with a more scientific approach to economic development, hazard mitigation planning, emergency response and post-flood recovery (FEMA RiskMap6.com, 2013).

The USACE recently completed the Hurricane and Storm Damage Risk Reduction System (HSDRRS) for the Greater New Orleans (GNO) area (Miller, 2011). This 350-mile system of levees, floodwalls, surge barriers, and pump stations will reduce the flood risk associated with a storm event. In September of 2011, the USACE provided FEMA with assurances that the HSDRRS is capable of defending against a storm surge with a one percent (1%) annual chance event of occurring in any given year (Miller, 2011). The areas protected include portions of St. Bernard, St. Charles, Jefferson, Orleans, and Plaquemines parishes. FEMA has now begun revising the preliminary DFIRMs within the HSDRRS to incorporate the reduced flood risk associated with the system improvements.

On November 9, 2012, revised Preliminary DFIRMS were made available to the Proposed Project area in St. Bernard Parish and are now considered best available data for purposes of required elevations for reconstruction projects.

In compliance with FEMA policy implementing EO 11988, Floodplain Management, the proposed project was reviewed for possible impacts associated with occupancy or modification to a floodplain. To comply with EO 11988, Floodplain Management, FEMA is required to follow the procedure outlined in 44 CFR Part 9 to assure that alternatives to the action have been considered. This procedure is known as the EO 11988 - Floodplain Management Eight-Step Decision Making Process. In accordance with EO 11988, FEMA's Eight-Step Planning Process for Floodplains was completed to identify, minimize, and mitigate floodplain impacts (Appendix E).

Alternative 1 – No Action: The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no long or short term impacts the floodplain would occur.

<u>Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal:</u> Per the H&H, without acquiring additional ROW, the Palmasino channel could not be improved to meet the design objectives. To improve the channel capacity and reduce the risk to drivers, the proposed design uses reinforced box culverts and constructs a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow.

GEC used trial and error to analyze the sizes of the box culverts. The sizes were increased until the design objective to contain the 100-year design event was achieved. This resulted in constructing a 10 foot x 6 foot box culvert from 20 Arpent Canal to Judge Perez Blvd., an 8 foot x 4 foot box culvert from Judge Perez to Camille Place, and a 73 inch x 45 inch concrete arch culvert.

The Plaza Drive area consists of upgrading the existing pump station. The proposed upgrade is three (3) inches to ten (10) inches Farbanks Morse vertical propeller pumps. According to the H&H study the design condition for the peak water surface elevation is 8.10 feet NAVD 88.

When drainage improvements are made on one (1) channel there are possibilities for upstream and downstream effects. According to GEC, The proposed improvements would increase the peak discharge on Palmisano Canal. The H&H further states that comparing the size of the

Palmisano and 20 Arpent watersheds, the increase in peak discharge would increase the flood stage on the 20 Arpent Canal. Unless the increase in flood stage is contained within the channel, there would be an adverse and unacceptable drainage impact (GEC 2013). Therefore, GEC's recommendation to mitigate the adverse drainage impacts from the proposed drainage improvements on the 20 Arpent Canal, the project design should replace the existing culverts at the road crossing of Palmisan Blvd and 20 Arpent Canal with a bridge.

As per the Preliminary DFIRM 22087C0487D dated November 9, 2012 for the drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge, the proposed drainage improvements are located in the X Zone (500-year floodplain or 0.2% annual chance flood hazard) and are also located in an AE Zone (100-year floodplain or 1% annual chance flood hazard) (see Table 2).

Table 2: Flood Zone and Preliminary 2012 DFIRM Panel Data for the Proposed Project Sites

SPS Name	City	Flood Zone	Preliminary
			DFIRM Panel
Plaza Lift Station	Chalmette	X	22087C0487D
St. Bernard Hwy.	Chalmette	AE (EL 6)	22087C0487D
Canal		& X	
Palmasino Canal	Chalmette	AE (EL 2) & X	22087C0487D
1201 Missouri St.	Chalmette	AE (EL 2)	22087C0487D
20 Arpent Canal	Chalmette	AE (EL 1)	22087C0487D

The drainage improvements would be considered as dependent on their location to be able to mitigate ancillary flooding. The proposed construction would have no impacts on flood elevations, nor will it increase development in this fully built-out area.

In compliance with FEMA policy implementing EO 11988, Floodplain Management, the proposed project was reviewed for possible impacts associated with occupancy or modification to a floodplain. The construction of the drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge would not likely affect the functions and values of the 100-year floodplain as the structure would not impede or redirect flood flows. New construction must be compliant with current codes and standards. St. Bernard Parish is required to coordinate with the local floodplain administrator regarding floodplain permit(s) prior to the start of any activities. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.

#### 4.3 COASTAL MANAGEMENT

The Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (CZMA) encourages the management of coastal zone areas and provides grants to be used in maintaining coastal zone areas. It requires that federal agencies be consistent in enforcing the policies of state coastal zone management programs when conducting or supporting activities that affect a coastal zone. It is intended to ensure that federal activities are consistent with state programs for the protection and, where, possible, enhancement of the nation's coastal zones.

The CZMA's definition of a coastal zone includes coastal waters extending to the outer limit of state submerged land title and ownership, adjacent shorelines, and land extending inward to the extent necessary to control shorelines. A coastal zone includes islands, beaches, transitional and intertidal areas, and salt marshes. The CZMA requires that states develop a State Coastal Zone Management Plan or program and that any federal agency conducting or supporting activities affecting the coastal zone conduct or support those activities in a manner consistent with the approved state plan or program. The LDNR regulates development in Louisiana's designated coastal zone through the Coastal Use Permit (CUP) Program.

The USFWS regulates federal funding in Coastal Barrier Resource System (CBRS) units under the Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA). This Act protects undeveloped coastal barriers and related areas (i.e., Otherwise Protected Areas [OPAs]) by prohibiting direct or indirect Federal funding of projects that support development in these areas. The Act promotes appropriate use and conservation of coastal barriers along the Gulf of Mexico.

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no impacts to coastal resources would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: Construction of the drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge would have no impact on coastal resources. The LDNR - Louisiana Office of Coastal Management indicated in correspondence letters dated February 17, 2014 that the project is consistent with the Louisiana Coastal Resource Program. However, the project may require a Coastal Use Permit (CUP) (See Appendix C). Determination of CUP requirements must be obtained through the submission of a completed CUP application to the LDNR. Proposed projects may be coordinated by contacting LDNR at (225) 342-7591 or 1-800-267-4019. Refer to CUP Number P20120106. The application packet may be obtained by calling (225) 342-7591 (800)267-4019, visiting **LDNR** website or by the at http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93&pnid=189&nid=191. The LDNR - Louisiana Office of Coastal Management issued a statewide letter dated September 28, 2012 indicating that the Louisiana Office of Coastal Management determined that the granting of financial assistance is fully consistent with the Louisiana Coastal Resources Program. However, the Applicant is responsible for coordinating with and obtaining any required CUP or other authorizations from the LDNR Office of Coastal Management's Permits and Mitigation Division prior to initiating work. The Applicant must comply with all conditions of the required permits. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any

conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files (See Appendix C).

#### 4.4 BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

#### 4.4.1 Threatened and Endangered Species and Critical Habitat

The Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531-1543; 87 Stat. 884)(ESA) prohibits the taking of listed, threatened, and endangered species unless specifically authorized by permit from the USFWS or the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). "Take" is defined in 16 U.S.C. 1532 (19) as "to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect or attempt to engage in any such conduct." Harm is further defined to include significant habitat modification or degradation that results in death or injury to listed species by significantly impairing behavioral patterns such as breeding, feeding, or sheltering (50 CFR 17.3).

Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA requires the lead federal government agency to consult with either the USFWS or the NMFS, depending which agency has jurisdiction over the federally listed species in question, when a federally funded project may have the potential to adversely affect a federally listed species or a federal action occurs within or may have the potential to impact designated critical habitat. The ESA defines critical habitat as "the specific areas within the geographical area occupied by the species, at the time it is listed, on which are found those physical or biological features (I) essential to the conservation of the species and (II) which may require special management considerations or protection; and specific areas outside the geographical area occupied by the species at the time it is listed that are determined by the Secretary to be essential for the conservation of the species."

The lists the following federally threatened and endangered species for St. Bernard Parish:

#### **Common Name Scientific Name Status**

Piping Plover Charadrius melodus T
Gulf sturgeon Acipenser oxyrinchus desotoi T
Pallid sturgeon Scaphirhynchus albus E
West Indian Manatee Trichechus manatus E
Louisiana black bear Ursus americanus luteolus T
Hawksbill sea turtle Eretmochelys imbricata E
Leatherback sea turtle Dermochelys coriacea E
Kemp's ridley sea turtle Lepidochelys kempii E
Green sea turtle Chelonia mydas T

Source: USFWS, 2012; T = Threatened, E = Endangered

It should be noted that inclusion in the USFWS federally threatened and endangered species list does not necessarily imply occurrence of a species in the study area, but simply acknowledges the potential of occurrence.

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) of 1918 makes it unlawful to pursue, hunt, take, capture, kill, or sell birds listed in the statute as "migratory birds". It does not discriminate

between live or dead birds, and also grants full protection to any bird parts including feathers, eggs, and nests. The MBTA is the primary law that affirms or implements the nation's commitment to four international conventions (with Canada, Japan, Mexico, and Russia) for the protection of a shared migratory bird resource.

EO 13186 (Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds) strengthens the protection of migratory birds and their habitats by directing federal agencies to take certain actions that implement the MBTA.

Alternative 1 - No Action: The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no impacts to biological resources would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: In correspondence dated February 12, 2014, USFWS stated the Service "The project, as proposed, will have no effect on those resources" (See Appendix C)." In addition, correspondence dated February 21, 2014, from the Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (LDWF) stated "...no impacts to rare, threatened, or endanger species or critical habitats are anticipated for the proposed project" (See Appendix C). The Applicant would be responsible for contacting FEMA and the resources agencies if there is a change in the scope of work.

#### 4.5 CULTURAL RESOURCES

The consideration of impacts to historic and cultural resources is mandated under Section 101(b) 4 of the NEPA as implemented by 40 CFR Part 1501-1508. Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) requires Federal agencies to take into account their effects on historic properties (i.e. historic and cultural resources) and allow the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) an opportunity to comment. FEMA has chosen to address potential impacts to historic properties through the "Section 106 consultation process" of NHPA as implemented through 36 CFR Part 800.

In order to fulfill its Section 106 responsibilities, FEMA has initiated consultation on this project in accordance with the Statewide Secondary Programmatic Agreement (LA HMGP PA) dated December 31, 2011, between the Louisiana State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO), the Louisiana Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness (LA GOHSEP), the Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas, the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, the Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, the Jena Band of Choctaw Indians, the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, the Seminole Tribe of Florida, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (<a href="http://www.fema.gov/pdf/hazard/hurricane/2005katrina/LA HMGP%20PA.pdf">http://www.fema.gov/pdf/hazard/hurricane/2005katrina/LA HMGP%20PA.pdf</a>). The PA was created to streamline the Section 106 review process.

The "Section 106 process" outlined in the LA HMGP PA requires the identification of historic properties that may be affected by the proposed action or alternatives within the project's area of potential effects (APE). Historic properties, defined in Section 101(a)(1)(A) of NHPA, include districts, sites (archaeological and religious/cultural), buildings, structures, and objects that are

listed in or determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Historic properties are identified by qualified agency representatives in consultation with interested parties. Below is a consideration of various alternatives and their effects on historic properties.

The Palmisano Drainage Canal is located in the city of Chalmette, in St. Bernard Parish. The date of the initial construction of the drainage canal is unknown as it is not substantial enough to be included on any maps of the area. FEMA Historic Preservation (HP) Staff consulted the NRHP database, the Louisiana Cultural Resources Map, and data collected on a site visit from April 6, 2015 and determined that the project locations for the Palmisano Drainage Improvement Projects are not located within a listed or eligible National Register Historic District (NRHD) nor are they located within the view-shed of a property individually listed in the National Register.

The APE for both standing structures and archaeology is limited to the immediate area of ground disturbing activities and the space for laydown or staging. It is is 5.1 acres in size (2.1 hectacres). The scope of the project limits the area of potential effects, as the work occurs almost completely below grade. For the portion of the work along East St. Bernard Hwy.. and the drainage canal along Palmisano Blvd., the APE is limited to the ROW in which the work would be completed. The applicant does not have right of access to any other areas and as such would be restricted to the ROW. The only above-grade work would be the replacement of the Plaza Drive pump station; the demolition of the structure at 1201 Missouri St; and the replacement of the existing canal crossing at Palmisano Blvd. and the 20 Arpent Canal. For these areas, the APE consists of direct effects and space for laydown, the entirety of the tax parcel for 1201 Missouri St is included within this area.

#### Standing Structures:

There are only two (2) standing structures within the project area: the existing crossing, located at Palmisano Blvd. and the 20 Arpent Canal, and a single residential house at 1201 Missouri St. Both properties are less than 50 years old. Historic aerials indicate that 1201 Missouri was constructed shortly after 1970, and that the canal crossing was constructed sometime between 1973 and 1980. Therefore, both properties are ineligible for listing on the NRHP. The 20 Arpent Canal itself is the only property within the APE more than 50 years of age.

#### Archaeology:

FEMA consulted the USDA interactive SoilWeb to determine the soil types for the project area. The findings are summarized in Table 3 (Primary soil type is in bold). In general, the soils within the APE start out as a natural levee and more towards wetter soils typically found in backswamps as they approach the 20 Arpent Canal

**Table 3: Summary of Soil Types** 

Location	Soil Type	Drainage
St. Bernard Hwy	Cancienne/Gramercy/Thibaut	Natural Levees and
		Toeslope
Palmisano Blvd to Karen	Cancienne/Carville/Thibaut/Gramercy	Natural Levees
Dr		
Palmisano Blvd to	Schriever/Gramercy	Backswamps

Missouri St		
Missouri St	Harahan	Backswamps

FEMA consulted the SHPO's Cultural Resources map and determined that there is one archaeological site within one (1) mile of the project area. Site 16SB88, the De La Ronde Plantation, is located half a mile from the Plaza Drive Pump Station APE on West St. Bernard Hwy.. The site includes the ruin remains of a plantation house built in 1805; the site has not been evaluated for NRHP eligibility.

FEMA HP staff reviewed the early Orleans and St. Bernard parish map archives to obtain information about the project area. While the area appears on several early maps of the city, none show the project location in any detail. The 1723 Newberry Library Map, the LaTourrette map of 1848 and the Bayley Map of 1853, all show plantations within the vicinity of the project area, but do not indicate individual the presence of any associated structures. The first detailed map of the APE is the 1883 Mississippi River Commission Map. This map indicated that most of the APE is cultivated farms lands. While there are some structures indicated near the river, none appear to be located with the APE, the area to the west of the project APE is labelled as Battle Ground. While later MRC maps show some development in the vicinity, the APE is still labelled as cultivated fields until 1961. After this point historic aerials show development throughout the APE.

All work for this undertaking would take place in previously disturbed areas, within existing ROWs, and created drainage ditches

#### <u>Alternative 1 – No Action</u>

This alternative does not include any FEMA undertaking; therefore, FEMA has no further responsibilities under Section 106 of the NHPA.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy.. and Palmasino Blvd; Based on research using the NRHP database, the Louisiana Cultural Resources Map on the Louisiana Division of Historic Preservation's website, and agency files, FEMA has determined that the project area is not located within a listed National Register Historic District nor is it located within the view-shed of a property individually listed in the NRHP. The structures located within the project area were found to be less than 50 years of age and do not exhibit the significance to qualify for listing under Criterion Consideration G. The 20 Arpent Canal is the only property over 50 years of age. The canal appears to have been associated with the draining of the area to make it suitable for development. By the 1960s, the construction of drainage canals was a standard part of the development of new neighborhoods. Readily available information has yielded little information regarding the design, construction or historical use of the 20 Arpent Canal and, therefore, it does not appear to represent or exemplify any area of potential historic significance. FEMA has determined that it is not eligible for the NRHP and submitted this determination to the SHPO on April 28, 2015.

FEMA completed a site visit to the project area on April 6, 2015 and determined all work for this undertaking will take place in previously disturbed areas, within existing ROWs, and created drainage ditches. While the undertaking will be enlarging and deepening these features, it is

unlikely that any intact archaeological deposits will be affected by the undertaking. Therefore, FEMA determined that the undertaking will "Not Effect" any Historic Properties.

FEMA anticipates that SHPO concurrence with this determination will be received by May 28, 2015. Consultation with affected tribes (Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Caddo Nation, Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, Jena Band of Choctaw Indians, Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, Muscogee Creek Nation, Quapaw Tribe of Oklahoma, Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, and Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana) was conducted per the LA HMGP PA and 36 CFR part 800.2(c)(2)(i)(B). FEMA does not anticipate any objections from the affected Tribes within the regulatory timeframes. Once the timeframes are complete, in accordance with Stipulation VIII.D of the PA and 36 CFR part 800.5(c)1, FEMA will proceed with funding the undertaking assuming concurrence. The applicant must comply with the NHPA conditions set forth in this EA (Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act and Inadvertent Discovery Clause).

Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act: If human bone or unmarked grave(s) are present within the project area, compliance with the Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act (R.S. 8:671 et seq.) is required. The applicant shall notify the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the remains are located within twenty-four hours of the discovery. The applicant shall also notify FEMA and the Louisiana Division of Archaeology at 225-342-8170 within seventy-two hours of the discovery.

<u>Inadvertent Discovery Clause</u>: If during the course of work, archaeological artifacts (prehistoric or historic) are discovered, the applicant shall stop work in the vicinity of the discovery and take all reasonable measures to avoid or minimize harm to the finds. The applicant shall inform their Public Assistance (PA) contacts at FEMA, who will in turn contact FEMA Historic Preservation (HP) staff. The applicant will not proceed with work until FEMA HP completes consultation with the SHPO, and others as appropriate.

#### 4.6 SOCIOECONOMIC RESOURCES

#### **4.6.1 Environmental Justice**

Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, was signed on February 11, 1994. The EO directs federal agencies to make achieving environmental justice part of their missions by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high adverse human health, environmental, economic, and social effects of its programs, policies and activities on minority or low-income populations.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau State and Parish Quick Facts data for 2007-2011, the percentage of families in St. Bernard Parish below the poverty level is 14.6% and the State of

Louisiana 18.4%. The median household income for St. Bernard Parish is \$40,450 and for Louisiana is \$44,086. The per capita income for St. Bernard Parish was \$20,003 for Louisiana was \$23,853. The 2011 demographic census data for St. Bernard Parish are as follows: Caucasian: 75%, African American: 19%, and Hispanic: 9%. The comparable demographic census data for the State of Louisiana are: Caucasian: 64%, African American: 32%, Hispanic: 4% (USCB, 2013).

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no impacts to socioeconomic resources would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: The proposed action would protect against future damage, loss of life and property from flooding during and after Hurricane and other storm events in St. Bernard Parish. All populations would benefit from the proposed project.

#### **4.6.2** Noise

Noise is generally defined as unwanted sound. Sound is most commonly measured in decibels (dB) on the A-weighted scale, which is the scale most similar to the range of sounds that the human ear can hear. The Day-Night Average Sound Level (DNL) is an average measure of sound. The DNL descriptor is accepted by federal agencies as a standard for estimating sound impacts and establishing guidelines for compatible land uses. USEPA guidelines, and those of many other federal agencies, state that outdoor sound levels in excess of 55 dB DNL are "normally unacceptable" for noise-sensitive land uses such as residences, schools, or hospitals.

The project site is in the immediate vicinity of heavy industrial, commercial, and municipal facilities. Sensitive noise receptors such as residential homes are located adjacent to the project area, along E. St. Bernard Hwy.., Paris Road, E. Judge Perez Drive, Missouri Street, St. Avide Street, and Palmisano Blvd.

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking and, therefore, no impacts from noise would occur.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: Under this action alternative, construction activities would result in short-term increases in noise during the reconstruction/reconfiguration period. Equipment and machinery utilized on the project site would meet all local, state, and federal noise regulations. Additionally, the contractor must coordinate with the Applicant so as to minimize the potential disruption of any school activities to the extent possible. Following the completion of construction activities, operations at the proposed expanded facility would not result in any significant permanent increases in noise levels.

Noise levels would comply with Parish Ordinance. St. Bernard Parish Code of Ordinance Sec. 11-133. - Construction, power equipment. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no

person shall engage in, cause or permit any person to be engaged in construction activities in any residential or commercial district between the hours of 9:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day. Construction projects shall be subject to the maximum permissible noise level specified for industrial districts for the periods within which construction is to be completed pursuant to any applicable building permit. (b) Construction activities directly connected with the abatement of an emergency are excluded from the provisions of this section. (c) No person shall operate on any property within a residential or commercial district or on any public way within a residential or commercial district, any power equipment, such as, but not limited to, chain saws, pavement breakers, log chippers, riding tractors, powered hand tools, between the hours of 10:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the next day or within residential, commercial or industrial noise districts between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. which emits a noise level in excess of the levels set in Section 11-132 (Municode.com, 2013).

#### 4.6.3 Traffic and Transportation

The LADOTD is responsible for maintaining public transportation state highways, interstate highways under state jurisdiction, and bridges located within the State of Louisiana. These duties include the planning, design, and building of new highways in addition to the maintenance and upgrading of current highways. Roads not part of any highway system usually fall under the jurisdiction of and are maintained by applicable, local government entities. However, the LADOTD is responsible for assuring all local agency Federal-aid projects comply with all applicable federal and state requirements.

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking. Impacts to traffic would continue to occur as the road would continue to flood.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: Traffic volumes along the respective work area would increase temporarily during work activities. Construction-related activities, heavy equipment and materials that may be needed for site access and site preparation would not pose a significant impact to the transportation network or cause a significant increase in traffic for the area. Construction of the proposed project may require numerous truck trips to haul materials to the project site. However, this would be temporary because it would only occur during site construction. Upon completion of the proposed action, there would be minimal long-term effect on the current traffic patterns.

During construction the contractor would take all reasonable precautions to control site access. All activities would be conducted in a safe manner in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) work zone traffic safety requirements. The contractor would post appropriate signage and fencing to minimize foreseeable potential public safety concerns. Appropriate signage and barriers would be in place prior to construction activities in order to alert pedestrians and motorists of project activities and traffic pattern changes (detours/lanes dedicated for construction equipment egress).

Appropriate signage and barriers should be in place prior to construction activities in order to alert pedestrians and motorists of project activities and traffic pattern changes.

The contractor would implement traffic control measures, as necessary.

#### **4.6.4 Public Safety – Hazardous Materials**

Executive Order 13045 (Protection of Children) requires Federal agencies to make it a high priority to identify and assess environmental health and safety risks that may disproportionately affect children. Safety and security issues considered in this EA include the health and safety of area residents, the public-at-large, and the protection of personnel involved in the activities related to the construction of the proposed project.

The management of hazardous materials is regulated under various federal and state environmental and transportation laws and regulations, including the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA); the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA); the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 (TSCA); the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act; and the Louisiana Voluntary Investigation and Remedial The purpose of the regulatory requirements set forth under these laws is to ensure the protection of human health and the environment through proper management (identification, use, storage, treatment, transport, and disposal) of these materials. Some of these laws provide for the investigation and cleanup of sites already contaminated by releases of hazardous materials, wastes, or substances.

The TSCA (codified at 15 U.S.C., Ch. 53), authorizes the USEPA to protect the public from "unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment" by regulating the introduction, manufacture, importation, sale, use and disposal of specific new or already existing chemicals. "New Chemicals" are defined as "any chemical substance which is not included in the chemical substance list compiled and published under [TSCA] Section 8(b)." Existing chemicals include any chemical currently listed under Section 8(b), including polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), asbestos, radon, lead-based paint, chlorofluorocarbons, dioxin and hexavalent chromium.

TSCA Subchapter I, "Control of Toxic Substances" (Sections 2601-2629), regulates the disposal of PCB products, sets limits for PCB contamination of the environment, and authorizes the remediation of sites contaminated with PCB. Subchapter II, "Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response" (Sections 2641-2656), authorizes the USEPA to impose requirements for asbestos abatement in schools, and requires accreditation of those who inspect asbestos-containing materials. Subchapter IV, "Lead Exposure Reduction" (Sections 2681-2692), requires the USEPA to identify sources of lead contamination in the environment, to regulate the amounts of lead allowed in products, and to establish state programs that monitor and reduce lead exposure.

The USEPA (EPA – EnviroFacts, 2013) and LDEQ hazardous materials database searches were queried for the proposed project work areas. No sites of concern were identified by the database search within the project work areas. No environmental conditions of concern observed during field reconnaissance within the proposed project work areas. The LDNR SONRIS database was

queried for the project work areas. According to the LDNR, there are no recorded oil/gas wells located in the proposed project areas (SONRIS, 2013).

<u>Alternative 1 – No Action:</u> The No Action Alternative would involve no undertaking; therefore, no additional impacts to public safety and hazardous materials would be expected.

Alternative 2 Proposed Action – Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station; Improve channel capacity on East St. Bernard Hwy. and Palmasino Blvd.; and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal: No impacts to public safety and security are anticipated. The contractor would place fencing around the work area perimeters to protect nearby residents from vehicular traffic. To minimize worker and public health and safety risks from project construction and closure, all construction and closure work would be done using qualified personnel trained in the proper use of construction equipment, including all appropriate safety precautions. Additionally, all activities would be conducted in a safe manner in accordance with the standards specified in the OSHA regulations. The contractor would post appropriate signage and fencing to minimize potential adverse public safety concerns.

Under the Proposed Action Alternative, the improvements the proposed project site would not increase potential hazards to human health. The site is not adjacent to hazardous or solid waste facilities.

If any solid or hazardous wastes, or soils and/or groundwater contaminated with hazardous constituents are encountered during the project, notification to LDEQ's Single-Point-of-Contact (SPOC) at (225) 219-3640 is required. Additionally, precautions should be taken to protect workers from these hazardous constituents.

Unusable equipment, debris and material shall be disposed of in an approved manner and location. In the event significant items (or evidence thereof) are discovered during implementation of the project applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of petroleum products, hazardous materials and/or toxic waste in accordance to the requirements and to the satisfaction of the governing local, state and federal agencies. Applicant is responsible for acquiring LDEQ permits for the temporary debris staging and reduction sites (TDSRS) associated with this project prior to project closeout. Failure to provide FEMA with LDEQ approval may jeopardize project funding eligibility

#### **5.0 CUMULATIVE IMPACTS**

The CEQ's regulations state that cumulative impacts represent the "impact on the environment which results from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions, regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions." Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time (40 CFR § 1508.7).

In its comprehensive guidance on cumulative impacts analysis under NEPA, the CEQ notes that: "[t]he range of actions that must be considered includes not only the project proposal, but all connected and similar actions that could contribute to cumulative effects" (CEQ, 1997). The term "similar actions" may be defined as "reasonably foreseeable or proposed agency actions [with] similarities that provide a basis for evaluating the environmental consequences together, such as common timing or geography" (40 CFR § 1508.25[a][3]; see also 40 CFR § 1508.25[a][2] and [c]).

Not all potential issues identified during cumulative effects scoping need be included in an EA. Because some effects may be irrelevant or inconsequential to decisions about the proposed action and alternatives, the focus of the cumulative effects analysis should be narrowed to important issues of national, regional, or local significance. To assist agencies in this narrowing process, CEQ lists seven (7) basic questions, including: (1) is the proposed action one of several similar past, present, or future actions in the same geographic area; (2) do other activities (governmental or private) in the region have environmental effects similar to those of the proposed action; (3) have any recent or ongoing NEPA analyses of similar actions or nearby actions identified important adverse or beneficial cumulative effect issues; and, (4) has the impact been historically significant, such that the importance of the resource is defined by past loss, past gain, or investments to restore resources (CEQ, 1997).

It is normally insufficient when analyzing the contribution of a proposed action to cumulative effects to merely analyze effects within the immediate area of the proposed action (CEQ, 1997, pg. 12). Geographic boundaries should be expanded for cumulative effects analysis, and conducted on the scale of human communities, landscapes, watersheds, or airsheds. Temporal frames should be extended to encompass additional effects on the resources, ecosystems, and human communities of concern. A useful concept in determining appropriate geographic boundaries for a cumulative effects analysis is the project impact zone; that is, the area (and resources within that area) that could be affected by the proposed action. The area appropriate for analysis of cumulative effects will, in most instances, be a larger geographic area occupied by resources outside of the project impact zone.

The proposed project sites are located in Chalmette, LA within St. Bernard Parish, starting at the Plaza Pumping Station to East St. Bernard Hwy.., moving north to Palmasino Canal, and concluding at the 20 Arpent Canal. FEMA has determined that the area within the 100 acre watershed of the site constitutes an appropriate project impact zone, and the larger geographic area consisting of the 70043 zip code constitutes an appropriate boundary for a cumulative impact analysis of the proposed action and alternatives.

In accordance with NEPA, and to the extent reasonable and practicable, this EA considered the combined effects of the Proposed Action Alternative, as well as other actions undertaken by FEMA and other public and private entities that also affect environmental resources the proposed action would affect, and that occur within the considered geographic area and temporal frame(s).

Specifically, a range of past, present, and reasonably foreseeable actions undertaken by FEMA within the designated geographic boundary area were reviewed: (1) for similarities such as scope of work, common timing, and geography; (2) to determine environmental effects similar to those

of the proposed action, if any; and (3) to identify the potential for cumulative impacts. As part of the cumulative effects analysis, FEMA also reviewed known past, present, and reasonably foreseeable projects of Federal resource agencies and other parties within the designated geographic boundary. These reviews were performed in order to assess past proposed actions, as well as the effects of completed and ongoing actions in order to determine whether the incremental impacts of the current proposed action, when combined with the effects of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects, are cumulatively considerable or significant.

From August 2005 continuing to May 2015, within the 70043 geographic area, numerous Public Assistance and HMGP program funded, and numerous non-FEMA funded, debris removal, protective measures, mitigation, and repair projects have occurred, are occurring, or are reasonably foreseen to occur (developed with enough specificity to provide useful information to a decision maker and the interested public) to buildings, roads and bridges, recreational and educational facilities, public utilities, waterways, and more. All FEMA funded actions are subject to various levels of environmental review as a requirement for the receipt of Federal funding. An applicant's failure to comply with any required environmental permitting or other condition is a serious violation which can result in the loss of Federal assistance, including funding.

FEMA has determined that the incremental effects of the other infrastructure recovery and improvement actions are likely to be similar to the impacts and effects this EA previously described for the present proposed action, in that the effects to socioeconomic resources are expected to be beneficial, and effects to other resources expected to be either non-existent or minimal and temporary. FEMA has further determined that the incremental impact of the present proposed project, when combined with the effects of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects, is neither cumulatively considerable nor significant.

These infrastructure actions, some of which have already occurred, and many of which will occur concurrent with and/or subsequent to the proposed action, are necessary as a result of the unprecedented devastation caused by the 2005 hurricanes, both Katrina and Rita, in order to restore pre-disaster conditions. In reviewing impacts, socioeconomic resources were identified as having the most potential to experience cumulative effects. Although devastating, the 2005 storms created an opportunity for the applicant to serve residents in the Greater New Orleans area and surrounding neighborhoods by enhancing housing facilities, thus attracting more residents to return home. Considered in relation to past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions, the cumulative impact of the proposed action to the built and natural environment would be minimal, would be beneficial rather than detrimental, and is not expected to contribute to any adverse effects or to otherwise significantly affect the human environment.

#### 6.0 CONDITIONS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

Based upon the studies and consultations undertaken in this environmental assessment, several conditions and mitigation measures must be taken by the applicant prior to and during project implementation.

- The Applicant is required to obtain and comply with all local, state and federal permits, approvals and requirements prior to initiating work on this project. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.
- Implement of BMPs that include; install silt fences/straw bales to reduce sedimentation. Area soils would be covered and/or wetted during construction. If fill were stored on site as part of unit installation or removal, the contractor would be required to appropriately cover it.
- Construction contractor would be required to obtain LPDES permit, if applicable, and implement stormwater pollution prevention plan. The LDEQ may require stormwater general permits for construction areas equal to or greater than one (1) acre. It is recommended that the LDEQ Water Permit Division be contacted to determine whether the proposed improvements require one of these permits.
- All precaution will be observed to control nonpoint source pollution from construction activities. The contractor should observe all precautions to protect the groundwater of the region.
- The LDNR Office of Conservation should be contacted if any unregistered drinking water wells are encountered during construction work.
- All work associated with project that is conducted on potable water systems must comply
  with applicable sections of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and state regulations
  under Louisiana Title 51 Part XII (otherwise known as the Louisiana Public Health
  Sanitary code and related State Plumbing code).
- Applicant must contact the LDEQ to determine if a LPDES permit is required. If required, the contractor must follow all requirements of the LPDES permit including all applicable BMPs.
- New construction must be compliant with current codes and standards. St. Bernard Parish is required to coordinate with the local floodplain administrator regarding floodplain permit(s) prior to the start of any activities. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.
- The contractor must coordinate with the Applicant to minimize the potential disruption of any school activities to the extent possible.
- Appropriate signage and barriers should be in place prior to construction activities in order to alert pedestrians and motorists of project activities and traffic pattern changes.
- The contractor would implement traffic control measures, as necessary.

- This project may require a CUP from the LDNR. Determination of CUP requirements must be obtained through the submission of a completed CUP application to the LDNR. Proposed projects may be coordinated by contacting LDNR at (225) 342-7591 or 1-800-267-4019. Refer to CUP Number P20120106. The application packet may be obtained by calling (225) 342-7591 or (800) 267-4019, or by visiting the LDNR website at http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93&pnid=189&nid=191 The Applicant must comply with all conditions of the required permits. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.
- Changes, additions, and/or supplements to the approved scope of work which alter the
  existing use and function of the structure, including additional work not funded by FEMA
  but performed substantially at the same time, will require resubmission of the application
  prior to construction to FEMA for re-evaluation under the National Environmental Policy
  Act.
- St. Bernard Parish Code of Ordinance Sec. 11-133. Construction, power equipment. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person shall engage in, cause or permit any person to be engaged in construction activities in any residential or commercial district between the hours of 9:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day. Construction projects shall be subject to the maximum permissible noise level specified for industrial districts for the periods within which construction is to be completed pursuant to any applicable building permit. (b) Construction activities directly connected with the abatement of an emergency are excluded from the provisions of this section. (c) No person shall operate on any property within a residential or commercial district or on any public way within a residential or commercial district, any power equipment, such as, but not limited to, chain saws, pavement breakers, log chippers, riding tractors, powered hand tools, between the hours of 10:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the next day or within residential, commercial or industrial noise districts between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. which emits a noise level in excess of the levels set in Section 11-132.
- The contractor would be responsible for keeping all excavated areas periodically sprayed with water, all equipment maintained in good working order, and all construction vehicles would be limited to 15 mph to minimize pollution/fugitive dust.
- Any changes or modifications to the proposed project would require a wetland revised determination. Off-site locations of activities such as borrow; disposals, haul-and detourroads and work mobilization site developments may be subject to the Department of the Army regulatory requirements and may have an impact to a Department of Army project.
- If any solid or hazardous wastes, or soils and/or groundwater contaminated with hazardous constituents are encountered during the project, notification to LDEQ's Single-Point-of-Contact (SPOC) at (225) 219-3640 is required. Additionally, precautions should be taken to protect workers from these hazardous constituents.

- Unusable equipment, debris and material shall be disposed of in an approved manner and location. In the event significant items (or evidence thereof) are discovered during implementation of the project applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of petroleum products, hazardous materials and/or toxic waste in accordance to the requirements and to the satisfaction of the governing local, state and federal agencies. Applicant is responsible for acquiring LDEQ permits for the temporary debris staging and reduction sites (TDSRS) associated with this project prior to project closeout. Failure to provide FEMA with LDEQ approval may jeopardize project funding eligibility
- Construction traffic should be closely monitored and controlled as appropriate. All
  construction activities would be conducted in a safe manner in accordance with OSHA
  requirements. To alert motorists and pedestrians of project activities, appropriate signage
  and barriers should be used during construction. During construction activities, the
  construction site(s) would be fenced off to discourage trespassers. Traffic on affected
  streets would be controlled, as necessary, during construction and excavation activities.
- If during the course of work, archaeological artifacts (prehistoric or historic) are discovered, the applicant shall stop work in the vicinity of the discovery and take all reasonable measures to avoid or minimize harm to the finds. The applicant shall inform their Public Assistance (PA) contacts at FEMA, who will in turn contact FEMA Historic Preservation (HP) staff. The applicant will not proceed with work until FEMA HP completes consultation with the SHPO, and others as appropriate.
- If human bone or unmarked grave(s) are present within the project area, compliance with the Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act (R.S. 8:671 et seq.) is required. The applicant shall notify the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the remains are located within twenty-four hours of the discovery. The applicant shall also notify FEMA and the Louisiana Division of Archaeology at 225-342-8170 within seventy-two hours of the discovery.

#### 7.0 PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

The Applicant published an Early Public notice on August 22, 2014 and a Floodplain and Wetlands Explanation Notice was on October 3, 2014.

The draft EA and draft FONSI are available for review at the St. Bernard Library located at 2600 Palmisano Blvd, Chalmette, LA 70043 Monday – Thursday 9 am – 7pm, Friday - Saturday 9 a.m – 5p.m., closed Sundays and Holidays. This public notice will run in the local newspaper in the The Advocate New Orleans Edition on Monday June 8th, 2015, Tuesday June 9<sup>th</sup>, 2015, and Wednesday June 10<sup>th</sup>, 2015. It will also run in the The St. Bernard Voice, Friday June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2015. The documents can also be downloaded from FEMA's website at <a href="http://www.fema.gov/resource-document-library">http://www.fema.gov/resource-document-library</a>. There will be a ten (10) day comment period, beginning on June 8th, 2015 and concluding on June 19th, 2015 at 4 p.m. Comments may be mailed to: DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY-FEMA EHP, Palmisano 1500 MAIN STREET, BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70802. Comments may be emailed to: <a href="mailto:FEMA-NOMA@dhs.gov">FEMA-NOMA@dhs.gov</a> or faxed to 225-346-5848. Verbal comments will be accepted or recorded at 504-427-8000. If no substantive comments are received, the draft EA and associated FONSI will become final.

#### 8.0 AGENCY COORDINATION

As part of the development of the EA, Federal and State resource protection agencies were contacted. Responses received to date are included in Appendix C.

- Lake Borgne Basin Levee District
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality, Community and Industry Relations, Business and Community Outreach Division
- Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality, Environmental Services, Water Permits Division
- Louisiana Department of Natural Resources, Office of Coastal Management
- Louisiana Department Of Transportation and Development, District Design, Water Resources and Development Section
- Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, Office of Wildlife, Natural Heritage Program
- Louisiana State Historic Preservation Office
- Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma
- Natural Resources Conservation Service, New Orleans Field Office
- United States Army Corps Of Engineers, New Orleans District
- United States Environmental Protection Agency, Sole Source Aquifer Program, Ground Water/UIC Section
- United States Fish and Wildlife, Louisiana Field Office

#### 9.0 LIST OF PREPARERS

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Danny H. Magee, Sr., Senior Grant Manager, Frye/Magee, LLC

John Rahaim, Chief Administrative Officer and Homeland Security Director, St. Bernard Parish Government

Hillary Nunez, Public Works Director, St. Bernard Parish Government.

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## APPENDIX A

**Site Photos and Figures** 

## **SITE PHOTOGRAPHS**

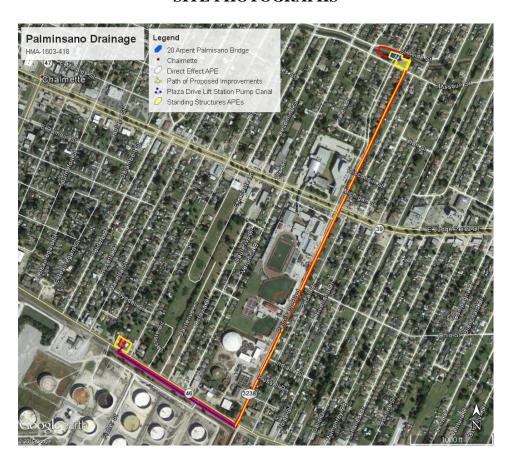


Figure 1: Project Overview of the proposed locations



Figure 2: Existing Plaza Drive Pump Station to be replaced



Figure 3: Proposed locations of new Plaza Drive Pump Station



Figure 4: Earthern discharge ditch on East St. Bernard Hwy across from Plaza Drive pump station



Figure 5: Plaza Drive Pump Station – Discharge ditch from Plaza Drive pump station



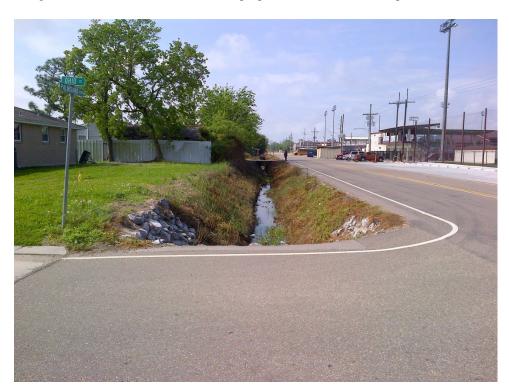
Figure 6: Plaza Drive Canal Culvert #1proposed to be replaced



Figure 7: Plaza Drive Canal Culvert #2 proposed to be replaced



Figure 8: Palmisano Canal Culvert # 1- proposed box culvert to be replaced downstream



 $Figure \ 9: \ 2^{nd} \ Proposed \ location \ of \ boxed \ culvert \ that \ would \ be \ installed \ on \ Palmisano \ Canal \ looking$ 

upstream



Figure 10: Location of proposed boxed culvert that would be replaced on Palmisano Canal looking downstream



Figure 11: Area where new culvert will be replaced with boxed culvert on Palmisano Canal going downstream



Figure 12: Existing culvert emptying into the 20 Arpent Canal



Figure 13: 1201 Missouri Street –Proposed House to be demolished



Figure 14: Location of proposed 20 Arpent arch bridge. These existing culverts would be removed



Figure 15: 20 Arpent Canal looking downsteam to chape canal

APPENDIX B

**Construction Plans** 



### PARISH PRESIDENT

DAVID E. PERALTA

### COUNCIL MEMBERS

GUY McINNIS GEORGE CAVIGNAC RAY LAUGA, JR. NATHAN J. GORBATY RICHARD J. LEWIS CASEY HUNNICUTT MANUEL MONTELONGO

## INDEX TO SHEETS

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION AND ANNUAL MAR
TL_01	TITLE SHEET AND LAYOUT MAP
QT_01	QUANTITY SUMMARY
GN_01-GN_02	GENERAL NOTES
DT 01-DT 14	DETAILS
RM_01-RM_06	REMOVAL PLANS
PP 01-PP 14	PLAN AND PROFILES
PS_01-PS_03	PUMP STATION PLANS
DD_01	PLAZA DRIVE DRAINAGE
LS 01-LS 05	LANDSCAPING PLANS
EC_01-EC_07	SWPPP
100-111	STRUCTURAL GEOMETRIC DETAILS
200-216	STRUCTURAL PLANS
XS_01-XS_25	CROSS SECTIONS

LADOTD STA	NDARD PLAN	IS REV	. DATE
101 - 102	BM-01	BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR DRAINAGE STRUCTURES	08-22-07
103	CB-01	CONCRETE OPEN TOP CATCH BASIN (12' MAX DEPTH)(24"x36" MAX PIPE)	11-02-00
104	CB-02	CONCRETE OPEN TOP CATCH BASIN (12' MAX DEPTH)(42"x72" MAX PIPE)	11-02-00
105-107	CP-01	PORTLAND CEMENT CONC. PAVEMENT DÉTAILS (SHEET 3 OF 4)	11-13-12
108	DW - 01	ÙRBAN DRIVEWAÝ DETAILS-COMB. CURB AND GUTTER	04-16-12
109-110	EC-01	TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DETAILS	10-01-08
111	PC-01	PRECAST CATCH BASINS AND MANHOLES	04-16-90
112-115	PED-01	PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES CURB RAMPS	05-05-08
116	PM-01	CENTERLINE AND EDGELINE MARKINGS	11-01-10
117	PM-02	PAVEMENT WORD AND SYMBOL MARKINGS	11-01-10
118	PM-05	TYPICAL INTERSECTION STRIPING LAYOUT	11-01-10

TOTAL SHEETS WITHOUT CROSS SECTIONS = XX

TOTAL SHEETS WITH CROSS SECTIONS = XX

## SITE BENCH MARK:

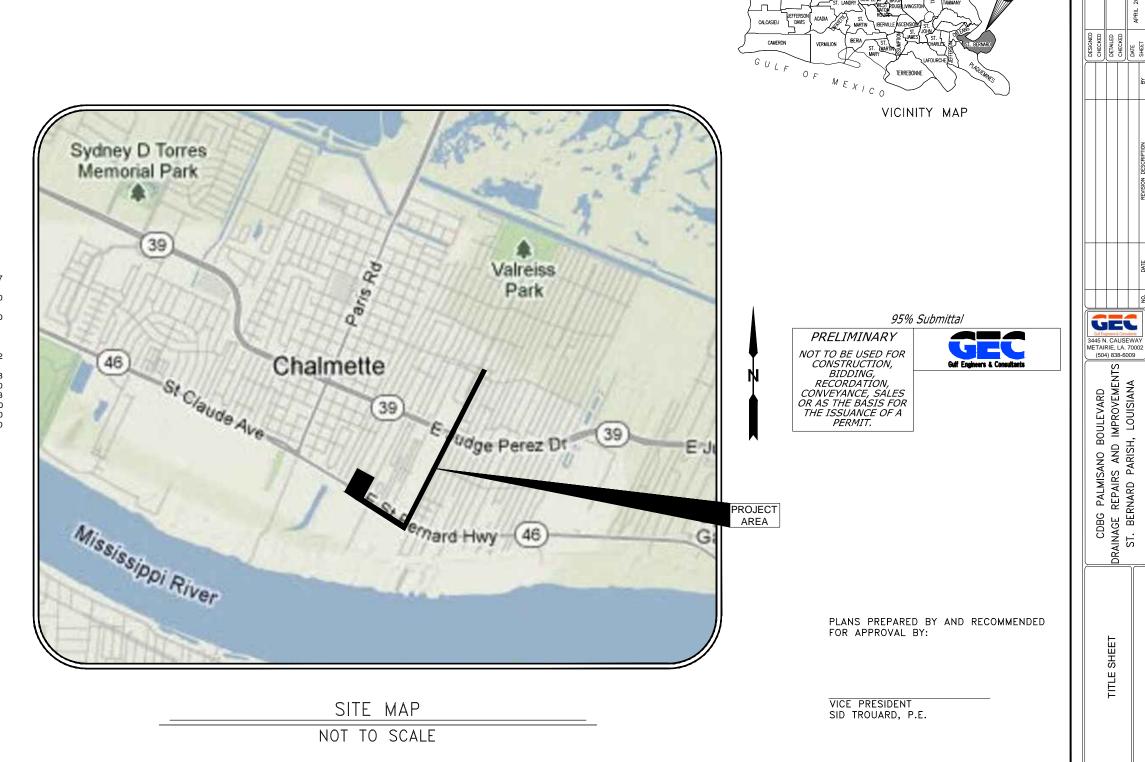
TO BE IN PLACE AT FINAL DRAWINGS

## TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

This project consists of furnishing all supervision, equipment, and materials necessary to construct drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd. (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal), to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system, and the construction of a bridge over the Twenty Arpent Canal at the intersection of Palmisano Blvd.

## ST. BERNARD PARISH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

PALMISANO BOULEVARD DRAINAGE REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS

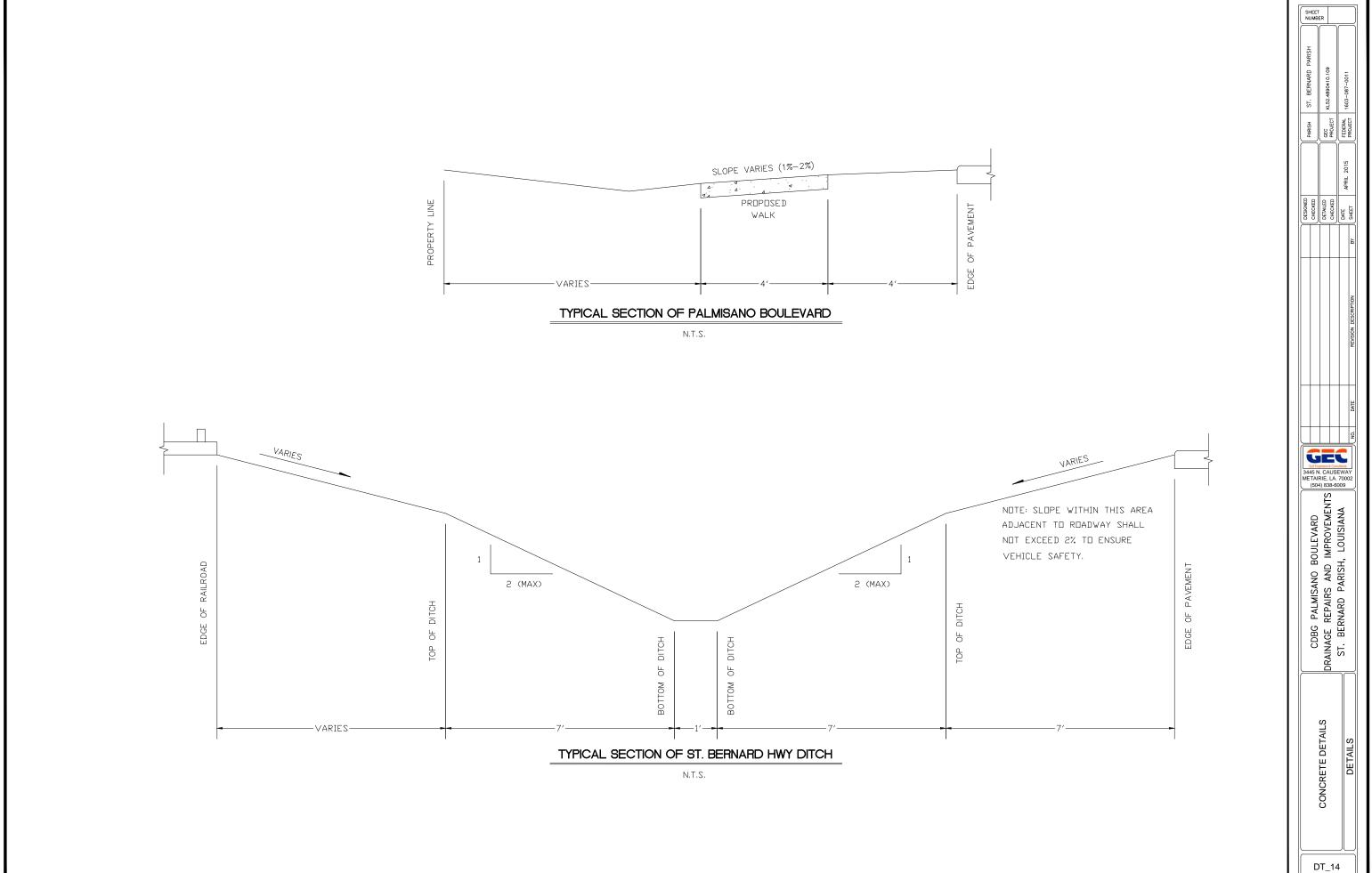


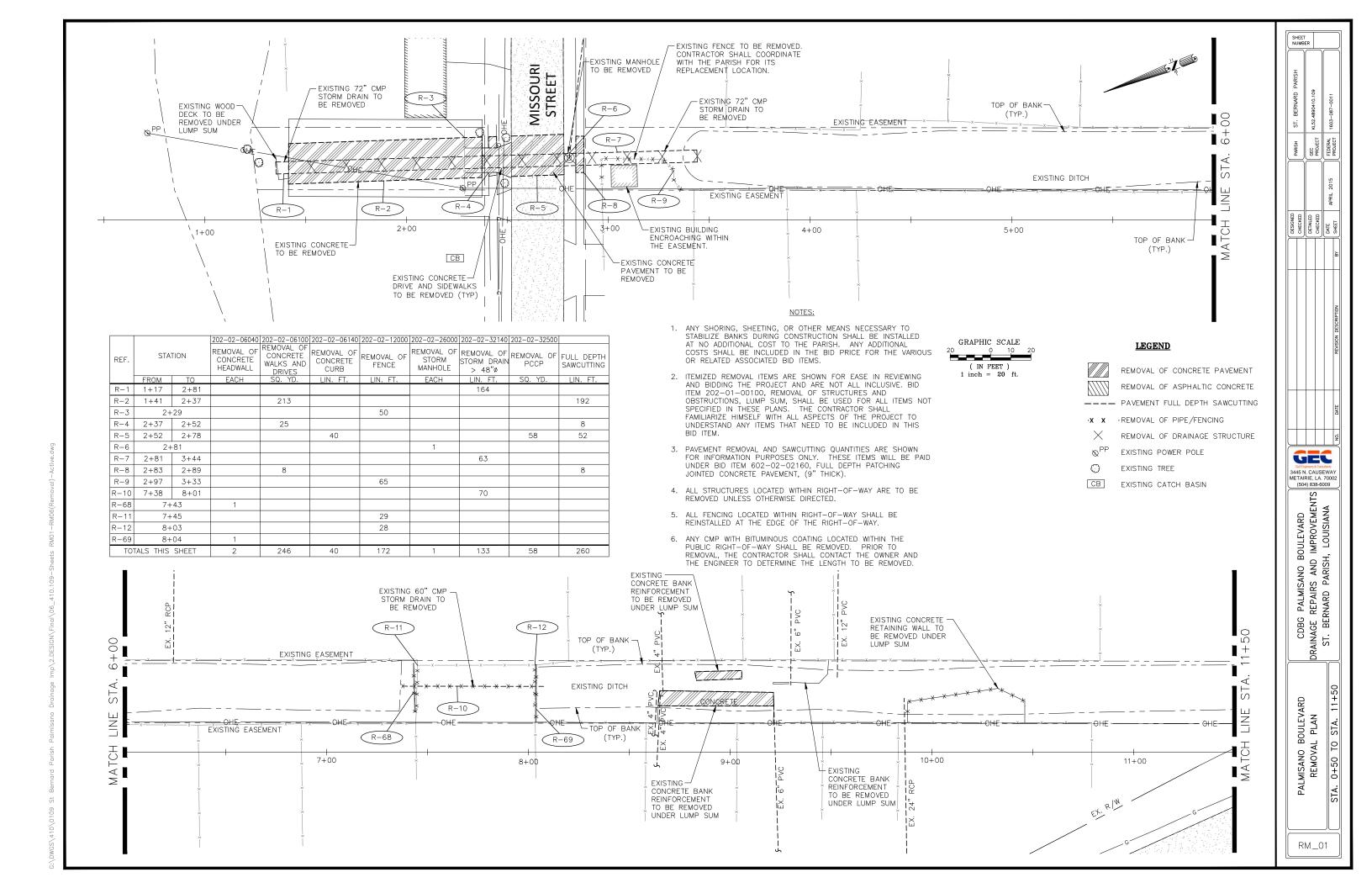
PROJECT SITE

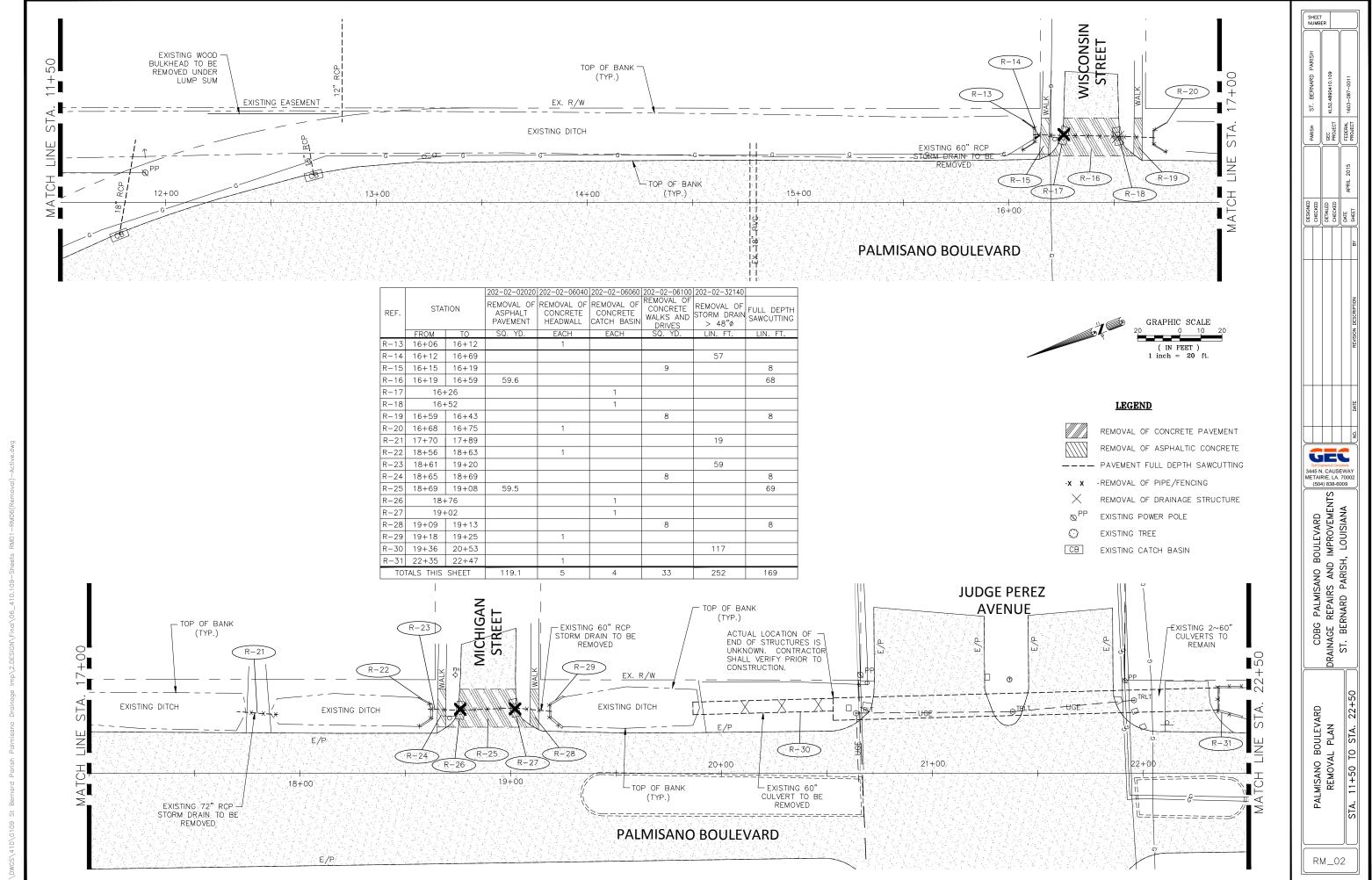
PARISH
GEC
PROJECT
FEDERAL
PROJECT

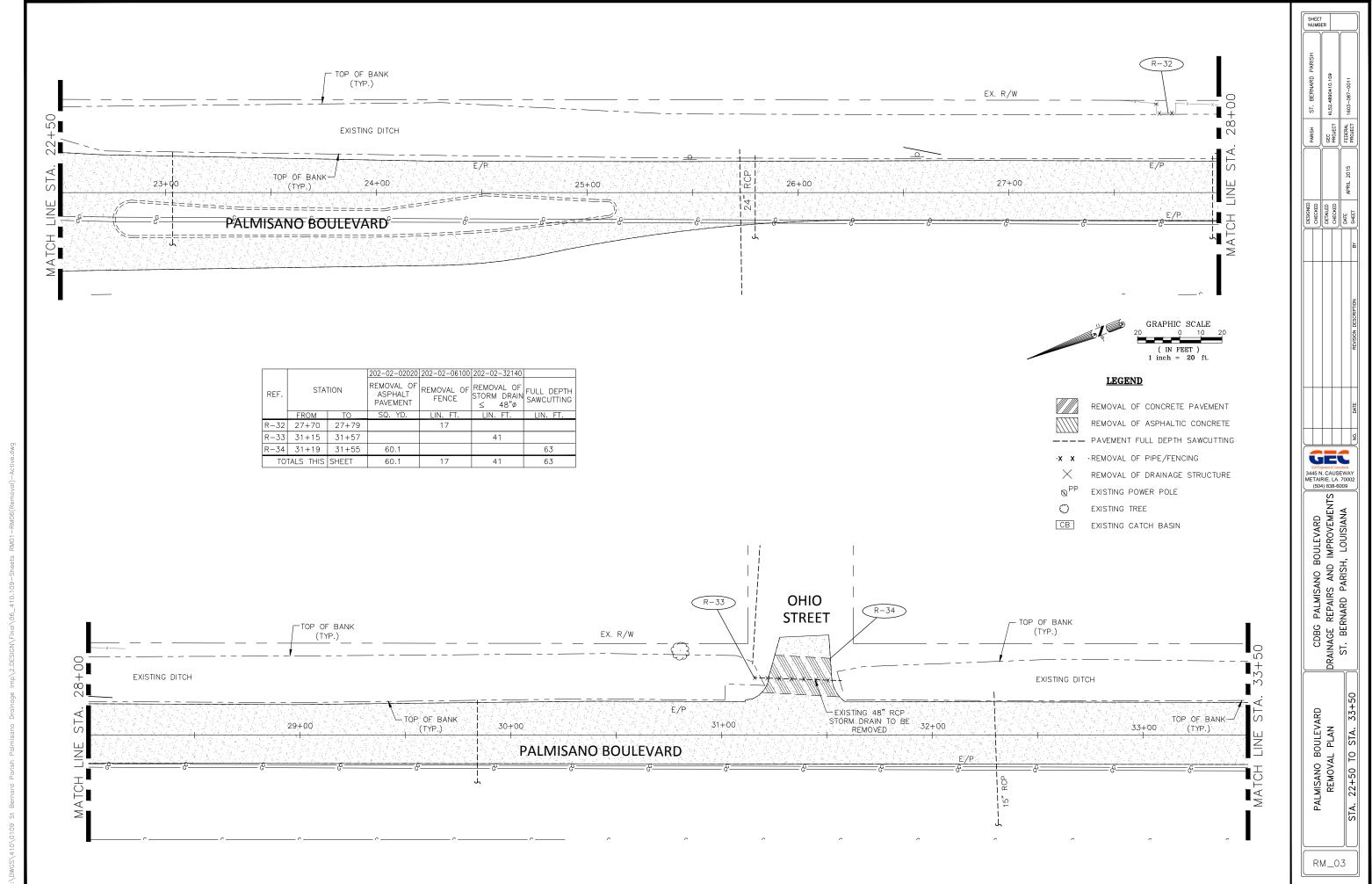
TITLE SHEET

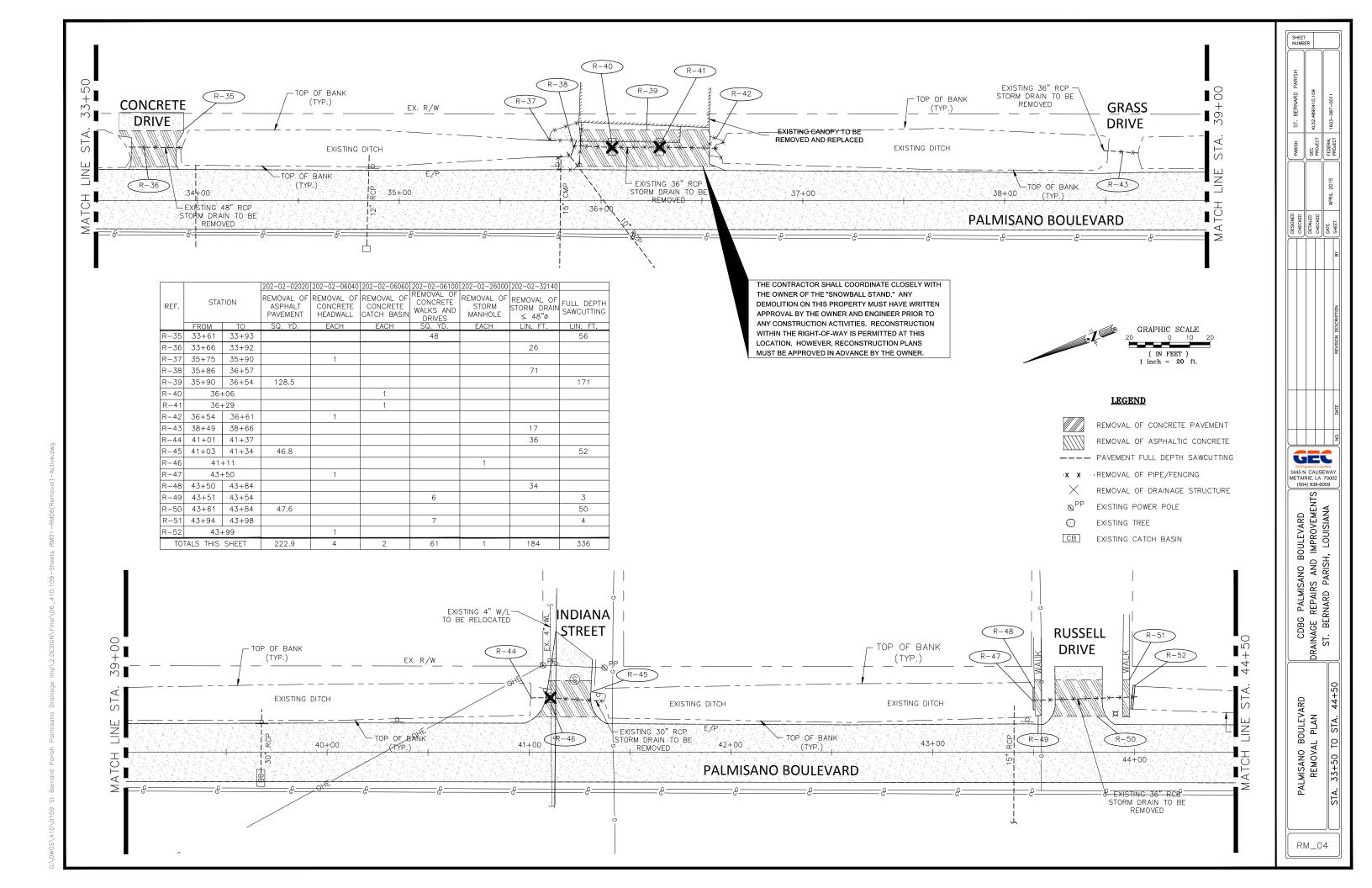
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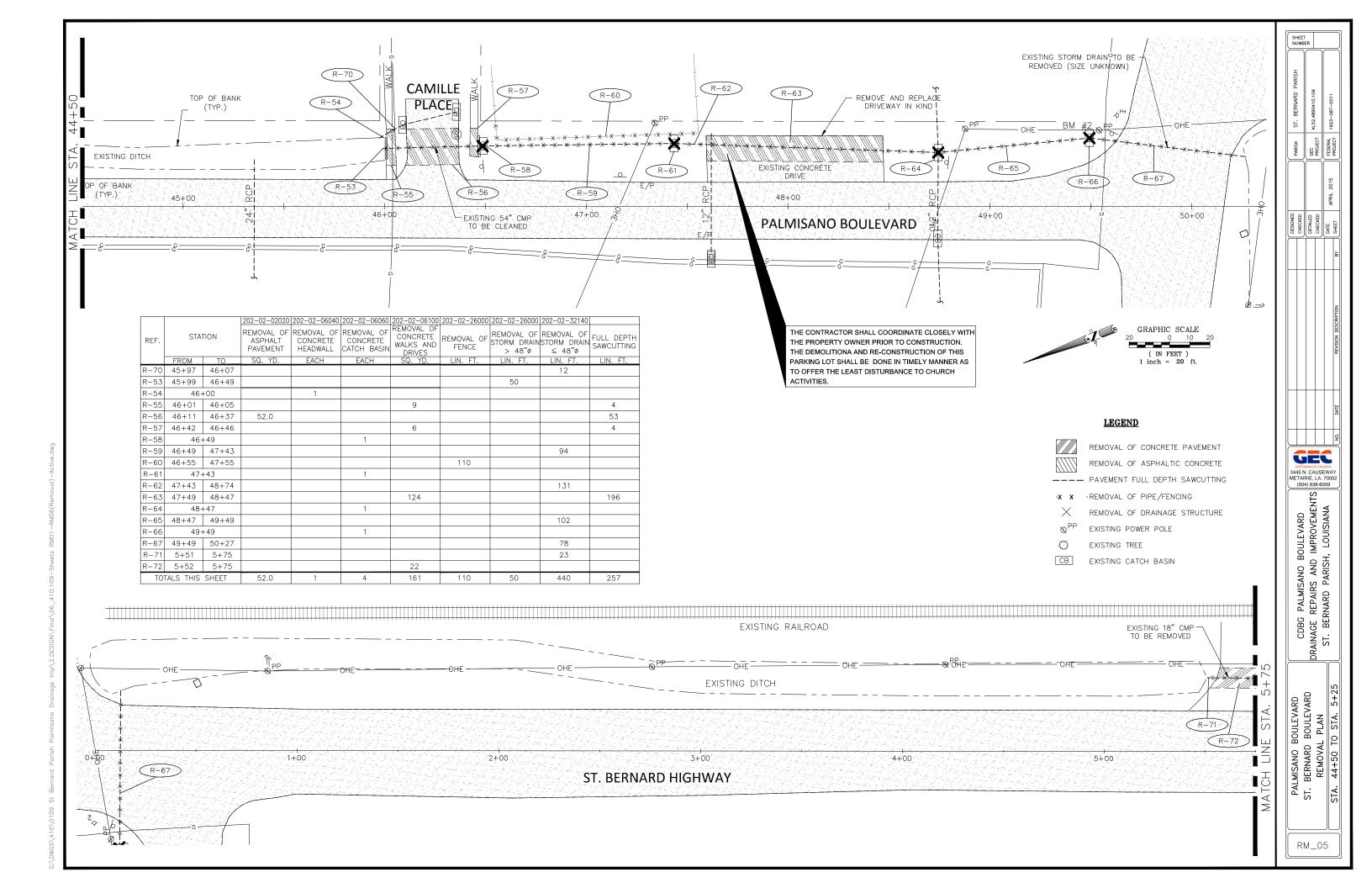


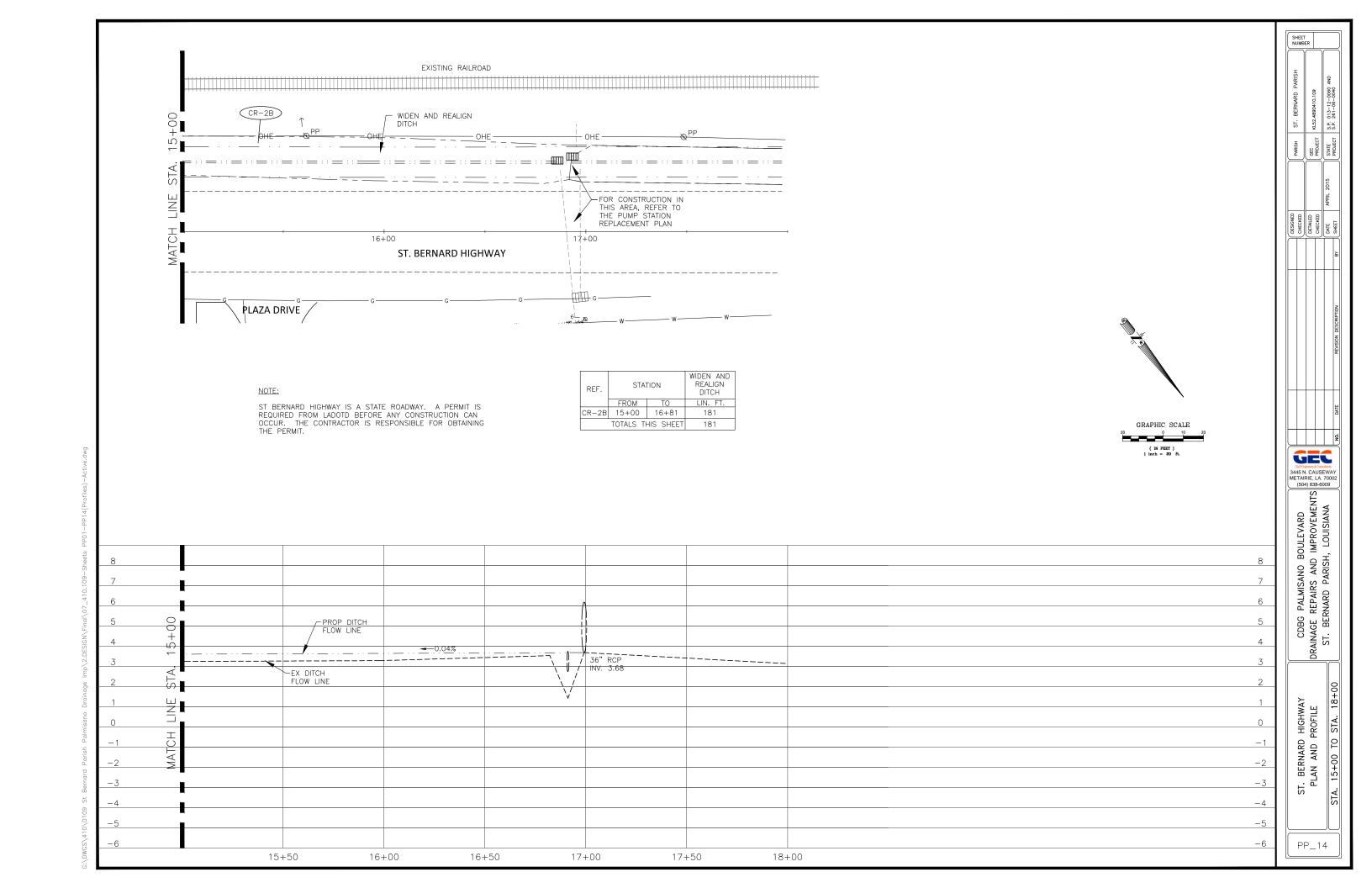


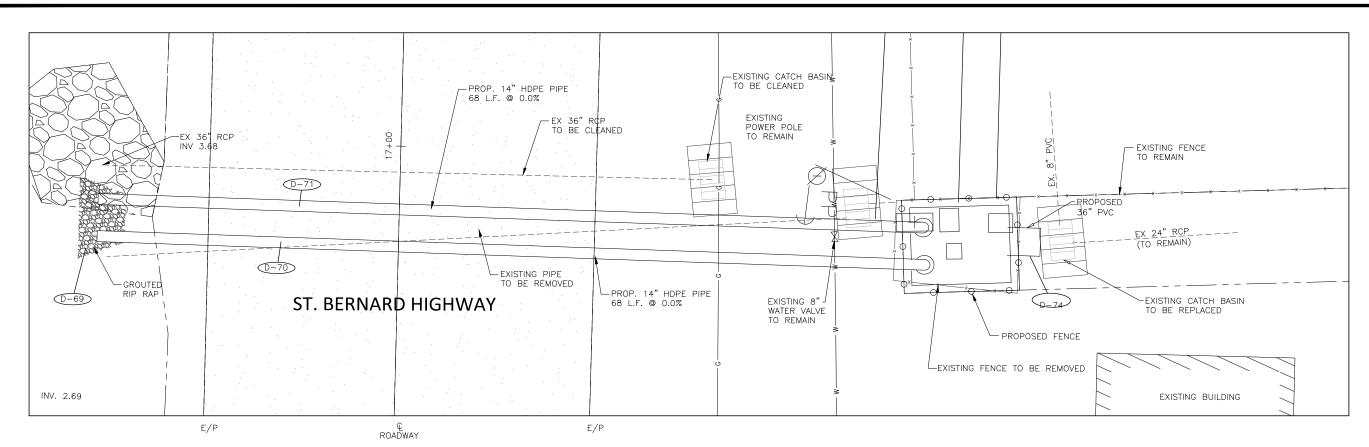






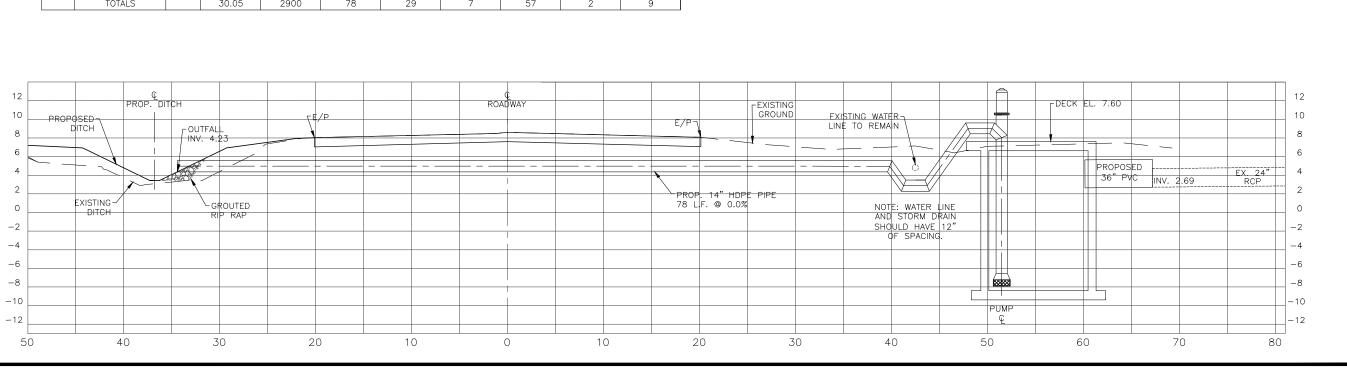






			????	????	????	????	????	????	????	????
REF.	STATION	SIDE	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE	REINFORCING STEEL	HDPE PIPE	CMP PIPE	36" PVC	FENCING	14" PUMP	GROUTED RIP RAP
			CU. YD.	LB.	LIN. FT.	LIN. FT.	LIN. FT.	LIN. FT.	EACH	SQ. YD
D-69	16+80	LT.								9
D-70	16+80	LT./RT.			156					
D-71	16+80	RT.				58				
D-72	16+80	RT.							2	
D-73	16+80	RT.	30.05	2900						
F-6	16+80	RT.						57		
D-74	16+80	RT.					7			
	TOTALS		30.05	2900	78	29	7	57	2	9

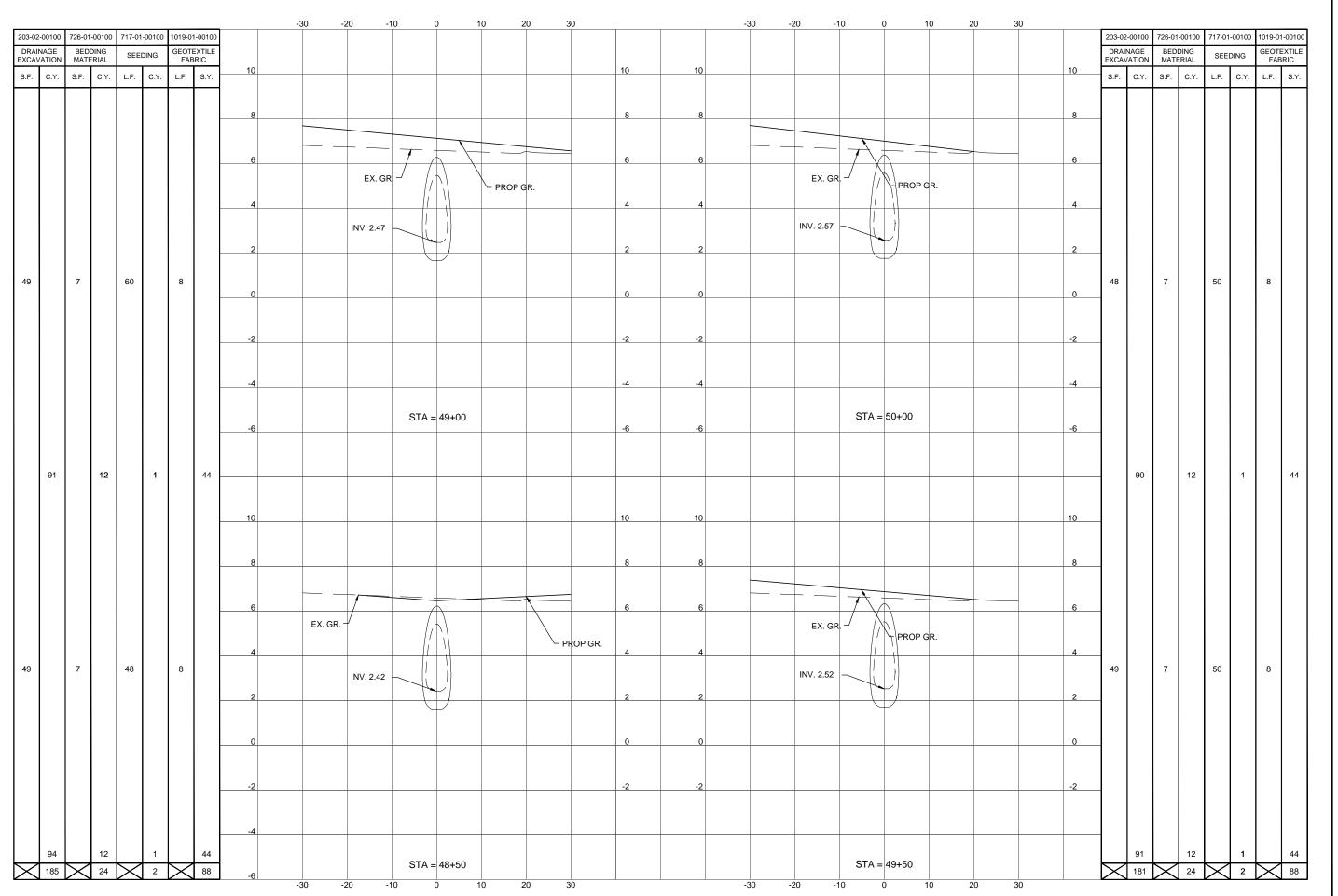




PARISH GEC PROJECT FEDERAL PROJECT GEC 3445 N. CAUSEWAY METAIRIE, LA. 70002 (504) 838-6009 CDBG PALMISANO BOULEVARD DRAINAGE REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS ST. BERNARD PARISH, LOUISIANA PALMISANO BOULEVARD DRAINAGE PUMP STATION

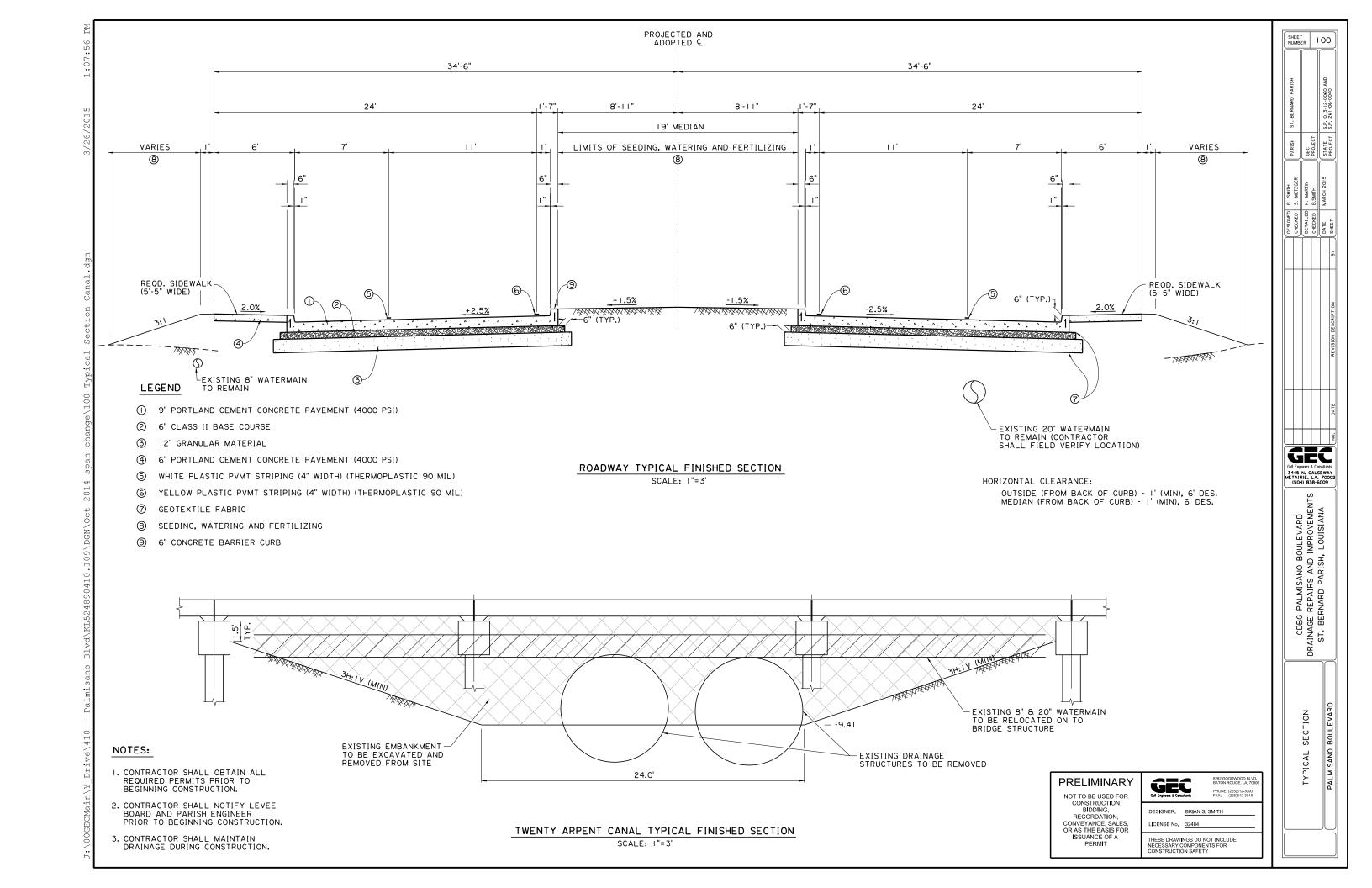
PS\_01

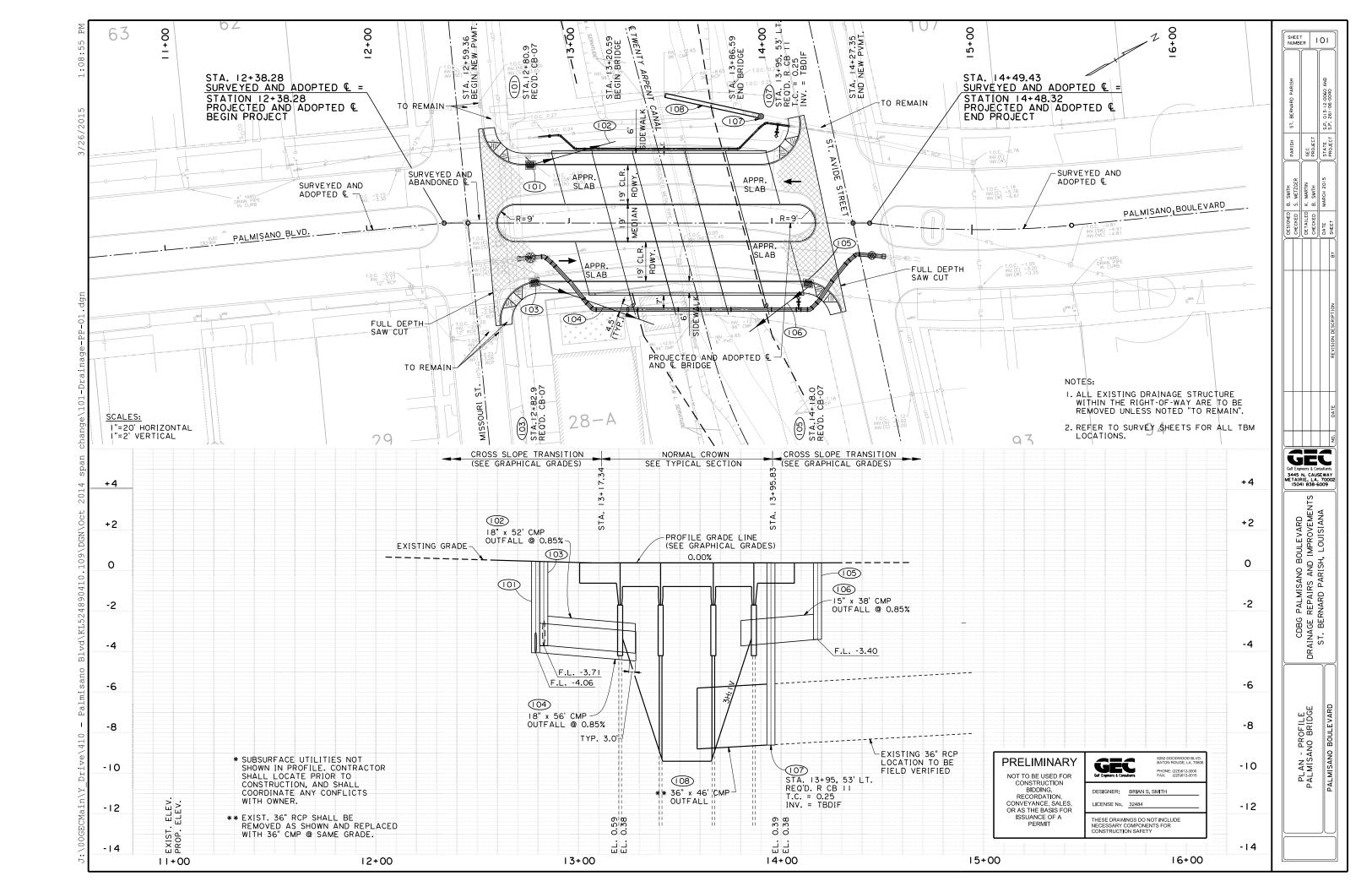
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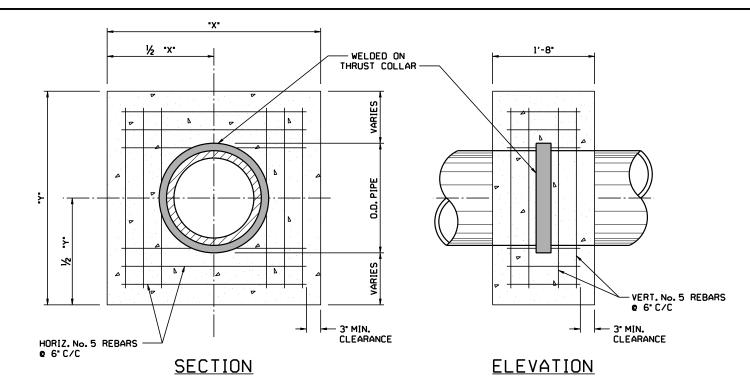


SHEET NUMBER PARISH GEC PROJECT FEDERAL PROJECT GEC 3445 N. CAUSEWAY METAIRIE, LA. 70002 (504) 838-6009 CDBG PALMISANO BOULEVARD DRAINAGE REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS ST. BERNARD PARISH, LOUISIANA PALMISANO BOULEVARD CROSS SECTIONS

XS\_25







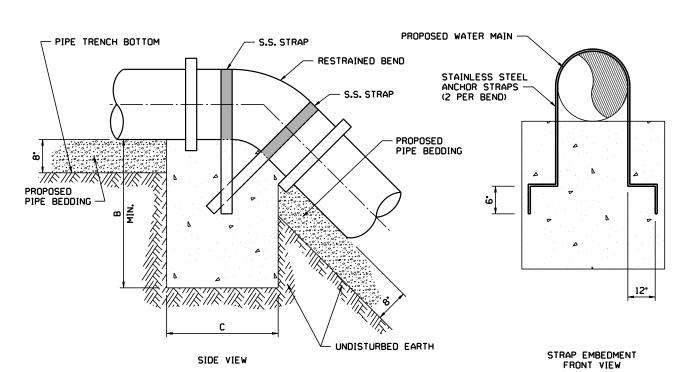
CONCRETE THRUST COLLAR BLOCK					
PIPE SIZE	•x•	•Y•			
8.	3′-6"	3′-6"			
20'	4'-6"	4'-6"			

- (1) CONCRETE SHALL BE 3000 P.S.I.
- (2) REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE DEFORMED, AND TIED TOGETHER.

TOP VIEW TOP BEND

WELDED ON THRUST COLLAR							
PIPE SIZE	PIPE O.D.	COLLAR O.D.	COLLAR THICKNESS				
8-	9.05	11.05	<b>0.</b> 25'				
20.	21.60"	24.60"	0.38				

- (1) STEEL THRUST COLLAR MAY BE FABRICATED FROM STEEL OR ANNEALED DUCTILE IRON.
- (2) WELDED ON THRUST COLLAR SHALL BE FACTORY WELDED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE STEEL COLLAR 360° AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE PIPE.



45° VERTICAL TOP BEND ANCHOR BLOCK

RESTRAINED BEND	
FACTORY INSTALLED WELDED ON STEEL THRUST COLLARS  CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS (SEE DETAIL)  RESTRAINED JOINTS	

TYPICAL THRUST COLLAR PLAN NOT TO SCALE

			AN	CHOR	BLOCK	:		
		STRAPS						
BEND	No.	A	B MIN.	C MIN.	D	Ε	SIZE	EMBED
8" × 45"	2	3′-0"	4′-0"	4′-0"	2′-0•	2′-0•	1" × 1/4"	18"
20" × 45°	2	8′-0"	5′-8"	6′-0"	3′-0"	3′-0"	2" × 3/8"	30.

- (1) ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE 3,000 P.S.I.
- (2) ALL CONCRETE COLLARS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SUCH THAT THEY ARE ANCHORED AGAINST UNDISTURBED SOIL.

PRELIMINARY	GF	8282 GOODWOOD BLV BATON ROUGE, LA. 701
NOT TO BE USED FOR	Gull Engineers & Cons	PHONE: (225)612-3000 FAX: (225)612-3015
CONSTRUCTION BIDDING,	DESIGNER:	JEROME M. KLIER
RECORDATION, CONVEYANCE, SALES,	LICENSE No.	11591
OR AS THE BASIS FOR ISSUANCE OF A	THESE DRAW	NGS DO NOT INCLUDE

SHEET | | | |

GEC

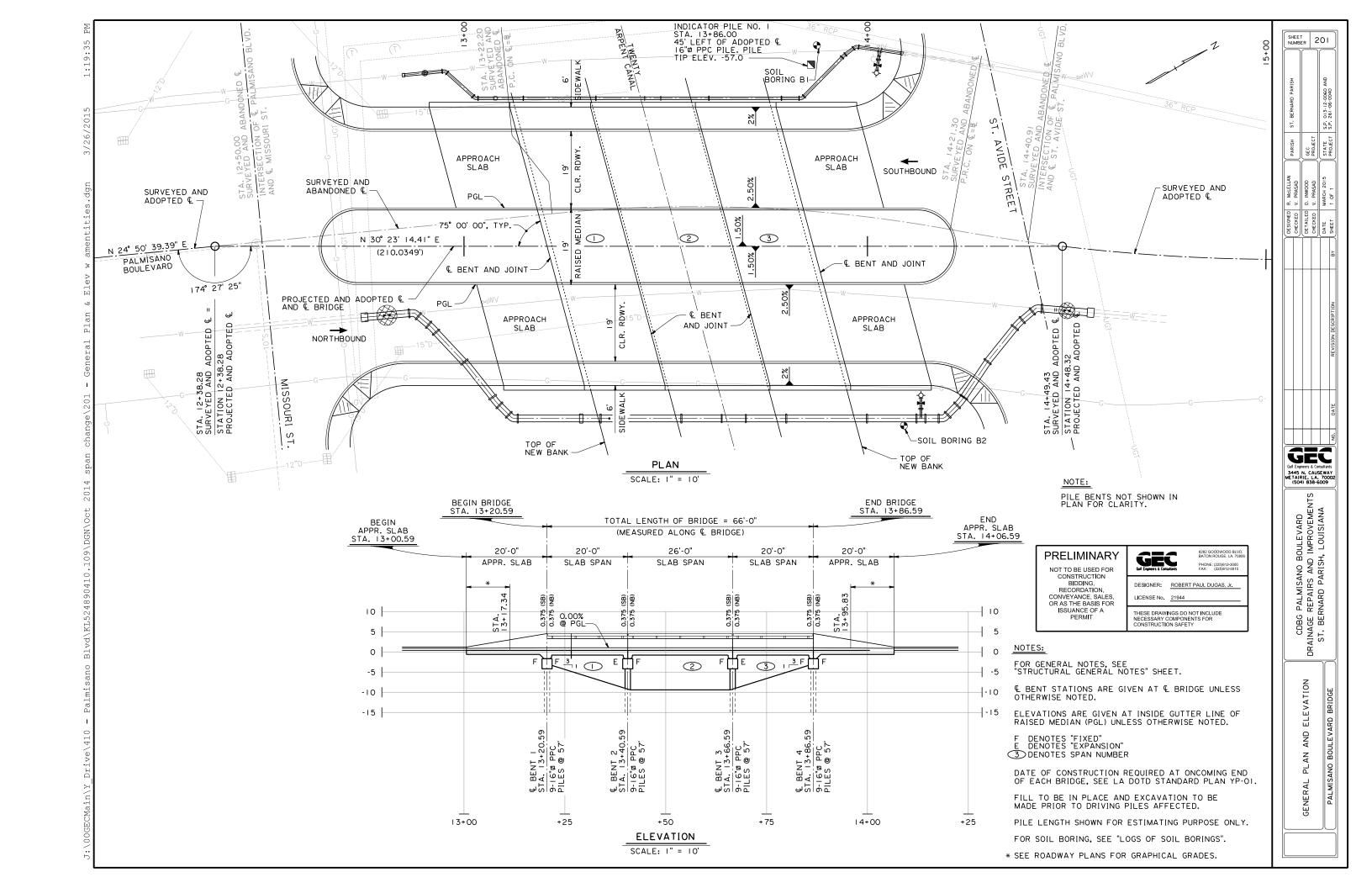
CDBG PALMISANO BOULEVARD DRAINAGE REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS ST. BERNARD PARISH, LOUISIANA

DETAILS

COLLAR

NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION SAFETY

ΔÄ



## APPENDIX C

**Regulatory Agency Correspondence** 



# Jena Band of Choctaw Indians

P. O. Box 14 • Jena, Louisiana 71342-0014 • Phone: 318-992-2717 • Fax: 318-992-8244



March 6, 2014

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements, Palmisano Blvd., Plaze Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge, St. Bernard Parish, LA

Dear Mr. Magee:

In order to properly comment, the Jena Band of Choctaw Tribal Historic Preservation Office is requesting a Cultural Resources Survey and all other pertinent information regarding the project area. Thank you for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Dana Masters
JBC THPO
P.O. Box 14
Jena, LA 71342-0014
[318]-992-1205

Prepared by:

Alina J. Shively

Deputy THPO

Jbc.thpo106@aot.com



Parish President

## St. Bernard Parish Government

820 West Judge Parts Drive Phone 504) 278-4233 Chalmette, Louistana 700-8-Fax (504) 278-850

January 21, 2014

Gregory Pyle, Chief Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma P. O. Drawer 1210 Durant, Oklahoma 74702

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Pyle:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emrigency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA'r Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St Bernard Hwy, to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmets, L.A., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd, drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during minfall events. This drainage system or nsists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface throught storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Fernard Hwy, to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd, running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during brown rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe clossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Plaza Drive Lift Station Pump: This segment of the project will consist of an ungrade to the existing pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy, to Palmisano Blvd. and flushing and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. The proposed pump station is 3"-14" Fairbanks Morse or equivalent vertical propeller pumps.

Palmisano Canal - East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez. Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70' x100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel aggregate.

Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	City	State	Latitude	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA.	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

In accordance with NEPA and the implementing regulations of the Council of Environmental Quality ( 40 CFR 1500-1508), the St. Bernard Parish Government is preparing an Environmental Assessment for the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano 18tvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA. and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd, drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. Therefore, we are requesting your agency's comments to the project relative to:

- Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area

Please fax your response to 318-640-5856, email your response to dann y.ma gee @fr yema gee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

> Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President

Enclosure



# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Kevin Sickey, Chairman Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana P. O. Box 818 Elton, Louisiana 70532

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Sickey:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Plaza Drive Lift Station Pump: This segment of the project will consist of an upgrade to the existing pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd. and flushing and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. The proposed pump station is 3"-10" Fairbanks Morse or equivalent vertical propeller pumps.

Palmisano Canal – East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	<u>City</u>	State	<u>Latitude</u>	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

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- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President

**Enclosures** 



Parish President

# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Mr. Michael Bechdol, Coordinator Sole Source Aquifer Program Ground Water/UIC Section United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200 Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Bechdol:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd, drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

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**Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing:** Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

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Site	<u>City</u>	State	<u>Latitude</u>	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
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## 1. Sole Source Aquifers

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President

Enclosures



Parish President

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Christine Norris, Principal Chief Jena Band of Choctaw Indians P. O. Box 14 Jean, Louisiana 71342

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Ms. Norris:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Plaza Drive Lift Station Pump: This segment of the project will consist of an upgrade to the existing pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Blvd. and flushing and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. The proposed pump station is 3"-10" Fairbanks Morse or equivalent vertical propeller pumps.

Palmisano Canal – East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

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Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

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- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



Parish President

# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Ms. Linda Hardy LA Department of Environmental Quality Post Office Box 4303 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70821-4303

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Ms. Hardy:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Palmisano Canal – East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	<u>City</u>	State	<u>Latitude</u>	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

In accordance with NEPA and the implementing regulations of the Council of Environmental Quality (40 CFR 1500-1508), the St. Bernard Parish Government is preparing an Environmental Assessment for the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA. and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. Therefore, we are requesting your agency's comments to the project relative to:

- 1. Water resources
- 2. Water Quality and Aquifers
- 3. Air Quality and Ambient Air Quality

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny Magee Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



**Parish President** 

## St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Mr. Jeff Harris Louisiana Department of Natural Resources Coastal Management Division P.O. Box 44487 Baton Rouge, LA 70804

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Harris:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

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1. Consistency with the Coastal Zone Management Act

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



Parish President

# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Mr. Kyle Balkum Habitat Section Program Manager Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries Post Office Drawer 98000 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-9000

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Balkum:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd, drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd, running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

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Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

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- 1. Endangered Fish and Wildlife
- 2. Critical Habitat
- 3. Wild and Scenic Rivers

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA
Parish President



## St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Beasley Denson, Chief Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians P. O. Box 6010, Choctaw Branch Philadelphia, Mississippi 39350

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Denson:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



**Parish President** 

## St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Ms. Pam Breaux State Historic Preservation Officer P. O. Box 442747 Baton Rouge, LA 70804

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Ms. Breaux:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources.
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area.

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



**Parish President** 

# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Mr. Kevin Norton, Resource Conservationist National Resources Conservation Services 3737 Government Street, Suite 116 Alexandria, Louisiana 71302

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Norton:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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- 1. Prime Farmland
- 2. Any NRCS work in the immediate area

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Earl J. Barbry, THPO Tunica-Biloxi Indians Tribe of Louisiana P.O. Box 1589 Marksville, Louisiana 71351

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Barbry:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources
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Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



**Parish President** 

# St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

January 21, 2014

Mr. Pete J. Serio
Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers
New Orleans District
P. O. Box 60267
New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267

Re: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Serio:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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#### 1. Wetlands

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny Magee Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



## St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200 Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

David E. Peralta Parish President

January 21, 2014

Endangered Species Coordinator U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 646 Cajun Dome Blvd. Suite #400 Lafayette, Louisiana 70506

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Sir:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvc. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Palmisano Canal – East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate.

Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	<u>City</u>	State	<u>Latitude</u>	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

In accordance with NEPA and the implementing regulations of the Council of Environmental Quality (40 CFR 1500-1508), the St. Bernard Parish Government is preparing an Environmental Assessment for the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. Therefore, we are requesting your agency's comments to the project relative to:

### 1. Endangered Species

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### REGION 6 1445 ROSS AVENUE, SUITE 1200 DALLAS TX 75202-2733

February 14, 2014

Mr. David E. Peralta President St. Bernard Parish Government 8201 West Judge Perez Drive Chalmette, LA 70043

Dear Mr. Peralta:

We have received your January 21, 2014, letter requesting our evaluation of the potential environmental impacts that might result from the following project:

Construction of Drainage Improvements Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Dr. & 20 Arpent Bridge St. Bernard Parish Chalmette, Louisiana

In administering the sole source aquifer (SSA) program under Section 1424 of the Safe Drinking Water Act our Office performs evaluations of projects with federal financial assistance which are located over a designated sole source aquifer.

Based on the information provided, we have concluded that the project does not lie within the boundaries of a designated sole source aquifer and is thus not eligible for review under the SSA program.

If you did not include a project description, project location, the parish and the federal funding agency if available, please do so in future Sole Source Aquifer correspondence.

If you have any questions on this letter or the sole source aquifer program please contact me at (214) 665-7133.

Sincerely yours

Michael Bechdol, Coordinator Sole Source Aquifer Program

Ground Water/UIC Section

cc:

Jesse Means, LDEQ

Danny H. Magee, Sr., Fry/Magee, LLC

BOBBY JINDAL GOVERNOR



STEPHEN CHUSTZ

INTERIM SECRETARY

September 28, 2012

### To whom it may concern:

The Louisiana Department of Natural Resources, Office of Coastal Management (LDNR OCM) administers the state's federally-approved Coastal Zone Management (CZM) program.

A number of federal and state agencies are involved in providing financial assistance to state and local governments, non-governmental organizations, businesses, and individuals in Louisiana. As part of their award process, many of these agencies require the applicant to coordinate with the Louisiana CZM program. This coordination is generally intended to address one of two questions: concerns about awarding the financial assistance, or concerns about implementing the proposed project.

As a result of an internal review of program functions, OCM is streamlining its financial assistance review procedure to ensure response to all requests in a timely and appropriate manner. The OCM is confident that this procedure change will greatly improve office productivity, and provide for better accountability to the public we serve. Consequently, as of October 1, 2012, the coordination with OCM concerning applications for federal financial assistance should follow the procedures below, depending on the nature of the inquiry:

### Consistency review for Federal Assistance

Federal regulations at 15 CFR §930.90 et seq. require state and local government bodies applying for federal financial assistance (grants, loans, guarantees, insurance, contractual arrangements, or other form of financial aid) to submit a request for Consistency review of that assistance to OCM. Since the inception of the Louisiana Coastal Resources Program in 1980, OCM has never found that financial assistance for a proposed project would be inconsistent with the state Coastal Zone Management program. The Office of Coastal Management therefore is issuing this letter of general consistency concurrence, which shall serve as formal notification that, as of October 1, 2012, the granting of any financial assistance as defined at 15 CFR §930.91, is fully consistent with the Louisiana Coastal Resources Program. Federal agencies should not require applicants for financial assistance to seek OCM's approval for that assistance.

### Request for Determination for project implementation

If the applicant is seeking comments on the need to obtain a Coastal Use Permit or other authorization from OCM, for projects in or near to the Louisiana Coastal Zone, a Request for Determination or Solicitation of Views should be submitted to OCM's Permits and Mitigation

Division. Instructions and downloadable and online applications are located online at <a href="http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93">http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93</a>. In Step 3 of the application, the box for Request for Determination or Solicitation of Views should be checked. Questions regarding this process may be directed to the OCM Permits Section staff at (225) 342-7591 or 1-800-267-4019, or by mail at P.O. Box 44487, Baton Rouge, LA 70804.

#### Outside of the Coastal Zone

Projects which are clearly located outside of the Coastal Zone and are not likely to have an impact on coastal waters generally will not require coordination with the OCM. However, projects near the Coastal Zone boundary where there may be some doubt, or those which may involve discharges into waters that flow into the Coastal Zone, should be submitted to OCM for review. A map of the Coastal Zone may be found at

http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=89&pnid=0&nid=39.

Finally, OCM may find it necessary to change or rescind the provisions of this letter. Should this become necessary, OCM will publish a public notice in the Official State Journal (The Baton Rouge Advocate) and on the DNR web page, and attempt to contact all affected federal agencies directly.

Questions concerning these procedures should be addressed to Mr. Jeff Harris of the Consistency Section, at (225) 342-7949 or via e-mail to Jeff.Harris@LA.gov.

Sincerely,

Keith Lovell

Acting Administrator

Interagency Affairs/Field Services Division

cc: Karl Morgan, P/M Division Consistency file C20120326

Het Lell

rev 11/14/2012



BOBBY JINDAL GOVERNOR

### State of Louisiana DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES OFFICE OF WILDLIFE

ROBERT J. BARHAM SECRETARY JIMMY L. ANTHONY ASSISTANT SECRETARY

Date

February 21, 2014

Name

Danny H. Magee

Company

Frye/Magee, LLC

Street Address

117 Tioga Road

City, State, Zip

Ball, La 71405

Project

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive and 20 Arpent Bridge

**Project ID** 

Invoice Number

14022111

Personnel of the Habitat Section of the Coastal & Nongame Resources Division have reviewed the preliminary data for the captioned project. After careful review of our database, no impacts to rare, threatened, or endangered species or critical habitats are anticipated for the proposed project. No state or federal parks, wildlife refuges, scenic streams, or wildlife management areas are known at the specified site within Louisiana's boundaries.

The Louisiana Natural Heritage Program (LNHP) has compiled data on rare, endangered, or otherwise significant plant and animal species, plant communities, and other natural features throughout the state of Louisiana. Heritage reports summarize the existing information known at the time of the request regarding the location in question. The quantity and quality of data collected by the LNHP are dependent on the research and observations of many individuals. In most cases, this information is not the result of comprehensive or site-specific field surveys; many natural areas in Louisiana have not been surveyed. This report does not address the occurrence of wetlands at the site in question. Heritage reports should not be considered final statements on the biological elements or areas being considered, nor should they be substituted for onsite surveys required for environmental assessments. LNHP requires that this office be acknowledged in all reports as the source of all data provided here. If at any time Heritage tracked species are encountered within the project area, please contact the LNHP Data Manager at 225-765-2643. If you have any questions, or need additional information, please call 225-765-2357.

Sincerely,

201

Amity Bass, Coordinator Natural Heritage Program

Casen Mucha

### **United States Department of Agriculture**



Natural Resources Conservation Service 3737 Government Street Alexandria, LA 71302

(318) 473-7751 Fax: (318) 473-7626

March 3, 2014

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, Louisiana 71405

RE: Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Mr. Magee:

I have reviewed the above referenced project for potential requirements of the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA) and potential impact to Natural Resources Conservation Service projects in the immediate vicinity.

Projects are subject to FPPA requirements if they may irreversibly convert farmland (directly or indirectly) to nonagricultural use and are completed by a federal agency or with assistance from a federal agency. For the purpose of FPPA, farmland includes prime farmland, unique farmland, and land of statewide or local importance. Farmland subject to FPPA requirements can be forest land, pastureland, cropland, or other land, but not water or urban built-up land.

The project maps submitted with your request indicates that the proposed construction areas are within urban areas and therefore is exempt from the rules and regulations of the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)—Subtitle I of Title XV, Section 1539-1549. Furthermore, we predict no impact to NRCS projects in the vicinity.

For specific information about the soils found in the project area, please visit our Web Soil Survey at the following location: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/

Please direct all future correspondence to me at the address shown above.

Respectfully,

State Conservationist

**ACTING FOR** 



Parish President

## St. Bernard Parish Government

attention.

Pam Breaux

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200 Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

No known historic properties will be affected by

this undertaking. This effect determination could change should new information come to our

State Historic Preservation Officer

January 21, 2014

Ms. Pam Breaux State Historic Preservation Officer P. O. Box 442747 Baton Rouge, LA 70804

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Ms. Breaux:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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RECEIPMENT The Experimental 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

FEB 1 3 2014

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Palmisano Canal - East St. Bernard Hwy (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Ferez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

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Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	<u>City</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Latitude</u>	Longitude
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In accordance with NEPA and the implementing regulations of the Council of Environmental Quality (40 CFR 1500-1508), the St. Bernard Parish Government is preparing an Environmental Assessment for the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Blvd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. Therefore, we are requesting your agency's comments to the project relative to:

- 1. Archaeological or Historic Sites or Properties Listed in the National Register or Historic Places or Other Significant Cultural Resources.
- 2. Cultural Facilities Located in the Project Area.

Please fax your response to 318–640-5856, email your response to danny.magee@fryemagee.com, or mail your response to the following address:

Danny H. Magee, Sr. Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, LA 71405

If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President



#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY**

NEW ORLEANS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P. O. BOX 60267 NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA 70160-0267

MAR 1 3 2014

Operations Division
Operations Manager,
Completed Works

Mr. Danny Magee Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball, Louisiana 71405

Dear Mr. Magee:

This is in response to the Solicitation of Views request dated January 21, 2014, on behalf of St. Bernard Parish Government, concerning the construction of drainage improvements along Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive and 20 Arpent Bridge, in St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana.

We have reviewed your request for potential Department of the Army regulatory requirements and impacts on any Department of the Army projects.

We do not anticipate any adverse impacts to any Corps of Engineers projects.

Based on review of recent maps, aerial photography, soils data, and a previous determination, we have determined that this property is not in a wetland subject to Corps' jurisdiction. A Department of the Army permit under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act will not be required for the deposition or redistribution of dredged or fill material on this site.

Please be advised that this property is in the Louisiana Coastal Zone and a Coastal Use Permit may be required prior to initiation of any activities on this site. For additional information, contact Ms. Christine Charrier, Office of Coastal Management, Louisiana Department of Natural Resources at (225) 342 7953.

You are advised that this jurisdictional determination is valid for a period of 5 years from the date of this letter unless new information warrants revision prior to the expiration date or the District Commander has identified, after public notice and comment, that specific geographic areas with rapidly changing environmental conditions merit re-verification on a more frequent basis.

Off-site locations of activities such as borrow, disposals, haul-and detour-roads and work mobilization site developments may be subject to Department of the Army regulatory requirements and may have an impact on a Department of the Army project.

Please contact Mr. Robert Heffner, of our Regulatory Branch by telephone at (504) 862-1288, or by e-mail at Robert.A.Heffner@usace.army.mil for questions concerning wetlands determinations or need for on-site evaluations. Questions concerning regulatory permit requirements may be addressed to Mr. Michael Farabee by telephone at (504) 862-2292 or by email at Michael.V.Farabee@usace.army.mil.

Future correspondence concerning this matter should reference our account number MVN-2014-00383-SE. This will allow us to more easily locate records of previous correspondence, and thus provide a quicker response.

Sincerely,

Karen L. Clement

Solicitation of Views Manager

Karen L. Clement

Copy Furnished:

Ms. Christine Charrier
Coastal Zone Management
Department of Natural Resources
Post Office Box 44487
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-4487



David E. Peralta Parish President

January 21, 2014

### St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 West Judge Perez Drive Phone (504) 278-4200

Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 Fax (504) 278-4330

This project has been reviewed for effects to Federal trus under our jurisdiction and currently protected by the Endange Species Act of 1973 (Act). The project, as proposed

( Will have no effect on those resources

( ) is not likely to adversely affect those resources.

This finding fulfills the regainsments under Section 7(a)(278) the

Acting Supervisor Louisiana Field Office

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Endangered Species Coordinator U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 646 Cajun Dome Blvd. Suite #400 Lafayette, Louisiana 70506

Re:

Construction of Drainage Improvements

Palmisano Blvd., Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge

St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana

Dear Sir:

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster.

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If you should have any questions or request additional information for your review, please contact me at 318-640-1520.

Sincerely,

DAVID PERALTA Parish President

From:

Toc

Michael D. Hunnicutt

Boss, Emeruet: Holmes, Leschmar Pins, Melanie
Spenn, Tiffeno Shanis, Many Emery, Jason; Daniel B. Fernander; caushrosis; Poche, Bilv (BPochelbhga-lic.com); stamotor/bhga-lic.com; Mahorete, Candles (CMihorete/Bhga-lic.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects Date: Friday, May 08, 2015 12:02:48

Emanuel

The following was sent to us from Ms. Harding:

April 4, 2014

Danny Magee Frye/Magee, LLC 117 Tioga Road Ball LA 71405

danny.magee@fryemagee.com

RE: 140213/0135 Drainage Improvements Palmisano Blvd,

Plaza Drive, and 20 Ament Bridge

FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Funding

St. Bernard Parish

Dear Mr. Magee:

The Assessment Division of the Office of Environmental Compliance has reviewed the information provided in your letter dated January 21, 2014, regarding the referenced project. Effective October 4, 2013, St. Bernard Parish was designated by EPA as an Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) nonattainment parish for the 2010 Sulfur Dioxide standard (Federal Register Volume 78, Number 150 (Monday, August 5, 2013)). As part of a nonattainment area, federal activities proposed in St. Bernard Parish may be subject to the State's general conformity regulations as promulgated under LAC 33:III.Chapter 14, Subchapter A, Determining Conformity of General Federal Actions to State or Federal Implementation Plans.

In order to determine if the proposed project in St. Bernard Parish is subject to the full requirements of the general conformity regulations, the project sponsor must first make a general conformity applicability determination. This determination can be made by summing the total of direct and indirect Sulfur Dioxide (502) emissions caused by the project. If the net total of 502 emissions is determined to be less than the prescribed de minimis level of 100 tons per year per pollutant, then this action will comply with the conformity provisions of Louisiana's State Implementation Plan (SIP) and the Assessment Division will not object to implementation of the project.

Please email your general conformity applicability determination to linds.hardy@la.gov. Should you have any questions regarding state rules and regulations pertaining to general conformity, please contact me at (225) 219-3803. Thank you for affording us the opportunity to comment on the proposed action.

Sincerely,

Yasoob Zia **Environmental Senior Scientist** Assessment Division

SOV #140213/0135

Linda M. Hardy

Technical Assistant to the Deputy Secretary Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Office of the Secretary P.O. Box 4301 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4301

Ph: (225) 219-3954 Fax: (225) 219-3971 Email: (inda.handus)(la.equ

If you need anything additional, please let me know.

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From: Ross, Emanuel [mailto:emanuel.ross@fema.dhs.gov]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 3:29 PM

To: Michael D. Hunnicutt; Holmes, Leschina; Pitts, Melanie Cc: Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-llc.com); ssumpter@hga-llc.com; Mahoney, Candice (CMahoney@hga-llc.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Thanks,

Emanuel Ross III Environmental Protection Specialist FEMA Region VI

1500 Main St., Baton Rouge, LA 70802 Mobile: (504) 256 -1898 (BB)

Office: (504) 284 - 2811

Email: emanuel.ross@fema.dhs.gov

From: Michael D. Hunnicutt [mailto:mhunnicutt@sbpg.net]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 4:26 PM

To: Ross, Emanuel; Holmes, Leschina; Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-llc.com); ssumpter@hga-llc.com; Mahoney, Candice (CMahoney@hga-llc.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

#### Emanuel.

Sorry forgot your documentation request. I have a copy of the LDEQ letter sent, but I do not see any response. I will have HGA look through their records to see if they have it. If not, we will contact Ms. Hardy with LDEQ and see why it was not sent or if she has a copy of what was sent.

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From: Ross, Emanuel [maltp:emanuel rocs@fema.dhs.pov]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 3:18 PM

To: Michael D. Hunnicutt; Holmes, Leschina; Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-llc.com); ssumpter@hga-llc.com; Mahoney, Candice (CMahoney@hga-llc.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Thanks Mr. Hunnicutt for this information. Appreciate it.

Emanuel Ross III

Environmental Protection Specialist

FEMA Region VI

1500 Main St., Baton Rouge, LA 70802

Mobile: (504) 256 -1898 (BB) Office: (504) 284 - 2811

Email: emanuel.ross@fema.dhs.gov

From: Michael D. Hunnicutt [mailto:mhunnicutti@sbpg.net]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 4:13 PM To: Holmes, Leschina; Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-lic.com); ssumpter@hga-lic.com; Mahoney, Candice (CMahoney@hga-lic.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

#### Leschina.

Responses for 418. Revised and updated Scope and revised Attainment. I think all is covered, please let me know if we are missing any information. Thanks.

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From: Holmes, Leschina [mailto:Leschina.Holmes@fema.dhs.gov]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 1:03 PM To: Michael D. Hunnicutt; Pitts, Melanie Cc: Ross, Emeruet, Spann, Tiffany; Sharks, Hary; Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Pernander; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (<u>BPoche@nga-lc.com</u>); <u>ssumpter@hga-lc.com</u>; Mahoney, Candice (<u>CMahoney@hga-lc.com</u>) Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Thanks so much Mike. We appreciate the timely response. We will review the documentation and incorporate into the review of 421 and 417, and will let you know if we need additional information for these. We will await your response regarding for 415. Let us know if we can help or if there are any questions/concerns.

Thenks.

LeSchina Holmes Lead Environmental Protection Specialist Region VI - LRO 504-235-6512

Prom: Michael D. Hunnicut: [malto:nhunnicut:@sbounet]

Sent: Thursday, May 07, 2015 12:32 PM To: Holmes, Leschina; Pitts, Melanie

Oct Ross, Emanuel: Spann, Tifflany; Sharks, Mary: Emery, Jason; Danie R. Fernander; causbrooks: Poche, Billy (<u>IPoche@hga-lc.com</u>); <u>ssumpter@hga-lc.com</u>; Mahoney, Candice (<u>IMahoney@hga-lc.com</u>); <u>Subjects</u> RE: St. Burnard Projects

Leschina.

Attached are the kerns for 421.

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From Home, Lechina [malterLechina Homeofifema.dvs.gov] Sent: Tuesday, May 05, 2015 2:00 PM

To: Nichael D. Humnicutt, Pitts, Melanie.

Cc: Ross, Emanuet, Spann, Tiffany; Sharks, Mary, Emery, Jason; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy ((Proche/linga-lc.com); sumpteritinga-lc.com; Mahoney, Candice ((Dishoney/linga-lc.com))

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Milke.

Unfortunately, the timeframe for the previous solicitations are outdated. The time limit on these is 5 years, which would have ended in 2013. FEMA EHP is in the process of drafting a Solicitation of Views (SOVs), and expects to move them forward on Friday of this week (IOS/05/2015). We will keep you posted as to the status of the responses from the resource agencies.

Please see below for the action item list:

- Clarify the scope of work at Munster WWTP including the connection of Violet WWTP that pumps to Munster and the directional drilling to take place on St. Bernard Highway for pump station V1-5 to V1-6
- We need more information on the Clean Air conformity sheet (new document attached)
- HP consultation is ongoing, depending on the outcome may need to do archeological monitoring during construction. Path forward will be clearer after Tribal Call scheduled for 5/5.

418

- Clarify the scope of work based on the new drawings for the Plaza Drive pump station on St. Bernard Highway
- We need more information on the Clean Air conformity sheet (new document attached)
- HP releasing consultation today, barring surprises NHPA consult complete in 30 days.

417

- We need more information on the Clean Air conformity sheet (new document attached)
- Still in need of the 30% drawings and site visit
- HP might be able to clear programmatically, (need plans and site visit to confirm) if not then a consultation will be required (min 45 days).

The Deputy Environmental Liaison Officer (DELO) has requested a 48 hour turnaround to ensure an expedited review timeframe. If anything here is unclear or if anything further is needed, please let me know.

Thanks, LeSchina Holmes Lead Environmental Protection Specialist Region VI - LRO 504-235-6512

From: Michael D. Hunnicutt [mailto:mhunnicutt@sbpg.net]
Sent: Friday, May 01, 2015 11:16 AM

To: Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Holmes, Leschina; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (<u>BPoche@libga-lic.com</u>); <u>ssumpter@hga-lic.com</u>; Mahoney, Candice

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Melanie

Can you please send me the action items needed as we discussed on the Phone Call. Also, on the Violet/DRAVO Project, it was discussed that the Munster Environmental was competed in 2008. I noticed we received our project award on May 3, 2013. Does this fall within the 5 years or is it over. Just trying to save us some time if we can use the 2008 Report. Thanks.

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From: Pitts, Melanie [mailto:melanie.pitts@fema.dhs.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2015 11:43 AM

To: Michael D. Hunnicutt.

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Holmes, Leschina; Daniel R. Fernandez;

causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-lic.com); ssumpter@hga-lic.com; Mahoney, Candice

(CMahoney@hga-lic.com)
Subjects RE: St. Bernard Projects

Today at 2pm would be great. How many people on your end will be on the call as I can set up a conference line?

#### Melanie Pitts

Environmental & Historic Preservation (EHP) Lead Environmental Preservation Specialist 1603/1607-DR-LA BB (504) 427-8000

From: Michael D. Hunnicutt [mailto:mhunnicutt@sbco.net]

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2015 9:59 AM

To: Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Holmes, Leschina; Daniel R. Fernandez;

causbrooks; Poche, Billy (BPoche@hga-lic.com); ssumpter@hga-lic.com; Mahoney, Candice

(CMahoney@hga-llc.com)

Subject: Re: St. Bernard Projects

After 2 today or before 10am Wednesday is good.

Michael Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

On Apr 28, 2015, at 9:01 AM, "Pitts, Melanie" «melanie.pitts@fema.dhs.gov» wrote:

Lol, yes April. Somy for the mistake.

Melanie Pitts
Environmental & Historic Preservation (EHP)
Lead Environmental Preservation Specialist
1603/1607-DR-LA
BB (504) 427-8000

From: Michael D. Hunnicutt [mailto:mhunnicutt@sboo.net]

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2015 8:21 AM

To: Pitts, Melanie

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Holmes, Leschina; Daniel R. Fernandez; causbrooks; Poche, Billy (<u>BPoche@hga-lic.com</u>); <u>ssumpter@hga-lic.com</u>;

Mahoney, Candice (CMahoney@hoa-lic.com)

Subject: RE: St. Bernard Projects

Melanie.

Can I assume you meant to say April 28 and 29, not May?

Michael D. Hunnicutt, CFM 504-278-4223

From: Pitts, Melanie [mailto:melanie.pitts@fema.dhs.gov]

Sent: Monday, April 27, 2015 5:08 PM

To: Michael D. Hunnicutt

Cc: Ross, Emanuel; Spann, Tiffany; Shanks, Mary; Emery, Jason; Holmes, Leschina

Subject: St. Bernard Projects

Importance: High

Good Evening Mike,

EHP has received the RFI responses and would like to set up a conference with you to discuss the St. Bernard projects. We would like to address the RFI items received, the Draft EAs, and formulate a path forward for the projects. We are eager to move as many projects into public notice as we can by May 18<sup>th</sup>.

EHP is available to Conference Tuesday, May 28 after 2pm or Wednesday, May 29 before 11am. Which one of these dates/times work for you?

Thanks.

Melanie Pitts

Environmental & Historic Preservation (EHP)
Lead Environmental Preservation Specialist
1603/1607-DR-LA
BB (504) 427-8000

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								_									
	Section 1		Formula 1			Formula 2			Formula 3			Formula			Formula 5		
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Backhoe	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>	0.184 3.000	2.290 1.210	1.0068946 1.0020429	N/A N/A	0.4233428 3.6374156		0.4457800	93 93	2080 2080		
Backhoe	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
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Generator	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
Marine Inboard Engine	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
Switch Locomotive	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
Jet Airliner	NO <sub>x</sub>											
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Sectio	n 2 - Table of	For	mula 6		Formula 7		Formula 9					
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			ssions factors taken f .gov/otaq/nonrdmdl.		r calculated values derived from t)	m various EPA non-ro	d engine technical reports.					
Spark ignition engine Air Compressor	VOC											
Compactor - Vibr.	NO <sub>x</sub>											
Plate	NO <sub>x</sub>											
Compactor - Tamp. Ft.	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
Concrete Cutting Sav	w VOC NO <sub>x</sub>											
Cement/Mortar	VOC											

 $NO_x$ 

Mixer

Hand-held Leaf Blower	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>													
All-Terrain Vehicle	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>													
Marine Outboard Engine	VOC NO <sub>x</sub>													
	Table: Formula:	1-6	14	1, 2, & 4	TCF document	↑ Formula 10					↑ Formula 11		↑ Formula 12	↑ Formula 13
Sectio	n 2 - Table of		Formula 10		Formula 11			For	mula 12	Formula 13	7			
Spark Formula		ulas: 4-Stroke Col. D x Col. F x Col. G [x Col. E]			Col. I x table VOC conversion factor		VOC:	(Col. O x Col	. P x Col. Q) ÷ 1000000	Col. R x 1.1023				
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				•							Non-Road Sub-To	tal VOC (tons)	0.2666561	0.2939350
											Non-Road Sub-To	tal NO <sub>x</sub> (tons)	2.8364272	3.1265937
Sub-Total - Non-Ro	ad:										Non-Road Combin	ned (tons)	3.1030833	3.4205287
===========			==========				========			=========				
Grand Total:									The de minimis threshold for ea	ach of the two	Combined Grand	Total VOC (tons)	0.4606954	0.5078246
C.u Juli.									pollutants (VOC and NO <sub>x</sub> ) is 100	Combined Grand	, ,	3.4540339		
									within the five parishes surroun			* * */		
Developed by R. Dar	Developed by R. Darrell Smith, Ph.D 2014-15								Rouge. Combined Grand Total of VOC			Total of VOC	3.9147293	4.3152061

and NO<sub>x</sub> Emissions (tons)

NISTAC contractor for FEMA LRO

From: Tex Ross, Emanuel

Con

Emery, Jeson; Pttp., Holanie PW: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage Subjects

Darte Monday, May 18, 2015 15:40:17

As requested. - Mary

From: Emery, Jason Sent: Friday, May 15, 2015 4:44 PM

To: Shanks, Mary Cc: Jones, Gwendolyn

Subject: FW: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage

Mary-for the project file.

Gwen-for the 106 files.

Jason

Jason A. Emery Celli (504) 570-7292 twon emery@fems.dbs.oov

From: Alina Shively [mailto:ashively@jenachoctaw.org]
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2015 4:25 PM

To: Emery, Jason

Subject: RE: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage

Dear Mr. Emery:

Regarding the above-mentioned project, the Jena Band of Choctaw Indians' THPO hereby concurs with the determination of No Properties. Should any inadvertent discoveries occur, please contact our office. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Alina J. Shively Jena Band of Choctaw Indians Deputy Tribal Historic Preservation Officer P.O. Box 14 Jena, LA 71342 (318) 992-1205 ashively@jenachoctaw.org

From: Emery, Jason [mailto:Jason.Emery@fema.dhs.eov]

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2015 5:08 PM

To: Alina Shively

Cc: Shanks, Mary; Jones, Gwendolyn

Subject: FW: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage

#### Dear Alina:

FEMA is currently proposing to fund improvements to the Palmisano Blvd Drainage canal. The Parish of St. Bernard previously requested information from the Jena Band on January 21, 2014 regarding this undertaking. On March 6, 2014 the Jena Band replied and requested additional information and a cultural resources survey. Additionally, this project was the subject of an recent request from Fry/Magee, LLC on behalf of St. Bernard Parish government. Based on the current information on file with FEMA, FEMA's EHP team noted that the Scope of Work (SOW) for the project is slightly different than the one consulted on previously; therefore, FEMA is re-consulting regarding this project.

In preparation for drafting the attached consultation letter, FEMA reviewed the scope of work of the undertaking, 90% design plans, a series of historic maps, and completed a site visit. Based on this additional research and a clear, detailed understanding of the proposed SOW, FEMA has come to a determination of No Historic Properties Affected. Please review the attached letter and let us know if you concur with FEMA's determination, or if the Jena Band feel that additional information is necessary.

Attached please find FEMA's Section 106 consultation letter regarding the below project:

RE: Section 106 Review Consultation, Hurricane Katrina, FEMA-1603-DR-LA Applicant: St. Bernard Parish

Undertaking: Palmisano Drainage Improvement Project, Palmisano Blvd, Chalmette,

St.

Bernard Parish, LA

Determination: No Historic Properties Affected

Should you have any questions or need additional information regarding this undertaking, please contact the reviewer on the letter, or you may contact Jerame Cramer, Environmental Liaison Officer at 504-247-7771, or Jerame.Cramer@fema.dhs.gov.

#### lason

-----

Jason A. Emery, RPA

Lead Historic Preservation Specialist FEMA Region 6 - Louisiana Recovery Office DR-1603 & 1607-LA

Duty Station: FEMA Area Reld Office-USDA Facility New Orleans, LA

celli (504) 570-7292 isson emery@fems.chu.cov From: Shanks, Mary
To: Ross, Emanuel

Cc: Emery, Jason; Pitts, Melanie

Subject: PW: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage.

Date: Monday, May 18, 2015 15:40:57

FYI

From: Odette Freeman [mailto:ofreeman@mcn-nsn.gov]

Sent: Friday, May 15, 2015 9:35 AM

Tot Shanks, Mary

Subject: RE: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage

Thank you for the correspondence regarding the Palmisano Boulevard Drainage project. St Bernard Parrish is within our historic area of interest. The Muscogee (Creek) Nation is unaware of any Muscogee cultural or sacred sites located within the immediate project area. We concur that there should be no effects to any known historic properties and that work should proceed as planned. However, as the project is located in an area that is of general historic interest to the Tribe, we request that work be stopped and our office contacted immediately if any Native American cultural materials or remains are encountered.

#### Odette Freeman

Historic and Cultural Preservation Department, Manager's Assistant Muscogee (Creek) Nation
P. O. Box 580 | Okmulgee, OK 74447
T 918.732.7758
F 918.758.0649
ofreeman@mcn-nsn.gov
www.MCN-nsn.gov

From: Shanks, Mary [mailto:marv.shanks@fema.dhs.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2015 3:43 PM

To: Odette Freeman

Cc: Jones, Gwendolyn; Shanks, Mary; Johnnie Jacobs; Emman Spain

Subject: FEMA Section 106 consult: HMA-1603-0418 Palmisano Blvd Drainage

Dear Odette:

Attached please find FEMA's Section 106 consultation letter regarding the below project:

RE: Section 106 Review Consultation, Hurricane Katrina, FEMA-1603-DR-LA

Applicant: St. Bernard Parish

Undertaking: Palmisano Drainage Improvement Project, Palmisano Blvd, Chalmette,

St.

Bernard Parish, LA

Determination: No Historic Properties Affected

Your prompt review is greatly appreciated. Should you have any questions or need additional information regarding this undertaking, please contact the reviewer on the letter, or you may contact Jerame Cramer, Environmental Liaison Officer at 504-247-7771, or Jerame Cramer@fema.dhs.gov.

Mary K. Shanks Archaeologist/HP Specialist

BB: 504-491-0895

Louisiana Recovery Office – New Orleans

#### Ross, Emanuel

From: Ross, Emanuel

**Sent:** Monday, May 11, 2015 16:01

To: Linda.Hardy@la.gov

**Cc:** Pitts, Melanie; Holmes, Leschina

**Subject:** St. Bernard Parish -Construction of Drainage Improvements for Palmisano Boulevard,

Plaza Drive and 20 Arpent Canal - 418

**Attachments:** Copy of CAA-ApplicabilityDeterminationV10-2015-418.xlsx

**Importance:** High

Dear Ms. Hardy,

The attachments contain the general conformity applicability determinations for the subject project referenced above. This conformity is in reference to a solicitation of views letter dated January 21, 2014 from St. Bernard Parish Government for Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) nonattainment standards. The projects SO<sub>2</sub> emissions are well below the de minimis threshold for ozone. Please let us know if you have any questions.

Thanks,

Emanuel Ross III
Environmental Protection Specialist
FEMA Region VI
1500 Main St., Baton Rouge, LA 70802

Mobile: (504) 256 -1898 (BB) Office: (504) 284 - 2811

Email: emanuel.ross@fema.dhs.gov

#### APPENDIX D

H &H Study Conducted by Gulf Engineers and Consultants March 2013

### March 2015 (Revised)

### PALMISANO DRAINAGE PROJECT REPORT

#### Prepared for

#### St. Bernard Parish Government

8201 W. Judge Perez Drive Chalmette, Louisiana 70043



3445 N. Causeway Boulevard, Suite 401 Metairie, Louisiana 70002

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1

## PALMISANO DRAINAGE PROJECT REPORT

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Palmisano Canal drains an area approximately 100 acres in size. The upstream reach of the channel begins at St. Bernard Highway and storm water flows to the northeast to its confluence with 20 Arpent Canal. The 20 Arpent Canal discharges into 40 Arpent Canal and the 40 Arpent Canal is drained by pump stations.

On the upper reaches the channel runs adjacent to Palmisano Boulevard. The left descending bank of the channel is within a few feet of the road. The channel is approximately six feet deep with steep side slopes. The channel and its location with respect to the road is a safety concern. The right descending bank is at or very near the property line of residential property. At several locations along the channel there is evidence of bank erosion and bank failure due to the steep side slopes of the channel. The apparent right-of-way of the channel is approximately 20 feet wide.

The Plaza Drive area is drained by a pump station. The pump station discharges into the road side ditch located between St. Bernard Highway and the railroad track. Subbasin area P1 is the Plaza Drive's drainage area. Appendix A shows the drainage area map for Palmisano Canal and Plaza Drive drainage area.

#### 2.0 HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

#### 2.1 Hydrologic Analysis

The runoff hydrographs were computed using the SCS method. The soils in the watershed are Cancienne Silt Loam (Cm), Cancienne Silt Clay Loam (Co), Harahan Clay (Ha) and Schriever Clay (Sk). The hydrologic soil group for Cancienne soil is C and the Harahan and Schriever clay is D. Land use is 40 percent residential and 60 percent industrial, commercial and business. Table 1 shows the drainage areas, the hydrologic soil group and the time of concentration for each sub-basin. A 256 peaking factor was used for the analysis. Technical Paper 40 was used for rainfall total and the rainfall frequency. The storm duration used in the analysis is a 24-hour. Scsiii was used for the rainfall distribution. The drainage area map is in Appendix A.

Table 1. Drainage Areas, Hydrologic Soil Group and Time of Concentration

Sub-Basin	Drainage Area Acres	Hydrologic Soil Group	CN Number	Time of Concentration Minutes	Peaking Factor
P1	21.00	С	85	36.6	256
B1	4.65	С	90	50.9	256
B2	2.76	С	88	25.5	256
В3	5.57	С	88	33.8	256
B4	5.68	С	88	34.4	256
B5	5.61	С	85	28.9	256
В6	6.14	С	85	30.1	256
B7	5.10	С	82	29.7	256
B8	5.67	С	85	29.2	256

	Drainage			Time of	
Sub-Basin					
B9	5.51	С	85	28.0	256
B10	10.81	С	88	33.8	256
B11	11.72	С	91	24.1	256
B12	3.95	С	95	20.5	256
B13	4.01	С	91	20.5	256
B14	3.09	С	91	20.5	256
B15	6.01	С	92	19.2	256
B16	3.44	D	88	16.5	256
B17	6.51	D	88	23.6	256
B18	8.33	D	88	16.8	256
Total	125.56				

#### 2.2 Hydraulic Analysis

Interconnected Pond Routing (ICPR) model was used to compute the storm water runoff and to evaluate the hydraulic design of the channel. The ICPR hydraulic model is a system of nodes and links between nodes. A node is location where the water surface elevation is computed. A link defines the channel geometry and the resistance to flow. A link can be a pipe, a culvert, or a channel section. A node is a location where you can input flow, account for storage of excess storm water, and change the size or the type of a link.

#### 2.3 Existing Conditions Model

#### 2.3.1 Palmisano Canal

The existing channel has several culverts apparently installed by private individuals for their use. There are three driveways, one culvert to extend the homeowners backyard over the channel, and a business that extended the two 5 foot x 5 foot box culverts with a single 60-inch diameter corrugated metal pipe. The culverts installed by private individuals do not appear to have been properly designed.

Photograph 1 was taken looking upstream of Missouri Street and shows a culvert installed by a private individual (see Appendix B).

Photograph 2 was taken looking downstream from Russell Drive and shows the channel and Palmisano Boulevard.

The 2-year and 5-year 24-hour storm events were simulated in the existing conditions model. These storms were used to determine the in-bank capacity of Palmisano Canal. The existing channel contained the 2-year storm event within the channel. The analysis of 5-year storm event shows minor over bank flooding. The location of the culverts and the 5-year flood profile for the existing channel is shown in Appendix C.

#### 2.3.2 Plaza Drive

The Plaza Drive area is drained by a 10-inch Farbanks Morse propeller pump. The 10-inch discharge pipe is approximately 65 feet in length and runs under St. Bernard Highway and discharges into the road side ditch. The road side ditch drains to the east into the upper reach of Palmisano Canal.

For existing conditions the 5-year peak water surface elevation is 7.91 feet NAVD 88.

A summary of the Existing Conditions ICPR Model is shown in Appendix D.

#### 2.4 Design Condition Model

#### 2.4.1 Palmisano Canal

The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 100-year storm event and to reduce the risk of injury to the driving public on Palmisano Boulevard (see Photograph 2, Appendix B). In addition to the design objectives, the proposed channel must also be contained within the existing channel right-of-way. The design storm is a 100-year 24-hour rainfall event. Because of the design constraint to stay within the existing right-of-way, the channel could not be deepened or widened without increasing risk of bank failures. Without acquiring additional right-of-way, channel could not be improved to meet the design objectives to reduce the risk of flooding and reducing the risk to the driving public could not be achieved. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk to the driving public, the proposed design uses reinforced concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow, the risk to the driving public is reduced. A typical design cross section is shown in Appendix E.

The hydraulic design is a trial and error process. The sizes of the box culverts were increased until the design objective to contain the 100-year design event was achieved. The proposed design is to construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from 20 Arpent Canal to Judge Perez Boulevard, an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Judge Perez to Camille Place, and a 73" x 45" concrete arch culvert. The proposed drainage improvements and the 100-year flood profiles are shown in Appendix F.

#### 2.4.2 Plaza Drive

Drainage improvement for the Plaza Drive area consists of an upgrade to the existing pumping station. The proposed pump station is 3"-10" Farbanks Morse (or the equivalent) vertical propeller pumps.

For the design condition the peak water surface elevation is 8.10 feet NAVD 88.

A summary of the Design Conditions ICPR Model is shown in Appendix G.

#### 3.0 DRAINAGE IMPACTS

When drainage improvements are made on one channel there is a possibility of having an adverse drainage impact on the receiving stream. There will be an increase in the peak discharge on Palmisano Canal due to the drainage improvements. Comparing the size of the Palmisano and 20 Arpent watersheds, the increase in peak discharge will increase the flood stage on the 20 Arpent Canal. If the increase in flood stage is not contained within the channel and causes overbank flooding, then this would be an adverse or unacceptable drainage impact. If the increase in flood stage is contained within the channel then drainage impact would be acceptable.

At the confluence of Palmisano Canal and 20 Arpent Canal, the flow in 20 Arpent Canal is to the East. The flow in 20 Arpent Canal discharges into Chalona Canal. To the West or upstream of the confluence the 20 Arpent Canal the flow is more restricted than the flow towards the East. St. Bernard Parish Government Public Works Staff provided historical information of flooding problems in the study area. The road crossing of Palmisano Boulevard at 20 Arpent Canal the existing culverts two 60" diameter CMP are restricting drainage of the area upstream of Palmisano Boulevard. It is a recommendation to replace the existing culverts with a bridge. The bridge will mitigate the adverse drainage impact caused by the proposed drainage improvements on Palmisano Canal.

# Appendix A DRAINAGE AREA MAP



# Appendix B PHOTOGRAPHS



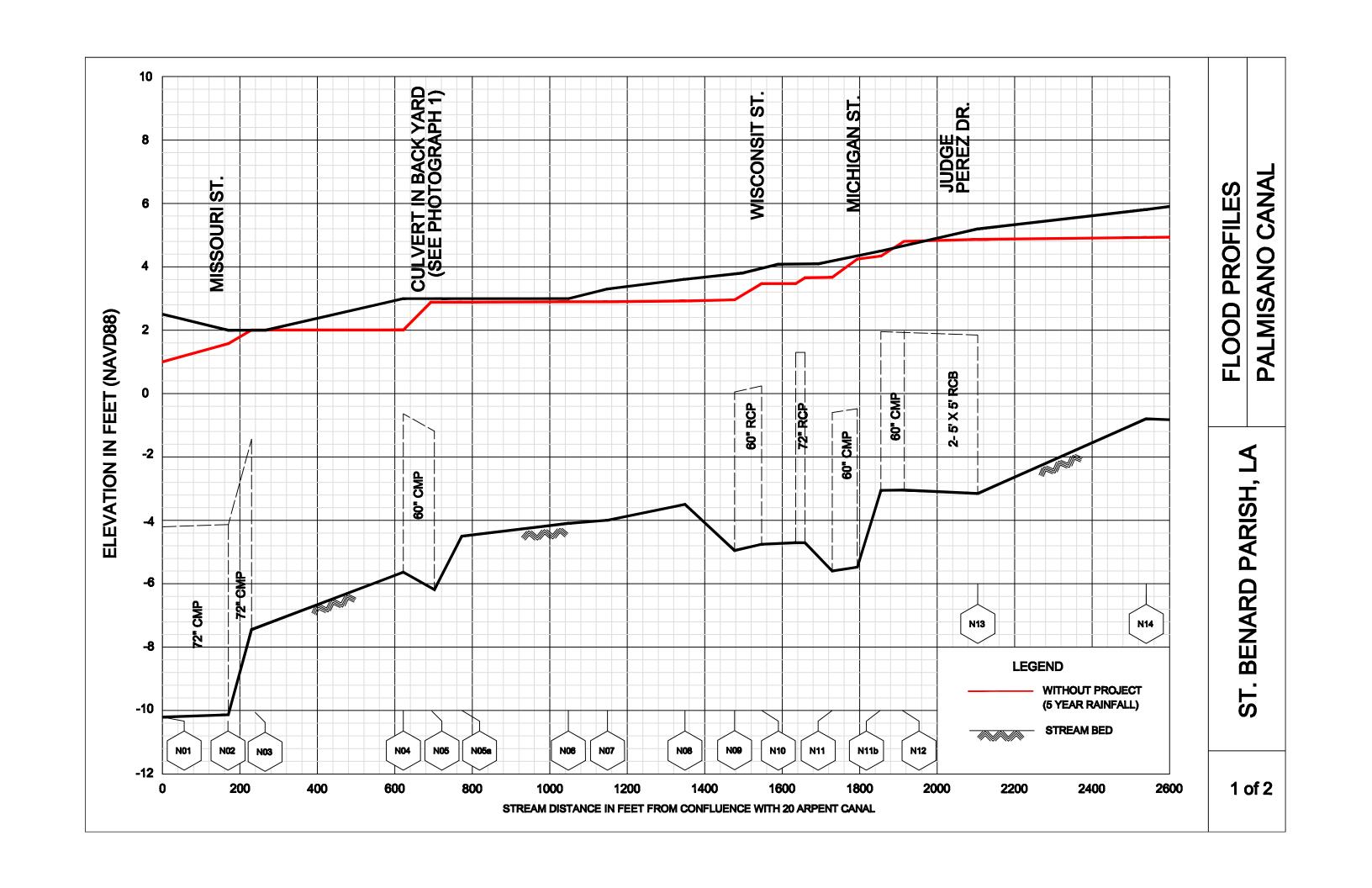
Photograph 1. Culvert Installed in Channel

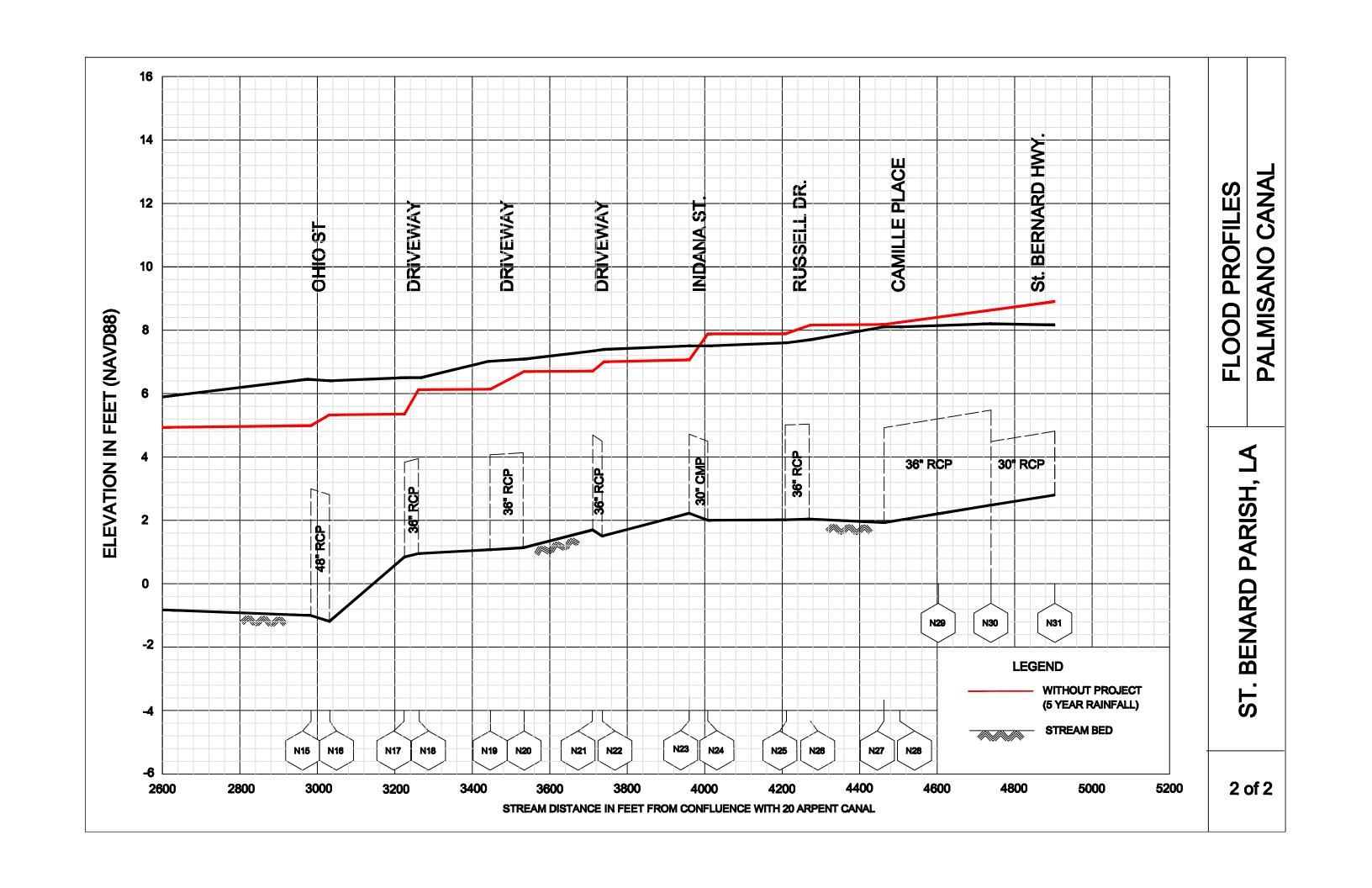


Photograph 2. Location of Channel and Edge of Palmisano Boulevard

## **Appendix C**

## **EXISTING CONDITIONS**5-YEAR FLOOD PROFILE





## **Appendix D**

## ISTING CONDITIONS ICPR MODEL

## **Appendix D.1**

Basin Name: B01 Group Name: BASE Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR Node Name: N31 Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Fator: 256.0 Spec Time Inc (min): 6.79 Comp Time Inc (min): 5.00 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700 Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00 Status: Onsite Time of Conc (min): 50.90 Time Shift (hrs): 0.00 Area (ac): 4.650 Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 90.000 DCIA (%): 0.000 Time Max (hrs): 12.67 Flow Max (cfs): 9.17 Runoff Volume (in): 6.502 Runoff Volume (ft3): 109745 Basin Name: B02

Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N30

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Fator: 256.0 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.40 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.40 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700 Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00 Status: Onsite Time of Conc (min): 25.50 Time Shift (hrs): 0.00 Area (ac): 2.760 Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 88.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.35 Flow Max (cfs): 8.00 Runoff Volume (in): 6.271 Runoff Volume (ft3): 62830

Basin Name: B03
Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N28

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 4.51
Comp Time Inc (min): 4.51
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 33.80

Time Shift (hrs): 0.00 Area (ac): 5.570

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000

Curve Number: 88.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.47
Flow Max (cfs): 13.87
Runoff Volume (in): 6.271
Runoff Volume (ft3): 126785

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Basin Name: B04 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N26

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 4.59
Comp Time Inc (min): 4.59
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 34.40
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.680

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 88.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.46
Flow Max (cfs): 14.00
Runoff Volume (in): 6.268
Runoff Volume (ft3): 129246

-----

Basin Name: B05
Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N24

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.85
Comp Time Inc (min): 3.85
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite

Time of Conc (min): 28.90
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.610

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 85.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.39
Flow Max (cfs): 14.53
Runoff Volume (in): 5.919
Runoff Volume (ft3): 120543

-----

Basin Name: B06
Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N22

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 4.01
Comp Time Inc (min): 4.01
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 30.10

Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 6.140
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 85.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.44
Flow Max (cfs): 15.61
Runoff Volume (in): 5.919

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Basin Name: B07 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N20

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Fator: 256.0 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.96 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.96 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700 Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00 Status: Onsite Time of Conc (min): 29.70 Time Shift (hrs): 0.00 Area (ac): 5.100

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 82.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.41 Flow Max (cfs): 12.35 Runoff Volume (in): 5.571 Runoff Volume (ft3): 103136

Basin Name: B08 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N18

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Fator: 256.0 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.89 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.89 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700 Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00 Status: Onsite Time of Conc (min): 29.20 Time Shift (hrs): 0.00

Area (ac): 5.670 Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 85.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.39

```
Flow Max (cfs): 14.59
Runoff Volume (in): 5.919
Runoff Volume (ft3): 121819
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Basin Name: B09 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N16

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 3.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 28.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.510
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 85.000

DCIA (%): 0.000
Time Max (hrs): 12.38

Flow Max (cfs): 14.52 Runoff Volume (in): 5.919 Runoff Volume (ft3): 118395

Basin Name: B10 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N14

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 4.51
Comp Time Inc (min): 4.51
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 33.80
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 10.810
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 88.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.47 Flow Max (cfs): 26.92 Runoff Volume (in): 6.271 Runoff Volume (ft3): 246059

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Basin Name: B11 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N13

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.21
Comp Time Inc (min): 3.21
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 24.10
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 11.720
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000 Curve Number: 91.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.37
Flow Max (cfs): 36.28
Runoff Volume (in): 6.626
Runoff Volume (ft3): 281881

------

Basin Name: B12 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N11a

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 20.50
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 3.950

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000

Curve Number: 95.000 DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.35 Flow Max (cfs): 13.71 Runoff Volume (in): 7.098 Runoff Volume (ft3): 101771

-----

Basin Name: B13
Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N11b

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 20.50
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00

Area (ac): 4.010
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 91.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.35 Flow Max (cfs): 13.45 Runoff Volume (in): 6.624 Runoff Volume (ft3): 96417

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Basin Name: B14 Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N10

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite

Time of Conc (min): 20.50
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00

```
Area (ac): 3.090
  Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
         Curve Number: 91.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
       Time Max (hrs): 12.35
       Flow Max (cfs): 10.36
    Runoff Volume (in): 6.624
   Runoff Volume (ft3): 74297
______
           Basin Name: B15
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR
            Node Name: N08
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
      Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
        Peaking Fator: 256.0
   Spec Time Inc (min): 2.56
   Comp Time Inc (min): 2.56
        Rainfall File: Scsiii
  Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
  Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
    Time of Conc (min): 19.20
      Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
           Area (ac): 6.010
  Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
         Curve Number: 92.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
       Time Max (hrs): 12.33
       Flow Max (cfs): 21.03
    Runoff Volume (in): 6.743
   Runoff Volume (ft3): 147107
______
           Basin Name: B16
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR
            Node Name: N07
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
      Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
        Peaking Fator: 256.0
   Spec Time Inc (min): 2.20
   Comp Time Inc (min): 2.20
        Rainfall File: Scsiii
```

Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700 Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00

Status: Onsite

```
Time of Conc (min): 16.50
      Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
            Area (ac): 3.440
  Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
         Curve Number: 88.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
        Time Max (hrs): 12.32
        Flow Max (cfs): 12.29
    Runoff Volume (in): 6.272
   Runoff Volume (ft3): 78317
           Basin Name: B17
            Group Name: BASE
            Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR
            Node Name: N05
            Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
         Peaking Fator: 256.0
   Spec Time Inc (min): 3.15
   Comp Time Inc (min): 3.15
         Rainfall File: Scsiii
  Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700
  Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
               Status: Onsite
    Time of Conc (min): 23.60
      Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
            Area (ac): 6.510
  Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
          Curve Number: 88.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
        Time Max (hrs): 12.38
        Flow Max (cfs): 19.63
    Runoff Volume (in): 6.271
   Runoff Volume (ft3): 148192
______
           Basin Name: B18
           Group Name: BASE
            Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR
            Node Name: N03
            Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
         Peaking Fator: 256.0
   Spec Time Inc (min): 2.24
```

Comp Time Inc (min): 2.24

Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700

Rainfall File: Scsiii

Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00

Status: Onsite

Time of Conc (min): 16.80
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00

Area (ac): 8.330

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000

Curve Number: 88.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.32 Flow Max (cfs): 29.56

Runoff Volume (in): 6.271 Runoff Volume (ft3): 189623

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Basin Name: P1
Group Name: BASE

Simulation: 5YEAR24HOUR

Node Name: N32

Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh256

Peaking Fator: 256.0

Spec Time Inc (min): 4.88

Comp Time Inc (min): 4.88

Rainfall File: Scsiii

Rainfall Amount (in): 7.700

Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00

Status: Onsite

Time of Conc (min): 36.60

Time Shift (hrs): 0.00

e Shift (hrs): 0.00 Area (ac): 21.000

Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000

G 37 1 . 05 000

Curve Number: 85.000

DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.53

Flow Max (cfs): 47.13

Runoff Volume (in): 5.922

Runoff Volume (ft3): 451413

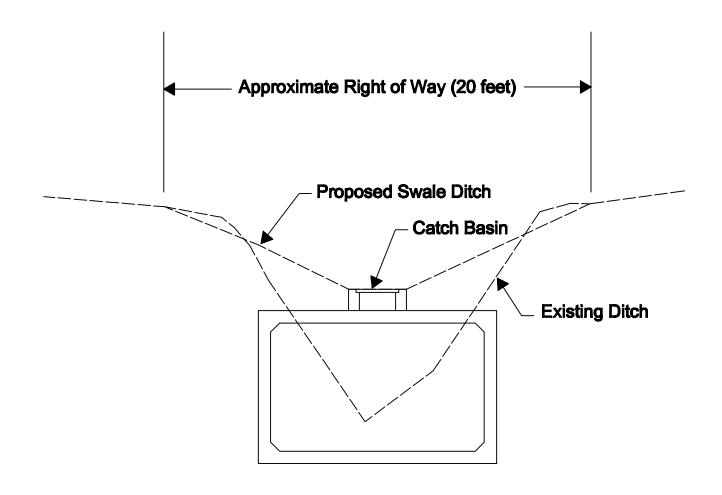
# Appendix D.2 Hydraulics

Name	Simulation	Max Time Stage hrs	Max Stage ft	Warning Stage ft	Max Delta Stage ft	Max Surf Area ft2	Max Time Inflow hrs	Max Inflow cfs	Max Time Outflow hrs	Max Outflow cfs
N01	EXISTING	13.00	1.00	2.50	0.0016	26	14.38	110.89	0.00	0.00
N02	EXISTING	13.01	1.59	2.00	0.0066	13772	14.53	110.58	14.38	110.89
N03	EXISTING	13.05	2.02	2.00	-0.0042	20701	14.47	108.50	14.53	110.58
N04	EXISTING	13.05	2.03	3.00	-0.0017	14630	14.54	104.02	14.57	105.45
N05	EXISTING	13.38	2.89	3.00	-0.0048	24455	14.77	223.09	14.54	104.02
N05a	EXISTING	13.38	2.89	3.00	-0.5000	11795	14.77	98.01	14.77	220.74
N06	EXISTING	13.39	2.92	2.90	-0.1000	76673	12.34	95.29	14.77	98.01
N07	EXISTING	13.39	2.93	2.90	0.0012	38031	12.34	103.22	12.34	95.29
N08	EXISTING	13.40	2.97	3.40	0.0010	31099	12.33	96.44	12.35	91.18
N09	EXISTING	13.40	3.00	3.50	0.0046	20463	13.83	82.08	14.09	83.20
N10	EXISTING	13.43	3.48	3.60	-0.0057	5138	12.31	128.19	13.83	82.08
N10a	EXISTING	13.43	3.48	3.60	0.0057	5165	14.09	79.83	12.31	117.97
N10b	EXISTING	13.46	3.67	3.60	-0.0050	6948	12.26	106.84	14.09	79.83
N11	EXISTING	13.46	3.68	3.80	0.0057	15337	13.32	78.89	12.26	106.84
N11a	EXISTING	13.45	4.26	3.80	0.0436	33747	11.98	359.40	13.32	78.89
N11b	EXISTING	13.45	4.35	4.20	-0.4600	53534	12.33	84.59	11.98	352.11
N12	EXISTING	13.34	4.82	4.20	-0.4600	1637	12.72	73.93	12.75	73.67
N13	EXISTING	13.32	4.89	5.20	-0.3500	134816	12.42	107.83	12.72	73.93
N14	EXISTING	13.26	4.94	5.20	-0.2000	7378	12.49	76.25	12.50	73.85
N15	EXISTING	13.23	5.01	6.00	0.0012	3720	12.48	50.90	12.49	49.72
N16	EXISTING	13.00	5.35	6.50	0.0013	2069	12.46	51.63	12.48	50.90
N17	EXISTING	13.00	5.37	6.50	-1.8400	1774	15.79	39.71	15.76	40.21
N18	EXISTING	12.91	6.14	6.50	-1.9500	2793	12.19	39.37	15.79	39.71
N19	EXISTING	12.93	6.15	6.50	0.0013	6160	15.81	37.38	15.81	37.75
N20	EXISTING	13.45	6.71	6.70	-0.0013	35768	15.81	36.95	15.81	37.38
N21	EXISTING	13.46	6.73	7.00	0.0011	17480	15.82	35.21	15.81	35.58
N22	EXISTING	13.80	7.07	7.00	-0.0014	87427	12.43	35.12	15.82	35.21
N23	EXISTING	13.80	7.08	7.50	-0.0013	8751	16.40	28.54	16.19	29.38
N24	EXISTING	13.81	7.92	7.50	-0.0022	25371	16.46	27.51	16.40	28.54
N25	EXISTING	13.81	7.92	7.60	-0.0022	4866	16.67	25.74	16.48	26.20
N26	EXISTING	14.06	8.08	7.70	-0.0025	42469	16.73	25.19	16.67	25.74
N27	EXISTING	14.07	8.09	7.70	-0.0025	6307	16.74	23.29	16.74	23.85
N28	EXISTING	14.31	8.17	7.70	-0.0046	67952	17.74	20.84	16.74	23.29
N29	EXISTING	14.50	8.22	7.80	0.0045	6494	17.77	19.90	17.77	19.9
N30	EXISTING	14.81	8.27	7.90	0.0048	61352	17.94	18.89	17.77	19.90
N31	EXISTING	15.32	8.45	8.00	-0.0142	91078	12.67	15.87	17.95	18.48
N32	EXISTING	15.66	7.91	7.50	-0.0050	423078	12.50	47.13	7.81	6.70

		Max Time	Max	Max	Max Time	Max	Max Time	Max
Name	Simulation	Flow	Flow	Delta Q	US Stage	US Stage	DS Stage	DS Stage
		hrs	cfs	cfs	hrs	ft	hrs	ft
C01	EXISTING	16.74	23.85	-2.869	14.07	8.09	14.06	8.08
C02	EXISTING	16.48	26.20	-0.097	13.81	7.92	13.81	7.92
C03	EXISTING	16.19	29.38	0.264	13.80	7.08	13.80	7.07
C04	EXISTING	15.81	35.58	-0.148	13.46	6.73	13.45	6.71
C05	EXISTING	15.81	37.75	-0.188	12.93	6.15	12.91	6.14
C06	EXISTING	15.76	40.21	0.078	13.00	5.37	13.00	5.35
C07	EXISTING	12.49	49.72	0.015	13.23	5.01	13.26	4.94
C08	EXISTING	12.50	73.85	0.041	13.26	4.94	13.32	4.89
C09	EXISTING	11.98	352.11	352.107	13.45	4.35	13.45	4.26
C10	EXISTING	12.26	106.84	76.104	13.46	3.68	13.46	3.67
C11	EXISTING	12.31	117.97	84.458	13.43	3.48	13.43	3.48
C12	EXISTING	14.09	83.20	0.193	13.40	3.00	13.40	2.97
C13	EXISTING	12.35	91.18	0.197	13.40	2.97	13.39	2.93
C14	EXISTING	12.34	95.29	-0.650	13.39	2.93	13.39	2.92
C15	EXISTING	14.77	98.01	-5.693	13.39	2.92	13.38	2.89
C16	EXISTING	14.77	220.74	-111.041	13.38	2.89	13.38	2.89
C17	EXISTING	14.57	105.45	1.101	13.05	2.03	13.05	2.02
P01	EXISTING	17.95	18.48	1.299	15.32	8.45	14.81	8.27
P02	EXISTING	17.77	19.90	2.302	14.81	8.27	14.50	8.22
P03	EXISTING	17.77	19.93	2.150	14.50	8.22	14.31	8.17
P04	EXISTING	16.74	23.29	0.407	14.31	8.17	14.07	8.09
P05	EXISTING	16.67	25.74	-0.033	14.06	8.08	13.81	7.92
P06	EXISTING	16.40	28.54	-0.437	13.81	7.92	13.80	7.08
P07	EXISTING	15.82	35.21	-0.026	13.80	7.07	13.46	6.73
P08	EXISTING	15.81	37.38	0.098	13.45	6.71	12.93	6.15
P09	EXISTING	15.79	39.71	1.107	12.91	6.14	13.00	5.37
P10	EXISTING	12.48	50.90	0.015	13.00	5.35	13.23	5.01
P11	EXISTING	12.72	73.93	-2.191	13.32	4.89	13.34	4.82
P12	EXISTING	12.75	73.67	4.667	13.34	4.82	13.45	4.35
P13	EXISTING	13.32	78.89	5.475	13.45	4.26	13.46	3.68
P14	EXISTING	14.09	79.83	-2.672	13.46	3.67	13.43	3.48
P15	EXISTING	13.83	82.08	3.047	13.43	3.48	13.40	3.00
P16	EXISTING	14.54	104.02	-0.476	13.38	2.89	13.05	2.03
P17	EXISTING	14.53	110.58	20.204	13.05	2.02	13.01	1.59
P18	EXISTING	14.38	110.89	-8.242	13.01	1.59	13.00	1.00
PUMP	EXISTING	7.81	6.70	6.700	15.66	7.91	15.32	8.45

#### **Appendix E**

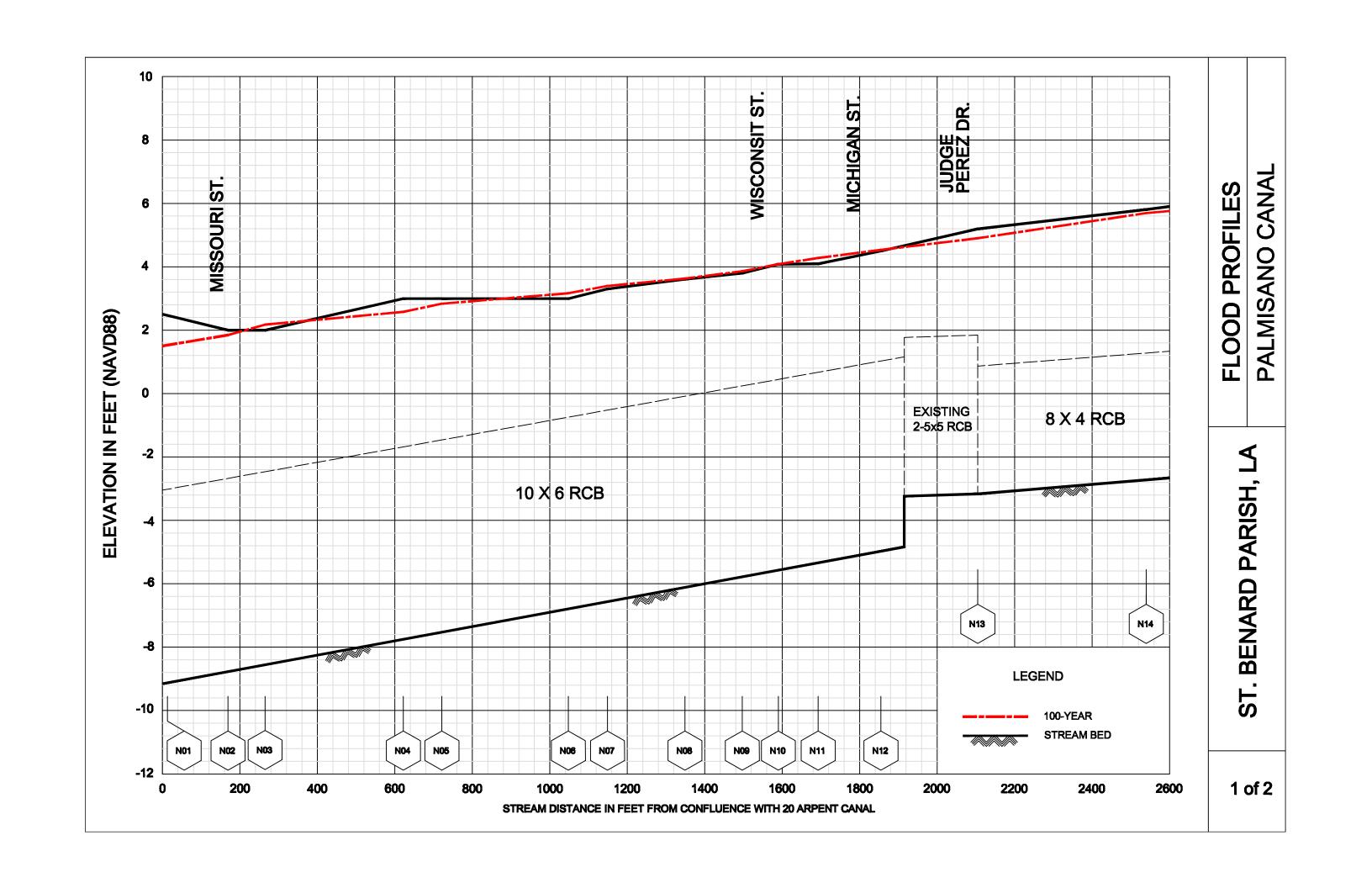
## TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

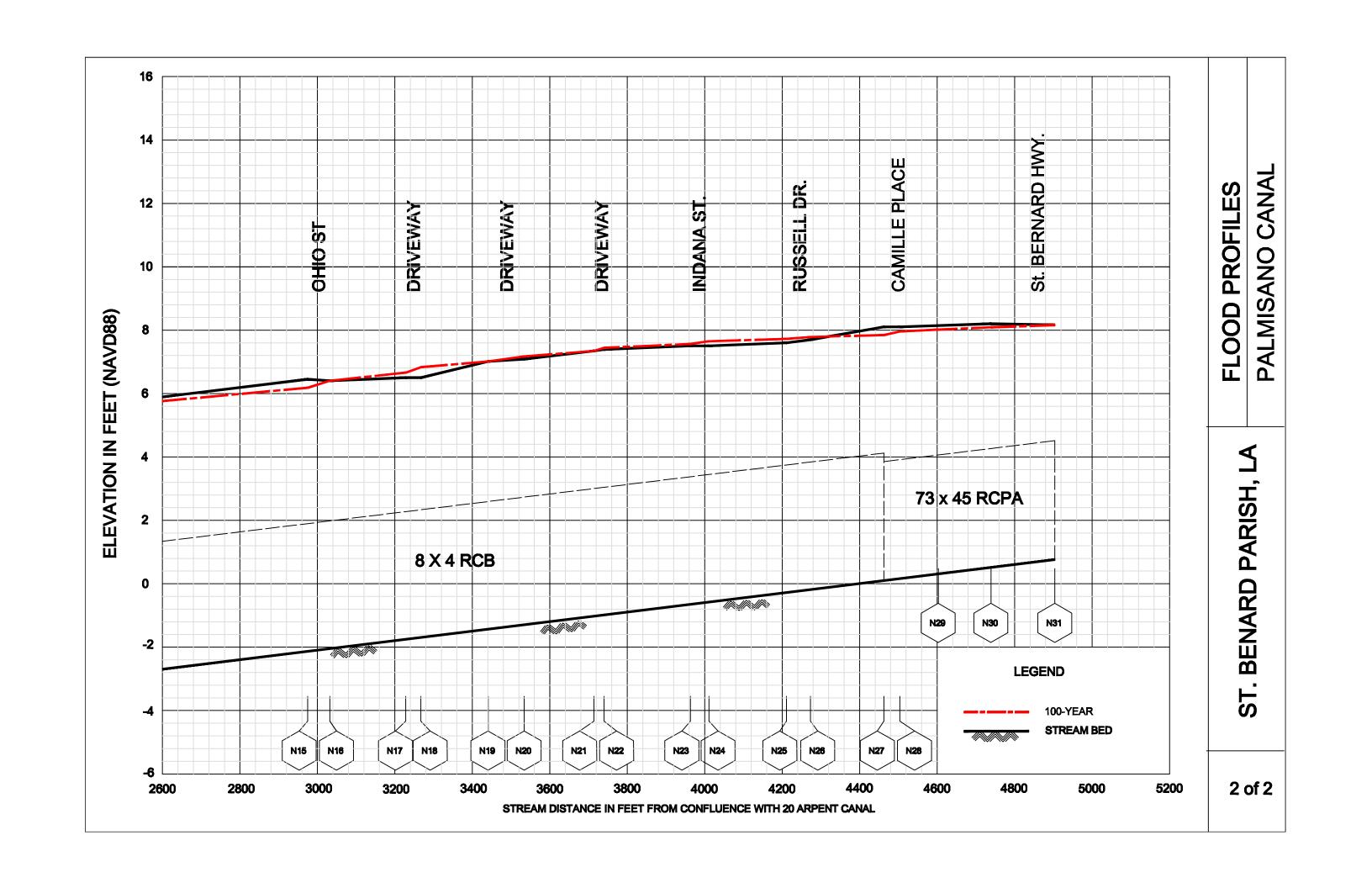


**TYPICAL CROSS SECTION** 

#### **Appendix F**

#### DESIGN CONDITIONS 100-YEAR FLOOD PROFILE





#### **Appendix G**

### DESIGN CONDITIONS ICPR MODEL

# Appendix G.1 ICPR Model Input

---- Basins -----Name: B01 Node: N31 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Group: BASE Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Factor: 256.0 Unit Hydrograph: Un26 Peaking Factor: 256.0

Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00

Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 50.90

Area(ac): 3.500 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00

Curve Number: 85.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 Curve Number: 85.00 DCIA(%): 0.00 Name: B02 Node: N30 Group: BASE Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Status: Onsite Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 25.50
Area(ac): 2.760 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 88.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
DCIA(%): 0.00 Peaking Factor: 256.0 DCIA(%): 0.00 Node: N28 Name: B03 Status: Onsite Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Group: BASE Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Factor: 256.0
Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 33.80
Area(ac): 5.570 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 88.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 DCIA(%): 0.00 Name: B04 Group: BASE Node: N26 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Status: Onsite Peaking Factor: 256.0 Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 34.40
Area(ac): 5.680 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 88.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 Curve Number: 88.00 DCIA(%): 0.00 Node: N24 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Name: B05 Status: Onsite Group: BASE Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Factor: 256.0
Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 28.90
Area(ac): 5.610 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 85.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000

DCIA(%): 0.00

Name: B06 Node: N22 Status: Onsite Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Group: BASE Peaking Factor: 256.0 Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00 Time of Conc(min): 30.10 Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Area(ac): 6.140 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00 Curve Number: 85.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 DCIA(%): 0.00 Node: N20 Status: Onsite Group: BASE Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Factor: 256.0 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 DCIA(%): 0.00 Node: N18 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Name: BOS Status: Onsite Group: BASE Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Rainfall File: Scsiii Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Peaking Factor: 256.0 Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00 Time of Conc(min): 29.20 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00 Curve Number: 85.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 DCIA(%): 0.00 Name: B09 Node: N16 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Status: Onsite Group: BASE Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Peaking Factor: 256.0 Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00 Time of Conc(min): 28.00 Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 Curve Number: 85.00 DCIA(%): 0.00 Name: B10 Node: N14 Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN Status: Onsite Group: BASE Peaking Factor: 256.0 Unit Hydrograph: Uh256 Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00 Time of Conc(min): 33.80 Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800

Area(ac): 10.810 rve Number: 88.00

Curve Number: 88.00 DCIA(%): 0.00 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00 Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000

```
Node: N13
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
    Group: BASE
    Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                 Peaking Factor: 256.0
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Time of Conc(min): 24.10
Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
       Area(ac): 11.720
Curve Number: 91.00
                                        Time Shirt(nrs): 0.00
Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
                                               Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
            DCIA(%): 0.00
                                     Node: N12
    Name: B12
                                                                      Status: Onsite
    Group: BASE
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
    Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                 Peaking Factor: 256.0
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
     Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
Area(ac): 3.950
                                          Time of Conc(min): 20.50
Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
       Curve Number: 95.00
                                         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
            DCIA(%): 0.00
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
    Group: BASE
                                                Peaking Factor: 256.0
    Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
      Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Pile: 5031
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
Area(ac): 4.010
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
                                          Time of Conc(min): 20.50
                                                Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
                                        Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
            DCIA(%): 0.00
                                     Node: N10 Status: Onsite
    Name: B14
    Group: BASE
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
    Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                 Peaking Factor: 256.0
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Time of Conc(min): 20.50
Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
     Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
Area(ac): 3.090
Curve Number: 91.00
                                                Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
                                         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
            DCIA(%): 0.00
    Name: B15
                                      Node: NOS Status: Onsite
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
    Group: BASE
    Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                 Peaking Factor: 256.0
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
Area(ac): 6.010
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
                                          Time of Conc(min): 19.20
                                                Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
                                         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
       Curve Number: 92.00
            DCIA(%): 0.00
```

```
Node: NO7
       Name: B16
                                                                    Status: Onsite
       Group: BASE
                                       Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
        hit Hydrograph: Unzo
Rainfall File: Scsiii
all Amount(in): 7.800
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                 Peaking Factor: 256.0
                                          Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Time of Conc(min): 16.50
Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
   Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800
Area(ac): 3.440
Curve Number: 88.00
                                         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
               DCIA(%): 0.00
        Name: B17
                                       Node: NO5
                                                                   Status: Onsite
       Group: BASE
                                       Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                Peaking Factor: 256.0
   Time of Conc(min): 23.60
Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
               DCIA(%): 0.00
       Group: BASE
                                       Node: NO3
                                                                   Status: Onsite
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                Peaking Factor: 256.0
   | Rainfall File: Scsiii | Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00 |
| Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 | Time of Conc(min): 16.80 |
| Area(ac): 8.330 | Time Shift(hrs): 0.00 |
| Curve Number: 88.00 | Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000 |
               DCIA(%): 0.00
       Name: P1
                                     Node: N32 Status: Onsite
                                      Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN
       Group: BASE
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
                                                Peaking Factor: 256.0
   Rainfall File: Scsiii Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.800 Time of Conc(min): 36.60
Area(ac): 21.000 Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
          Curve Number: 85.00
                                          Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
               DCIA(%): 0.00
---- Nodes ------
_____
                                                             Init Stage(ft): -6.000
     Name: NO1
                              Base Flow(cfs): 0.000
    Group: BASE
                                                              Warn Stage(ft): 2.500
     Type: Time/Stage
     Time (hrs)
                   Stage (ft)
          0.00
                       -6.000
```

10.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 18.00 24.00 30.00	-5.000 -3.000 1.000 1.500 1.000 -2.000 -3.000		
Name: N02 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		 Flow(cfs):	 Init Stage(ft): -6.000 Warn Stage(ft): 2.000
Stage(ft)			
1.000 2.000 2.500 3.000	0.0100 0.5300 1.5300 4.3000		
Name: NO3 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		 Flow(cfs):	Init Stage(ft): -6.000 Warn Stage(ft): 2.000
	Area(ac)		
1.000 1.500 2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500	0.2000 0.2500 0.3000 0.4000 0.7800 0.9800		
Name: NO4 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Flow(cfs):	Init Stage(ft): -6.000 Warn Stage(ft): 3.000
Stage(ft)	Area(ac)		
1.500 2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500	0.1200 0.1800 0.1900 0.2000 0.6500		
Name: N05 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Flow(cfs):	Init Stage(ft): -6.000 Warn Stage(ft): 3.000
Stage (ft)	Area(ac)		
1.500 2.000 2.500 3.000	0.1200 0.1500 0.1700 0.2000		

3.500	0.6500						
Name: N06 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	
Stage(ft)	Area(ac)						
1.500 2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500	0.1000 0.2000 0.9400 1.7700 1.9300						
Name: N07 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	
	Area (ac)						
1.500 2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500 4.000	0.0800 0.1000 0.3100 0.8700 2.6000 2.8000						
Name: NOS Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	
	Area (ac)						
2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500 4.000	0.1000 0.1700 0.6600 1.5200 2.5000						
Name: N09 Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	
Stage(ft)	Area (ac)						
2.000 2.500 3.000 3.500 4.000	0.0100 0.1100 0.4300 1.1000 1.5000						
Name: N10		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group: BASE					Warn	Stage(ft):	4.100

Type: Stage/Are	à						
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
2.000	0.0100						
2.500	0.0300						
3.000	0.0600						
3.500 4.000	0.3200						
4.000	0.0300						
Name: N11			Flow(cfs):			Stage (ft):	
Group: BASE			,,-			Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Are	ā.						
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
3.000 3.500	0.1800						
4.000	1.2000						
4.500	1.8000						
Name: N12		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init	Stage (ft):	-4.740
Group: BASE					Warn	Stage(ft):	4.500
Type: Stage/Are	à						
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
3.000	0.0100						
3.500 4.000	0.4500						
4.500	1.3800						
5.000	1.5000						
Name: N13			Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage (ft):	-3.150
Group: BASE			,,.			Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Are	a						
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
3.000	0.0100						
4.000 4.500	0.2600						
5.000	1.9000						
5.500	5.4500						
6.000	8.1100						
Name: N14		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group: BASE Type: Stage/Are					Warn	Stage (ft):	5.200
Type: Stage/Are							
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						

5.000 5.500	0.2000						
6.000	0.4100						
6.500	0.5700						
Name: N15		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group: BASE					Warn	Stage(ft):	6.200
Type: Stage/Area							
0+200 ( <b>5</b> +1	Area (ac)						
Stage (ft)							
5.500	0.2700						
6.000	0.3500						
6.500 7.000	1.6600 2.5000						
7.000	2.5000						
Name: N16 Group: BASE		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Area					Mazn	Stage(ft):	0.400
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
5.500 6.000	0.0400						
6.500	0.1500						
7.000	0.3000						
Name: N17		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group: BASE					Warn	Stage(ft):	6.700
Type: Stage/Area							
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
Stage (10)							
6.000	0.0200						
6.500 7.000	0.1000						
7.000	0.1300						
Name: N18		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage (ft):	
Group: BASE Type: Stage/Area					wazn	Stage(ft):	0.000
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
Stage (ft)	Area (ac)						
6.000 6.500	0.0200						
7.000	0.6100						
Name: N19			Flow(cfs):			Stage(ft):	
Group: BASE		2426	erow(ora):			Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Area							

	ft)							
6.	000	0.0600						
7.	000	0.7800						
Name:			Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group:						warn	Stage(ft):	7.100
Type:	Stage/Area							
Stage (	ft)	Area (ac)						
6.	000	0.0600						
6.	500 000	0.1500						
7.	000	1.6300						
Name:			Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft):	
Group:						Warn	Stage(ft):	7.300
Type:	Stage/Area							
Stage (	ft)	Area (ac)						
6.	000 500 000	0.0800						
6.	500	0.1100						
7.	000	0.6800						
Wana				77 ( - 5 - )		T-14	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.540
Name:	N22		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage (ft):	
Group:	BASE		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000		Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	
Group:	N22 BASE Stage/Area		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group:	BASE		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group:	BASE		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type:	BASE		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage(	BASE Stage/Area ft)	Area(ac)	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage(	BASE Stage/Area ft)	Area(ac)	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage( 6.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage( 6.	BASE Stage/Area ft)	Area(ac)	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000			
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100		Flow(cfs):		Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100				Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type:	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area(ac) 0.2500 0.7000 1.8100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type: Stage( 6. 7.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area	Area (ac)  0.2500 0.7000 1.8100  Area (ac)  0.0100 0.1000 0.2100 0.7100	Base			Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type: Stage( 6. 7.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 000	Area (ac)  0.2500 0.7000 1.8100  Area (ac)  0.0100 0.1000 0.2100 0.7100	Base		0.000	Warn	Stage(ft):	7.400 -0.310 7.600
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type: Stage( 6. 7. 8.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 000	Area (ac)  0.2500 0.7000 1.8100  Area (ac)  0.0100 0.1000 0.2100 0.7100	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Warn	Stage(ft): Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	7.400 -0.310 7.600
Group: Type: Stage( 6. 6. 7. Name: Group: Type: Stage( 6. 7. 7. 8.	BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 500 000 N23 BASE Stage/Area ft) 000 000	Area (ac)  0.2500 0.7000 1.8100  Area (ac)  0.0100 0.1000 0.2100 0.7100	Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Warn	Stage(ft): Stage(ft): Stage(ft):	7.400 -0.310 7.600

Stage(ft)	Area(ac)					
	0.0100					
7.000	0.0700					
7.500 8.000	0.1000					
8.000	0.0700 0.1000 0.6300					
Name: N25		Race	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft):	-0.060
Group: BASE		Dase	riow(cra).		Warn Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Area					man stage (stay)	
Stage(ft)						
7 000						
	0.0100					
8.000	0.0500					
Name: N26		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft):	0.000
Group: BASE					Warn Stage(ft):	7.800
Type: Stage/Area						
Stage(ft)						
7 000						
7.800	0.0500					
7.000 7.800 8.000	0.8100					
Name: N27		Base	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft):	0.000
Group: BASE		Dasa	rion(ora).		Warn Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Area						
Stage (ft)	Area(ac)					
	0.0200					
7.500 8.000	0.0500					
8.000	0.1000					
Name: N28		Rase	Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft):	2.030
Group: BASE		Dase	riow(cra):	0.000	Warn Stage (ft):	
Type: Stage/Area					marin bougo (10)	
Stage (ft)	Area(ac)					
7.000						
7.500 8.000	0.5400					
8.000	1.3000					
Warran WAA		B	Plant-fall	0.000	Tolk Observation	2 210
Name: N29 Group: BASE		Sase	Flow(cfs):	0.000	<pre>Init Stage(ft): Warn Stage(ft):</pre>	
Type: Stage/Area					main stage (10):	0.200
-11-1 00030111100						

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Stage		Area(ac)			
7.	.500	0.0200 0.1100			
Name: Group: Type:			Base Flow(cfs):		Init Stage(ft): 2.480 Warn Stage(ft): 8.200
Stage		Area(ac)			
	.000	0.0100			
8.	.000	0.2000			
8.	.500	2.4000			
Name:	W31		Base Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft): 2.800
Group:			pase slow(cis):		Warn Stage(ft): 2.000
	Stage/Area				Hans dange (a.c.)
Stage	(ft)	Area(ac)			
	.000	0.5000			
	.000	1.6000			
	.000	2.7000			
9.	.500	4.4000			
Name: Group:	BASE		Base Flow(cfs):	0.000	Init Stage(ft): 0.000 Warn Stage(ft): 8.100
Type:	Stage/Area				
Type:	(ft)	Area(ac)			
Stage	(ft)				
Stage:	(ft) .000	0.0100			
Stage: -2. 0. 2.	(ft) .000 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500			
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4.	(ft) .000 .000 .900	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000			
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6.	(ft) .000 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500			
-2. 0. 2. 4. 6.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000			
=2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000			
=2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7.	(ft) .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000			
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000 .500	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000			
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000 .500	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000 19.6000			
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8. 8.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000 .500 .000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000	Group: BASE		
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8. 8.	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .500 .500 ing Tables	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000	Group: BASE		
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 8. 8.  Operati  Name: Type: Function:	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000 .500 .000 .500 .500 .Tables PUMP1 Rating Cur US Stage v	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000 19.6000	Group: BASE		
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8. 8.  Name: Type: Function:	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .500 .500 .500 .500 .Tables PUMP1 Rating Cur US Stage v	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000 19.6000	Group: BASE		
Stage: -2. 0. 2. 4. 6. 7. 7. 8. 8.  Operati  Name: Type: Function:  US Stage:	(ft) .000 .000 .900 .000 .000 .000 .500 .000 .500 .500 .Tables PUMP1 Rating Cur US Stage v	0.0100 0.0100 0.0500 0.1000 0.2000 0.7200 4.1000 11.0000 19.6000	Group: BASE		

Name: PUMP2 Group: BASE

Type: Rating Curve Function: US Stage vs. Discharge

US Stage(ft) Discharge(cfs) 7.000 6.70 9,000 6.70

Group: BASE Name: PUMP3

Type: Rating Curve

Function: US Stage vs. Discharge

US	8	tag	e (	ſ	t)		D	is	C	ha	Þ	ge	: (	C	ſ	9	)
 				-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
			6.	0	00									6		7	0
			9.	0	00									6		7	0

- Pipes -

Name: P01 From Node: N31 Length(ft): 165.00 Group: BASE To Node: N30 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Arch Span(in): 73.00 Arch Flow: Both 73.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.50 Rise(in): 45.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 45.00 Invert(ft): 1.490 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 1.280 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Name: P02 From Node: N30 Length(ft): 135.00

To Node: N29 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Arch Span(in): 73.00 Flow: Both Arch 73.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Rise(in): 45.00 45.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): 1.280 1.100 Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:

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Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

From Node: N29 Length(ft): 90.00
To Node: N28 Count: 1
Friction Equation: Automatic
AM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Name: P03 Group: BASE UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Arch Arch
Span(in): 73.00 73.00
Rise(in): 45.00 45.00
Invert(ft): 1.100 0.990
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn

Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Length(ft): 51.00 From Node: N28 Name: P04 Group: BASE To Node: N27 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20 Exit Loss Coef: 1.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Pipe Arch 18" Corner Radius CM: 90° headwall

From Node: N27 Length(ft): 193.00 Name: P05

Group: BASE To Node: N26 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular
Span(in): 96.00 96.00
Rise(in): 48.00 48.00
Invert(ft): -0.080 -0.340
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.50 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

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Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P06 From Node: N26 Length(ft): 62.00 To Node: N25 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic

UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Bot Clip(in): 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Length(ft): 200.00 Name: P07 From Node: N25 Group: BASE To Node: N24 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic

UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular
Span(in): 96.00 96.00
Rise(in): 48.00 48.00
Invert(ft): -0.420 -0.680
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw

Top Clip(in): 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

From Node: N24 Length(ft): 48.00 Manne + DOS Group: BASE To Node: N23 Count: 1

Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Flow: Positive Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00

Invert(ft): -0.680 -0.740Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -0.680 -0.740 Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P09 From Node: N23 Length(ft): 223.00 Group: BASE To Node: N22 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 96.00 96.00
Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00

Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw | Manning's N: 0.013000 | 0.013000 | Top Clip(in): 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P10 From Node: N22 Length(ft): 26.00 Group: BASE To Node: N21 Friction Equation: Automatic

UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 96.00 96.00
Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P11 From Node: N21 Length(ft): 180.00 Group: BASE To Node: N20 Count: 1

Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet

Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00

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Rise(in): 48.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 48.00 -1.300 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Invert(ft): -1.060 Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

From Node: N20 Length(ft): 93.00 Name: P12 To Node: N19 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Span(in): 96.00 Rise(in): 48.00 96.00 48.00

Invert(ft): -1.300 -1.420Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Manning's N: 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None Bot Clip(in): 0.000

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P13

From Node: N19 To Node: N18 Length(ft): 173.00 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Flow: Positive

Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Invert(ft): -1.420 -1.640 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None 0.000

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Length(ft): 40.00 Name: P14 From Node: N18 Group: BASE To Node: N17 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic

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DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Flow: Positive Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Invert(ft): -1.640 -1.690Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Stabilizer Option: None

Stabilizer Option: None

Length(ft): 193.00 Name: P15 From Node: N17 To Node: N16 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -1.690 -1.940
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Invert(ft): -1.690 -1.940Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Length(ft): 57.00 Name: P16 From Node: N16 Group: BASE To Node: N15 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Flow: Positive Span(in): 96.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Invert(ft): -1.940 Manning's N: 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 -2.0200.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

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Length(ft): 435.00 From Node: N15 Name: P17 Group: BASE To Node: N14 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Invert(ft): -2.020 -2.580Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 0.013000 Manning's N: 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

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Name: P18 From Node: N14 Length(ft): 435.00 Group: BASE To Node: N13 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic DOWNSTREAM UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 96.00 96.00 Rise(in): 48.00 48.00 Invert(ft): -2.580 -3.150 Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.20 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P19 From Node: N13 Length(ft): 190.00

Group: BASE To Node: N12 Count: 2 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Span(in): 60.00 60.00 Rise(in): 60.00 60.00 Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20 Exit Loss Coef: 0.20 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Anvert(ft): -3.150 Manning's N: 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 -3.2400.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

From Node: N12 Name: P20 Length(ft): 220.00 Group: BASE To Node: N11 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
Invert(ft): -4.840 -5.390
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00

Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Length(ft): 103.00 Name: P21 From Node: N11 Group: BASE To Node: N10 To Node: N10 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM

DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Flow: Positive Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
Invert(ft): -5.390 -5.640
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

mame: P22 From Node: N10 Group: BASE Length(ft): 98.00 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet

UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
Invert(ft): -5.640 -5.810
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.01300
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Part Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Flow: Positive 120.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 0.013000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

From Node: NO9 Length(ft): 149.00 To Node: NO8 Count: 1 Name: P23 Group: BASE Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
nvert(ft): -5.810 -6.070 Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -5.810 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00

Invert(ft): -5.810 -6.070
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P24 Group: BASE UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00 Invert(ft): -6.070 -6.880 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00

Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

 
 Name:
 P25
 From Node:
 N07
 Length(ft):
 101.00

 Group:
 BASE
 To Node:
 N06
 Count:
 1

 Friction Equation:
 Automat
 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Span(in): 120.00 120.00 Rise(in): 72.00 72.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00
Bend Loss Coef: 0.00
Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw

Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P26 From Node: NO6 Length(ft): 346.00 To Node: NO5 Friction Equation: Automatic Group: BASE UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00 UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -6.930 -7.830
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Name: P27 From Node: NO5 Length(ft): 83.00 Group: BASE To Node: NO4 Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
Invert(ft): -7.830 -7.970
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

To Node: NO3 Group: BASE UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
Geometry: Rectangular
Span(in): 120.00 120.00
Rise(in): 72.00 72.00
Invert(ft): -7.970 -8.940
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Friction Equation: Automatic Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Flow: Positive Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 Exit Loss Coef: 0.00

Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn Stabilizer Option: None

Bend Loss Coef: 0.00

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Friction Equation: Automatic UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Flow: Positive Geometry: 220.00 120.00 Span(in): 120.00 72.00 72.00 120.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.20

Exit Loss Coef: 0.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -8.940 -8.990
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.0130
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000
Bot Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 -8.990 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn 0.013000 Top Clip(in): 0.000 Bot Clip(in): 0.000 Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

From Node: NO2 Length(ft): 170.00 Name: P30 To Node: NO1 Group: BASE Count: 1 Friction Equation: Automatic

UPSTREAM Solution Algorithm: Always Outlet DOWNSTREAM Geometry: Rectangular Rectangular Flow: Positive Span(in): 120.00 120.00 Rise(in): 72.00 72.00 Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00 120.00 Exit Loss Coef: 1.00 Bend Loss Coef: 0.00 Invert(ft): -8.940 -9.100
Manning's N: 0.013000 0.013000
Top Clip(in): 0.000 0.000 Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn or tw Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dn

Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description: Rectangular Box: 30° to 75° wingwall flares

--- Channels

From Node: Length(ft): 0.00 Group: BASE To Node: Count: 1

UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM Friction Equation: Automatic Geometry: Trapezoidal Trapezoidal Solution Algorithm: Automatic

```
0.000
9999.000
0.000000
0.000
   Invert(ft): 0.000
                                                         Flow: Both
TClpInitZ(ft): 9999.000
                                              Contraction Coef: 0.100
  Manning's N: 0.000000
                                                 Expansion Coef: 0.300
 Top Clip(ft): 0.000
                                              Entrance Loss Coef: 0.000
                      0.000
 Bot Clip(ft): 0.000
                                                 Exit Loss Coef: 0.000
                                               Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw
   Main XSec:
                                                Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use do
 AuxElev1(ft):
   Aux XSec1:
                                              Stabilizer Option: None
 AuxElev2(ft):
   Aux XSec2:
Top Width(ft):
   Depth(ft):
                     0.000
Bot Width(ft): 0.000
 Lt8d8lp(h/v): 0.00
                       0.00
 RtSdSlp(h/v): 0.00
---- Rating Curves ------
         Name: PUMP
                          From Node: N32
                                                       Count: 1
                            To Node: N31
      Group: BASE
                                                       Flow: Both
           TABLE
                       ELEV ON(ft)
                                    ELEV OFF(ft)
                                   2.000
2.000
2.000
0.000
        #1: PUMP1
                       2.000
                       4.000
6.000
0.000
        #2: PUMP2
        43: PUMP3
        44:
---- Hydrology Simulations ------
           Name: 100 year
   Filename: C:\Users\lhallner\Desktop\Temp\Palmisano Report\100YEAR24HOUR.R32
    Override Defaults: Yes
   Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
   Rainfall Amount (in): 13.20
Time (hrs)
           Print Inc(min)
30.000
            5.00
      Name: 25YEAR24HOUR
   Filename: C:\Users\lhallner\Desktop\Temp\Palmisano Report\25YEAR24HOUR .R32
    Override Defaults: Yes
   Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
   Rainfall Amount(in): 10.50
Time (hrs)
           Print Inc(min)
30.000
           5.00
---- Routing Simulations ------
```

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Name: 100 year Hydrology Sim: 100 year Filename: C:\Users\lhallmer\Desktop\Temp\Palmisano Report\DBSIGN-100.I32

Resoute: Yes Alternative: No Bestart: No Patch: No

Max Delta 2(ft): 1.00 Time Step Optimiser: 16.000 Elert Time(hrs): 0.000 Min Calo Time(sec): 0.2000 Boundary Stages: Delta I Factor: 0.00500 End Time(hrs): 20.00 Max Calc Time(sec): 60.0000 Scundary Flower

Time (hrs) Print Inc(min)

999.000 15.000

Group Run. Yes RASE

Name: 25vear-desig Hydrology Sim: 25YEEB14HOUR Filename: C:\Users\lhallmer\Desktop\Temp\Palmisano Report\DESIGN25.I32

Restart: No Execute: No Alternative: No Patch: No

Max Delta I(ft): 0.50 Time Step Optimire: 10.000 Start Pine(hre): 0.000 Min Calo Pine(sec): 0.0500 Boundary Stages: Delta I Factors 0.00500 End Time (hre): 20.00 Max Cale Time (eec): 60.0000 Soundary Flows:

Time (hea) Print Inc(min) 999,000 15,000

Group Run BACK Tes

# Appendix G.2 Hydrology

```
Basin Name: B01
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 100 year
            Node Name: N31
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 6.79
 Comp Time Inc (min): 5.00
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 50.90
    Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 3.500
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 85.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.67
Flow Max (cfs): 11.93
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.280
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 143316
           Basin Name: B02
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 100 year
            Node Name: N30
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.40
 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.40
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 25.50
    Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
           Area (ac): 2.760
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 88.000
DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.35
      Flow Max (cfs): 14.48
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.687
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 117085
           Basin Name: B03
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 100 year
            Node Name: N28
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
```

```
Spec Time Inc (min): 4.51
 Comp Time Inc (min): 4.51
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 33.80
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.570
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
         Curve Number: 88.000
            DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.47
      Flow Max (cfs): 25.13
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.686
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 236271
           Basin Name: B04
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 100 year
            Node Name: N26
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 4.59
 Comp Time Inc (min): 4.59
        Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 34.40
    Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.680
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 88.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.46
      Flow Max (cfs): 25.39
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.682
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 240862
           Basin Name: B05
           Group Name: BASE
           Simulation: 100 year
           Node Name: N24
           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
 Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.85
 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.85
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 28.90
    Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
```

```
Node Name: N14
              Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
         Peaking Fator: 256.0
  Spec Time Inc (min): 4.51
 Comp Time Inc (min): 4.51
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                 Status: Onsite
  Time of Conc (min): 33.80
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 10.810
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
           Curve Number: 88.000
               DCIA (%): 0.000
        Time Max (hrs): 12.47
        Flow Max (cfs): 48.78
   Runoff Volume (in): 11.686
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 458543
              Basin Name: B11
              Group Name: BASE
              Simulation: 100 year
Node Name: N13
              Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.21
Comp Time Inc (min): 3.21
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                 Status: Onsite
   Time of Conc (min): 24.10
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 11.720
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
           Curve Number: 91.000
               DCIA (%): 0.000
 Time Max (hrs): 12.37
Flow Max (cfs): 64.23
Runoff Volume (in): 12.078
Runoff Volume (ft3): 513853
              Basin Name: B12
              Group Name: BASE
              Simulation: 100 year
               Node Name: N12
              Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
 Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
 Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
```

```
Runoff Volume (ft3): 201419
          Basin Name: B08
          Group Name: BASE
          Simulation: 100 year
           Node Name: N18
          Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.89
 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.89
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
 Time of Conc (min): 29.20
   Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.670
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 85.000
            DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.39
      Flow Max (cfs): 27.08
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.286
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 232282
          Basin Name: B09
          Group Name: BASE
          Simulation: 100 year
           Node Name: N16
          Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.73
 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.73
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
              Status: Onsite
 Time of Conc (min): 28.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 5.510
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 85.000
             DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.38
      Flow Max (cfs): 26.95
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.287
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 225752
           Basin Name: B10
          Group Name: BASE
          Simulation: 100 year
```

```
Node Name: N14
          Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 4.51
 Comp Time Inc (min): 4.51
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
             Status: Onsite
 Time of Conc (min): 33.80
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
          Area (ac): 10.810
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 88.000
           DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.47
      Flow Max (cfs): 48.78
  Runoff Volume (in): 11.686
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 458543
          Basin Name: Bl1
          Group Name: BASE
          Simulation: 100 year
           Node Name: N13
          Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 3.21
 Comp Time Inc (min): 3.21
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
             Status: Onsite
 Time of Conc (min): 24.10
    Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
          Area (ac): 11.720
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
        Curve Number: 91.000
            DCIA (%): 0.000
      Time Max (hrs): 12.37
      Flow Max (cfs): 64.23
 Runoff Volume (in): 12.078
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 513853
          Basin Name: B12
          Group Name: BASE
          Simulation: 100 year
          Node Name: N12
          Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
     Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
       Peaking Fator: 256.0
 Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
 Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
       Rainfall File: Scsiii
```

```
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                 Status: Onsite
   Time of Conc (min): 20.50
     Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 3.950
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 95.000
                DCIA (%): 0.000
  Time Max (hrs): 12.35
Flow Max (cfs): 23.76
Runoff Volume (in): 12.580
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 180384
              Basin Name: B13
Group Name: BASE
              Simulation: 100 year
Node Name: N11
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
          Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                  Status: Onsite
   Time of Conc (min): 20.50
     Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 4.010
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 91.000
                DCIA (%): 0.000
        Time Max (hrs): 12.35
Flow Max (cfs): 23.78
  Runoff Volume (in): 12.075
 Runoff Volume (ft3): 175766
              Basin Name: B14
              Group Name: BASE
              Simulation: 100 year
               Node Name: N10
              Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
       Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
 Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.73
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.73
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
   Time of Conc (min): 20.50
     Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 3.090
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
           Curve Number: 91.000
```

```
DCIA (%): 0.000
   Time Max (hrs): 12.35
Flow Max (cfs): 18.33
Runoff Volume (in): 12.075
Runoff Volume (ft3): 135441
                           Basin Name: B15
                          Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 year
Node Name: NOS
                           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
             Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
   Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.56
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.56
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
    Time of Conc (min): 19.20
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 6.010
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 92.000
DCIA (%): 0.000
                Time Max (hrs): 12.33
   Flow Max (cfs): 36.97
Runoff Volume (in): 12.204
Runoff Volume (ft3): 266257
                          Basin Name: B16
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 year
Node Name: N07
                           Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.20
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.20
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                                    Status: Onsite
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 16.50
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 3.440
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 88.000
DCIA (%): 0.000
   Time Max (hrs): 12.32
Flow Max (cfs): 22.12
Runoff Volume (in): 11.688
Runoff Volume (ft3): 145946
```

```
Basin Name: B17
                 Group Name: BASE
                 Simulation: 100 year
                  Node Name: NO5
                 Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
        Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
  Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 3.15
Comp Time Inc (min): 3.15
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
   Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 23.60
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 6.510
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
             Curve Number: 88.000
DCIA (%): 0.000
          Time Max (hrs): 12.38
          Flow Max (cfs): 35.45
 Runoff Volume (in): 11.686
Runoff Volume (ft3): 276161
                 Basin Name: 818
                 Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 year
Node Name: NO3
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
 Unit Hydrograph: Uh256
Peaking Fator: 256.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 2.24
Comp Time Inc (min): 2.24
Rainfall File: Scsiii
Rainfall Amount (in): 13.200
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
                       Status: Onsite
   Time of Conc (min): 16.80
      Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 8.330
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 88.000
                    DCIA (%): 0.000
          Time Max (hrs): 12.32
  Flow Max (cfs): 53.23
Funoff Volume (in): 11.686
Runoff Volume (ft3): 353370
                 Basin Name: Pl
                 Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 year
                Node Name: N32
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph
```

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# Appendix G.3 Hydraulics

Name	Group	Simulation	Max Time Stage hrs	Max Stage ft	Warning Stage ft	Max Delta Stage ft	Max Surf Area ft2	Max Time Inflow hrs	Max Inflow cfs	Max Time Outflow hrs	Max Outflow cfs
N01	BASE	100 year	13.00	1.50	2.50	0.0012	43	12.43	259.00	0.00	0.00
N02	BASE	100 year	13.03	1.84	2.00	-0.0513	19553	12.42	261.02	12.43	259.00
N03	BASE	100 year	13.04	2.18	2.00	0.0201	14708	12.42	263.04	12.42	261.02
N04	BASE	100 year	13.08	2.58	3.00	-0.0472	8463	11.24	255.44	13.58	228.89
N05	BASE	100 year	13.14	2.83	3.00	0.0297	8378	13.55	228.14	11.24	255.44
N06	BASE	100 year	13.28	3.17	3.00	0.0735	79523	13.65	214.49	13.85	218.60
N07	BASE	100 year	13.31	3.40	3.30	0.0432	98824	11.48	377.60	13.65	214.49
N08	BASE	100 year	13.31	3.67	3.60	-0.0530	81081	12.33	218.35	11.48	374.02
N09	BASE	100 year	13.31	3.89	3.80	-0.0783	61654	11.48	234.19	13.00	196.76
N10	BASE	100 year	13.27	4.09	4.10	-0.0679	31070	11.75	434.76	11.48	234.19
N11	BASE	100 year	13.24	4.29	4.20	-0.0381	67277	12.42	208.32	11.75	430.52
N12	BASE	100 year	13.18	4.53	4.50	0.0160	60490	12.16	203.08	12.66	188.28
N13	BASE	100 year	13.07	4.89	5.20	0.0051	130876	12.42	216.45	12.15	183.04
N14	BASE	100 year	12.88	5.70	5.20	-0.1300	13802	12.42	158.96	12.51	154.83
N15	BASE	100 year	12.97	6.18	6.20	-0.0127	35878	15.59	132.94	14.57	121.28
N16	BASE	100 year	12.97	6.42	6.40	-0.0153	6218	12.32	122.01	15.59	132.94
N17	BASE	100 year	13.06	6.66	6.70	-0.0428	5103	15.51	151.74	14.70	114.63
N18	BASE	100 year	13.13	6.83	6.80	-0.0188	18754	14.84	113.80	15.51	151.74
N19	BASE	100 year	13.27	7.02	7.00	0.0175	34845	14.99	107.95	14.84	109.79
N20	BASE	100 year	13.36	7.18	7.10	0.0149	93852	15.07	105.12	14.99	107.95
N21	BASE	100 year	13.41	7.33	7.30	-0.0533	46122	15.42	197.01	15.07	102.00
N22	BASE	100 year	13.41	7.44	7.40	-0.0216	121125	12.43	107.26	15.42	197.01
N23	BASE	100 year	13.34	7.56	7.60	0.0252	11712	15.38	135.77	15.16	84.78
N24	BASE	100 year	13.29	7.64	7.70	0.0126	10836	12.53	82.51	15.38	135.77
N25	BASE	100 year	13.27	7.72	7.80	0.0200	2802	15.35	128.24	15.19	75.69
N26	BASE	100 year	13.29	7.78	7.80	0.0103	2183	15.21	75.25	15.35	128.24
N27	BASE	100 year	13.30	7.84	7.90	0.0087	3686	15.22	71.20	15.22	71.34
N28	BASE	100 year	13.37	7.96	8.00	-0.0065	54059	15.22	71.00	15.22	71.20
N29	BASE	100 year	13.45	8.03	8.10	-0.0094	5098	15.23	67.13	15.23	67.30
N30	BASE	100 year	13.53	8.12	8.20	-0.0218	31818	15.24	62.62	15.23	67.13
N31	BASE	100 year	13.61	8.20	8.00	-0.0520	79217	12.67	32.03	15.24	61.09
N32	BASE	100 year	14.81	8.10	8.10	0.0020	555203	12.50	87.58	11.99	20.10

Name	Group	Simulation	Max Time Flow hrs	Max Flow cfs	Max Delta Q cfs	Max Time US Stage hrs	Max US Stage ft	Max Time DS Stage hrs	Max DS Stage ft
P01	BASE	100 year	15.24	61.09	23.638	13.61	8.20	13.53	8.12
P02	BASE	100 year	15.23	67.13	22.262	13.53	8.12	13.45	8.03
P03	BASE	100 year	15.23	67.30	18.654	13.45	8.03	13.37	7.96
P04	BASE	100 year	15.22	71.20	12.758	13.37	7.96	13.30	7.84
P05	BASE	100 year	15.22	71.34	-26.009	13.30	7.84	13.29	7.78
P06	BASE	100 year	15.35	128.24	-114.512	13.29	7.78	13.27	7.72
P07	BASE	100 year	15.19	75.69	50.712	13.27	7.72	13.29	7.64
P08	BASE	100 year	15.38	135.77	-114.132	13.29	7.64	13.34	7.56
P09	BASE	100 year	15.16	84.78	63.417	13.34	7.56	13.41	7.44
P10	BASE	100 year	15.42	197.01	-197.011	13.41	7.44	13.41	7.33
P11	BASE	100 year	15.07	102.00	-66.601	13.41	7.33	13.36	7.18
P12	BASE	100 year	14.99	107.95	-91.832	13.36	7.18	13.27	7.02
P13	BASE	100 year	14.84	109.79	-48.095	13.27	7.02	13.13	6.83
P14	BASE	100 year	15.51	151.74	124.905	13.13	6.83	13.06	6.66
P15	BASE	100 year	14.70	114.63	-35.362	13.06	6.66	12.97	6.42
P16	BASE	100 year	15.59	132.94	-80.534	12.97	6.42	12.97	6.18
P17	BASE	100 year	14.57	121.28	23.929	12.97	6.18	12.88	5.70
P18	BASE	100 year	12.51	154.83	14.630	12.88	5.70	13.07	4.89
P19	BASE	100 year	12.15	183.04	14.050	13.07	4.89	13.18	4.53
P20	BASE	100 year	12.66	188.28	132.912	13.18	4.53	13.24	4.29
P21	BASE	100 year	11.75	430.52	430.518	13.24	4.29	13.27	4.09
P22	BASE	100 year	11.48	234.19	215.145	13.27	4.09	13.31	3.89
P23	BASE	100 year	13.00	196.76	172.418	13.31	3.89	13.31	3.67
P24	BASE	100 year	11.48	374.02	312.970	13.31	3.67	13.31	3.40
P25	BASE	100 year	13.65	214.49	139.304	13.31	3.40	13.28	3.17
P26	BASE	100 year	13.85	218.60	-79.723	13.28	3.17	13.14	2.83
P27	BASE	100 year	11.24	255.44	234.847	13.14	2.83	13.08	2.58
P28	BASE	100 year	13.58	228.89	-96.044	13.08	2.58	13.04	2.18
P29	BASE	100 year	12.42	261.02	124.411	13.04	2.18	13.03	1.84
P30	BASE	100 year	12.43	259.00	-79.803	13.03	1.84	13.00	1.50
PUMP	BASE	100 year	11.99	20.10	6.700	14.81	8.10	13.61	8.20

Appendix E Public Notice/ 8-Step/ FONSI

# ST. BERNARD PARISH GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION OF DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS ON PALMISANO BOULEVARD FLOODPLAINS and WETLANDS NOTICE EARLY PUBLIC REVIEW NOTICE

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster. SBPG intends to carry out actions which may affect or be affected by the 500-year and 100-year floodplain and seeks to involve the public in the decision making process.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy.. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Bl vd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch ru ns along St. Bernard Hwy.. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Plaza Drive Lift Station Pump: This segment of the project will consist of an upgrade to the existing pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy.. to Palmisano Blvd. and flushing and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. The proposed pump station is 3"-10" Fairbanks Morse or equivalent vertical propeller pumps.

Palmisano Canal - East St. Bernard Hwy. (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70' x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate. Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	City	State	Latitude	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

In accordance with Executive Order 11988, the SBPG has determined that the project lies within the 500-year and 100-year floodplain. Also, in accordance with Executive Order 11990, the SBPG has determined that the project is not likely to impact wetlands following a review of the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers of the area.

A full description of the proposed action may be reviewed at the SBPG Office located at the St. Bernard Parish Courthouse, 8201 West Judge Perez Boulevard, Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 on weekdays between 8:30 am and 4:00 pm. The can be reached by telecommunications for the deaf through the Louisiana Relay Service at 1-800-367-8939 (TDD). Special accommodations should be requested 3 days prior to the meeting by calling 504-278-4200. Written comments will be received until September 8, 2014 and should be mailed to the following address: St. Bernard Parish Government, 8201 West Judge Perez Boulevard, Chalmette, Louisiana 70043.

Date of publication: August 22, 2014

# ST. BERNARD PARISH GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION OF DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS ON PALMISANO BOULEVARD FLOODPLAIN & WETLANDS EXPLANATION NOTICE

The St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) has applied to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) funding under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. FEMA's Hazard Mitigation Grant Program provides grants to states and local governments to implement long-term hazard mitigation measures that reduce the loss of life and property due to natural disasters and to enable mitigation measures to be implemented during the immediate recovery from a disaster. SBPG intends to carry out actions which may affect or be affected by the 500-year and 100-year floodplain and seeks to involve the public in the decision making process.

FEMA proposes to provide funding to St. Bernard Parish for the design and construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Blvd, (from St. Bernard Hwy.. to the outfall on the Twenty Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, LA., and to improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Bl vd. drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. This drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch ru ns along St. Bernard Hwy.. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the Twenty Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

The proposed scope of work includes the following:

Plaza Drive Lift Station Pump: This segment of the project will consist of an upgrade to the existing pumping station within the Plaza Drive Basin and upgrading their discharge capacity by improving the open canal along the south side of St. Bernard Hwy.. to Palmisano Blvd. and flushing and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. The proposed pump station is 3"-10" Fairbanks Morse or equivalent vertical propeller pumps.

Palmisano Canal - East St. Bernard Hwy. (LA46) to Twenty Arpent Canal: The design objectives were to contain the flow within the channel for a 25-year storm event and to reduce the risk. To improve the channel capacity and to reduce the risk, the proposed design uses reinforce concrete box culverts. Using the box culverts and constructing a swale ditch on top of the box to collect sheet flow. The proposed design is to construct an 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive, then design and construct a 10-foot x 6-foot box culvert from the Judge Perez Drive to the 20 Arpent Canal.

Palmisano at 20 Arpent Canal Crossing: Design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70' x 100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel/aggregate. Location of each of the proposed improvements are as follows:

Site	City	State	Latitude	Longitude
Plaza Pump	Chalmette	LA	29.93363	-89.96016
Palmisano Canal	Chalmette	LA	29.93143	-89.95604
Palmisano 20 Arpent Bridge	Chalmette	LA	29.94325	-89.94995

In accordance with Executive Order 11988, the SBPG has determined approximately 0.5 acres of the improvements are within the 100-year floodplain. In accordance with Executive Order 11990, the Corps of Engineers stated on January 2, 2014 that the project is not in a wetland subject to Corps' jurisdiction. However, if the proposed project involves deposit of dredged or fill material in the waters of the U.S. identified by the Corps, a Section 404 permit of the Clean Water Act will be required.

Practical alternatives to locating the proposed action in a floodplain and wetland were identified and evaluated. For each of the following alternatives, various factors were considered including feasibility, technology, hazard reduction and related mitigation costs, and environmental impacts.

Alternative 1 – The proposed construction of drainage improvements sites are that of an existing drainage control structures within St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge. As such, the use of these particular locations are critical to the flood protection of St. Bernard Parish. The alternative of relocating the project outside of the floodplain and wetlands would fail to meet the needs of St. Bernard Parish and thus was rejected.

Alternative 2 – The SBPG considered a "No Action" alternative. The rationale for performing the proposed actions is to provide adequate drainage structures to carry out essential drainage activities to allow for the critical operations of the Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge drainage system during storm events to alleviate the issue of ancillary flooding in St. Bernard Parish. Taking no action would fail to meet the project objective of preventing further ancillary flooding in the target area. Failure to take the proposed actions would allow for continued ancillary flooding issues, creating hazardous conditions, posing a public health hazard to the surrounding area, and further devaluing the affected residential/commercial properties. For these reasons, the "No Action" alternative was rejected.

In accordance with Executive Order 11988, the SBPG has documented that there are no practicable alternatives to locating the proposed project in the 500-year and 100-year floodplain. Also, in accordance with Executive Order 11990, the SBPG has determined that the project is not likely to impact wetlands following a review of the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers of the area. Mitigation measures to be taken to minimize adverse impacts and to restore and preserve natural and beneficial values to the floodplain include the rehabilitation of existing infrastructure

with only minimal disturbance of the floodplain in the immediate area. Construction activities will occur within existing Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge sites.

A full description of the proposed action may be reviewed at the SBPG Office located at the St. Bernard Parish Courthouse, 8201 West Judge Perez Boulevard, Chalmette, Louisiana 70043 on weekdays between 8:30 am and 4:00 pm. The SBPG can be reached by telecommunications for the deaf through the Louisiana Relay Service at 1-800-367-8939 (TDD). Special accommodations should be requested 3 days prior to the meeting by calling 504-278-4200. Written comments will be received until October 10, 2014 and should be mailed to the following address: St. Bernard Parish Government, 8201 West Judge Perez Boulevard, Chalmette, Louisiana 70043.

Publish one time on October 3, 2014.

# PUBLIC NOTICE FEMA NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT DRAFT FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ST. BERNARD PARISH GOVERNMENT MIGATION PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS ON PALMISANO BOULEVARD, PLAZA DRIVE, AND 20 ARPENT BRIDGE ST. BERNARD PARISH, LOUISIANA

Interested parties are hereby notified that the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has prepared a draft Environmental Assessment (EA) and draft Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). The purpose of the EA is to assess the impacts of upgrades to the Palmisano Boulevard Drainage System on human health and the natural environment for the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and Arpent Bridge in St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana, a proposed action for which FEMA is considering providing funding assistance.

The Palmisano Boulevard Drainage System owned by the St. Bernard Parish Government, serves an area of approximately 100 plus acres and is bounded by Lyndell Drive, Mississippi River Levee, Volpe Drive, and Twenty Arpent Canal (near Missouri Street) in Chalmette, Louisiana. The St. Bernard Parish Government office address is 8201 West Judge Perez Drive Chalmette, LA 70043. The Palmisano Boulevard Drainage System regularly becomes over flooded during heavy storm events. The current drainage system consists of earthen ditches, underground pipes and culverts. These underground pipes and culverts are undersized that restrict the capacity of waterflow.

The purpose of the draft EA is to analyze the potential human health and environmental impacts associated with the preferred action and alternatives of upgrades to the Palmisano Drainage System and the Arpent Bridge. The draft EA evaluates a No Action Alternative; the Preferred Action Alternative, which is to upgrade Plaza Drive pump station by replacing the existing pump station with a new pump station, install 8 ft x 4 ft box culverts from Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive and replace 10 ft x 6 ft box culverts on Palmasino Boulevard from Judge Perez Drive to 20 Arpent Canal and remove existing culverts at 20 Arpent Canal to construct a 70 ft x 100 ft concrete bridge at 20 Arpent.

The draft FONSI is FEMA's finding that the preferred action will not have a significant effect on the human and natural environment.

The draft EA and draft FONSI are available for review at the St. Bernard Library located at 2600 Palmisano Blvd, Chalmette, LA 70043 Monday – Thursday 9 am – 7pm, Friday - Saturday 9 a.m – 5p.m., closed Sundays and Holidays. This public notice will run in the local newspaper in the The Advocate New Orleans Edition on Monday June 8th, 2015, Tuesday June 9<sup>th</sup>, 2015, and Wednesday June 10<sup>th</sup>, 2015. It will also run in the The St. Bernard Voice, Friday June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2015. The documents can also be downloaded from FEMA's website at <a href="http://www.fema.gov/resource-document-library">http://www.fema.gov/resource-document-library</a>. There will be a ten (10) day comment period, beginning on June 8th, 2015 and concluding on June 19th, 2015 at 4 p.m. Comments may be mailed to: DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY-FEMA EHP, Palmisano 1500 MAIN STREET, BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70802. Comments may be emailed to: FEMA-

<u>NOMA@dhs.gov</u> or faxed to 225-346-5848. Verbal comments will be accepted or recorded at 504-427-8000. If no substantive comments are received, the draft EA and associated FONSI will become final.

# St. Bernard Parish Government Construction of Drainage Improvement on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge Executive Order 11988 – Floodplain Management Eight-Step Decision Making Process

In compliance with FEMA regulations implementing Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, FEMA is required to carry out the Eight-step decision-making process for actions that are proposed in the floodplain per 44 CFR §9.6. Executive Order 11988 requires federal agencies "to avoid to the extent possible the long and short term adverse impacts associated with the occupancy and modification of the floodplain and to avoid direct or indirect support of floodplain development wherever there is a practicable alternative."

This eight-step process is applied to the proposed St. Bernard Parish Government Construction of Drainage Improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge. Portions of the drainage improvements areas are within the 100-year floodplain of Mississippi River and 500-year floodplain of Chalmette, St. Bernard Parish, Louisiana. The steps in the decision making process are as follows:

# Step 1 Determine if the proposed action is located in the Base Floodplain.

The proposed project involves the St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) Construction of Drainage Improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge. The proposed construction of the drainage improvements will be located in the X Zone 500- year floodplain (500-year floodplain or 0.2% percent annual change of flood hazard) and the proposed construction of the drainage improvements will be located in the AE Zone (100-year floodplain or 1% chance of flooding in any year) associated with the Mississippi River as depicted on the: Preliminary Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map Panel Number 22087C0487D dated November 9, 2012. Federal guidelines promulgated in 44 CFR 9.4 define activities and facilities that even a slight chance of flooding poses too great a threat as a Critical Action. As a result, these actions are given special consideration when formulating regulatory alternatives and floodplain management plans. The proposed construction of the drainage improvements would be classified as a "critical action" because it will be an integral component of the existing drainage system on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge that provides the critical drainage operations for controlling ancillary flooding to the residences of St. Bernard Parish.

## Step 2 Early public notice (Preliminary Notice)

The Initial Public Notice concerning FEMA actions located in or that may affect wetland areas or the 100-year floodplain, and critical actions within the 500-year floodplain was published in the St. Bernard Voice newspaper in St. Bernard Parish on January 31, 2014.

A public notice concerning the proposed project in the floodplain will be published in the St. Bernard Voice newspaper in conjunction with the Notice of Availability of the Draft EA

document for public review. The St. Bernard Voice is the local and regional newspaper for the St. Bernard Parish area, including the floodplain area of St. Bernard Parish.

# Step 3 Identify and evaluate alternatives to locating in the base floodplain.

The proposed St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge are functionally dependent on its location to be able to house critical employees during storm events to perform critical drainage operations to mitigate ancillary flooding in St. Bernard Parish. Therefore, there is no alternative to locating the construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge in the base floodplain.

# Step 4 Identify impacts of proposed action associated with occupancy or modification of the floodplain.

Impact on natural function of the floodplain

The proposed St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge would not impede or redirect floods. The project would be located in a partially developed area with existing infrastructure. When compared to the extensive floodplain area, the project will have little potential to impact the floodplain. Therefore, the Preferred Action should not result in an increased base discharge or increase the flood hazard potential to other structures.

# Impact of the floodwater on the proposed facilities

The proposed St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) Lake construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge have been designed to minimize impacts from flooding. The proposed drainage improvements will be located among existing structures within the Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge drainage facilities. New construction must be compliant with current codes and standards.

# Step 5 Design or modify the proposed action to minimize threats to life and property and preserve its natural and beneficial floodplain values.

In order to reduce the impact identified in Step 4 of flood hazards on the proposed facilities, the proposed drainage improvements for the St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge will be designed to be compliant with FEMA recommendations for construction in flood hazard areas.

The Applicant must follow all applicable local, state, and federal laws, regulations and requirements and obtain and comply with all required permits and approvals, prior to initiating work on this project. No staging of equipment or project activities shall begin until all permits are obtained.

# Step 6 Re-evaluate the proposed action.

Per the discussions above, the proposed project will be appropriately designed for the 100-year and 500-year floodplain. The project would be considered as functionally dependent because it must be able to house critical employees during storm events to perform critical operations of the pump stations to be able to mitigate ancillary flooding in St. Bernard Parish.

The proposed St. Bernard Parish Government (SBPG) construction of drainage improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge project will not aggravate the current flood hazard because the project would not impede or redirect flood flows. The project will not disrupt floodplain values because it will not change water levels in the floodplain. Therefore, it is still practicable to construct the proposed project within the floodplain. Alternatives consisting of locating the project outside the floodplain or taking "no action" are not practicable.

# Step 7 Findings and Public Explanation (Final Notification)

In reevaluating the alternatives, it has been determined that there are no practical alternative to the proposed action. The proposed action has therefore been identified as the preferred action and will be implemented. In accordance with 44 CFR §9.12, the St. Bernard Parish prepared A Floodplains and Wetlands Explanation Notice dated October 3, 2014 in the St. Bernard Voice newspaper. This publication gave the public until October 10, 2014, (7 days), to comment on this undertaking in the 100 year floodplain and 500-year floodplain. No comments were received. Documentation of the public notice will be forwarded to FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.

# Step 8 Implement the action

The St. Bernard Parish will incorporate into the design necessary mitigation efforts for building within a 100-year floodplain and 500-year floodplain.

As a result of this Eight-step process, FEMA has determined that the proposed St. Bernard Parish Government Construction of Drainage Improvements on Palmisano Boulevard, Plaza Drive, and 20 Arpent Bridge Project is in compliance with 44 CFR §9.6 because there are no practicable alternatives outside the 100-year floodplain and 500-year floodplain.



U.S. Department of Homeland Security Louisiana Recovery Office 1500 Main St Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802

# DRAFT FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT FOR THE PALMISANO DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT ST. BERNARD, LOUISIANA FEMA-1603-DR-LA

### **BACKGROUND**

The Palmisano Canal drainage area continuously becomes overwhelmed with flooding. Due to repetitive loss in the area, St. Bernard Parish (Applicant) has requested federal funding through FEMA's 404 Hazard Mitigation Grant Program to upgrade the Plaza Drive Lift Station, and to improve the drainage within the East St. Bernard Hwy Canal, Palmisano Blvd Canal, and the 20 Arpent Canal. Drainage improvements would include Palmisano Boulevard, (from St. Bernard Highway to the outfall on the 20 Arpent Canal) in Chalmette, Louisiana; improve the lift pump capacity of a badly drained area on Plaza Drive; and upgrade its outfall into the Palmisano Boulevard drainage system to relieve the recurrent ponding during rainfall events. The Palmisano drainage system consists of approximately 100 plus acres of land that drains over ground surface through storm drain pipe and directed via pump to an earthen ditch. The earthen ditch runs along St. Bernard Hwy. to Palmisano Boulevard, then from St. Bernard Highway paralleling Palmisano Blvd. running approximately 4,860 feet to the 20 Arpent Canal. The earthen ditch floods frequently during heavy rainfall events due to inadequate capacity and undersized culvert/pipe crossing under roadways and residential driveways.

In accordance with 44 CFR Part 10, FEMA regulations to implement the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), an Environmental Assessment (EA) was prepared. The purpose of the EA was to analyze the potential environmental impacts associated with the proposed drainage improvements and to determine whether to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) or Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI). The need for the proposed project is to minimize the ancillary flooding during and after storm events. The alternatives considered include 1) No Action, 2) Upgrade Plaza Drive Pump Station, Improve channel capacity Palmasino Blvd and construct bridge crossing at 20 Arpent Canal (Proposed Action).

The applicant proposes to improve the drainage by upgrading the pumping station and increasing the capacity of the existing canals: East St. Bernard Hwy Canal and Palmasino Blvd Canal. The applicant plans to upgrade the existing Plaza Drive Pump station by constructing a new pump station next to the existing lift station along East St. Bernard Highway. Across the street from the Plaza pump station on the south side along East St. Bernard Hwy work would consist of improving its discharge capacity by deepening the discharge earthen ditch area from East St. Bernard Hwy to Palmisano Blvd and flushing

and cleaning the existing sub-surface drainage within the basin. In addition two (2) existing, undersized culverts would be replaced with box culverts. The scope of work for the Palmisano Blvd Canal is to increase the capacity by deepening the bottom floor channel and installing an open reinforced concrete box culvert beneath a swale ditch, from St. Bernard Highway to Camille place. From Camille Place to East Judge Perez Drive a 8-foot x 4-foot box culvert would be installed and would be enlarged north of Judge Perez Drive to a 10-foot x 6-foot box all the way to the 20 Arpent Canal. Due to the increased capacity of the design flows entering the 20 Arpent Canal, capacity levels would be diminished by the undersized culverts currently under the existing 20 Arpent Canal Crossing. The solution identified in the Hydrology and Hydraulics (H&H) would be to design and construct a bridge crossing approximately 70'x100' concrete span, pile supported and paved channel /aggregate. The proposed project provides protection for the 100-year flood.

# **FINDINGS**

FEMA has evaluated the proposed project for significant adverse impacts to geology, soils, water resources (surface water, groundwater, and wetlands), floodplains, coastal resources, air quality, biological resources (vegetation, fish and wildlife, Federally-listed threatened or endangered species and critical habitats), cultural resources, socioeconomics (including minority and low income populations), safety, noise, and hazardous materials. The results of these evaluations as well as consultations and input from other federal and state agencies are presented in the EA.

The applicant chose the proposed project to decrease the flood risk to nearby residents and provide protection to the 100-year flood event.

### **CONDITIONS**

The following conditions must be met as part of the implementation of the project. Failure to comply with these conditions may jeopardize federal funds:

- The Applicant is required to obtain and comply with all local, state and federal
  permits, approvals and requirements prior to initiating work on this project. All
  coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any
  conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for
  inclusion in the permanent project files.
- Construction contractor would be required to obtain Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (LPDES) permit, if applicable, and implement stormwater pollution prevention plan. The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) may require stormwater general permits for construction areas equal to or greater than one (1) acre. It is recommended that the LDEQ Water Permit Division be contacted to determine whether the proposed improvements require one of these permits.

- All precaution will be observed to control nonpoint source pollution from construction activities. The contractor should observe all precautions to protect the groundwater of the region.
- The LDNR Office of Conservation should be contacted if any unregistered drinking water wells are encountered during construction work.
- All work associated with project that is conducted on potable water systems must comply with applicable sections of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and state regulations under Louisiana Title 51 Part XII (otherwise known as the Louisiana Public Health Sanitary code and related State Plumbing code).
- New construction must be compliant with current codes and standards. St.
  Bernard Parish is required to coordinate with the local floodplain administrator
  regarding floodplain permit(s) prior to the start of any activities. All coordination
  pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions
  should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion
  in the permanent project files.
- The contractor must coordinate with the Applicant to minimize the potential disruption of any school activities to the extent possible.
- Appropriate signage and barriers should be in place prior to construction activities in order to alert pedestrians and motorists of project activities and traffic pattern changes.
- This project may require a Coastal Use Permit (CUP) from the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources (LDNR). Determination of CUP requirements must be obtained through the submission of a completed CUP application to the LDNR. Proposed projects may be coordinated by contacting LDNR at (225) 342-7591 or 1-800-267-4019. Refer to CUP Number P20120106. The application packet may be obtained by calling (225) 342-7591 or (800) 267-4019, or by visiting the LDNR website at <a href="http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93&pnid=189&nid=191">http://dnr.louisiana.gov/index.cfm?md=pagebuilder&tmp=home&pid=93&pnid=189&nid=191</a> The Applicant must comply with all conditions of the required permits. All coordination pertaining to these activities and Applicant compliance with any conditions should be documented and copies forwarded to the state and FEMA for inclusion in the permanent project files.
- Changes, additions, and/or supplements to the approved scope of work which
  alter the existing use and function of the structure, including additional work not
  funded by FEMA but performed substantially at the same time, will require
  resubmission of the application prior to construction to FEMA for re-evaluation
  under the National Environmental Policy Act.
- St. Bernard Parish Code of Ordinance Sec. 11-133. Construction, power equipment. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person shall engage

in, cause or permit any person to be engaged in construction activities in any residential or commercial district between the hours of 9:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the following day. Construction projects shall be subject to the maximum permissible noise level specified for industrial districts for the periods within which construction is to be completed pursuant to any applicable building permit. (b) Construction activities directly connected with the abatement of an emergency are excluded from the provisions of this section. (c) No person shall operate on any property within a residential or commercial district or on any public way within a residential or commercial district, any power equipment, such as, but not limited to, chain saws, pavement breakers, log chippers, riding tractors, powered hand tools, between the hours of 10:00 p.m. of one day and 7:00 a.m. of the next day or within residential, commercial or industrial noise districts between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. which emits a noise level in excess of the levels set in Section 11-132.

- Any changes or modifications to the proposed project would require a wetland revised determination. Off-site locations of activities such as borrow; disposals, haul-and detour-roads and work mobilization site developments may be subject to the Department of the Army regulatory requirements and may have an impact to a Department of Army project.
- If any solid or hazardous wastes, or soils and/or groundwater contaminated with hazardous constituents are encountered during the project, notification to LDEQ's Single-Point-of-Contact (SPOC) at (225) 219-3640 is required. Additionally, precautions should be taken to protect workers from these hazardous constituents.
- Unusable equipment, debris and material shall be disposed of in an approved manner and location. In the event significant items (or evidence thereof) are discovered during implementation of the project applicant shall handle, manage, and dispose of petroleum products, hazardous materials and/or toxic waste in accordance to the requirements and to the satisfaction of the governing local, state and federal agencies. Applicant is responsible for acquiring LDEQ permits for the temporary debris staging and reduction sites (TDSRS) associated with this project prior to project closeout. Failure to provide FEMA with LDEQ approval may jeopardize project funding eligibility
- If archaeological artifacts or features (prehistoric or historic) are discovered during the course of FEMA funded work at the project site, the applicant must ensure that their Contractor stops work in the vicinity of the discovery and takes all reasonable measures to avoid and minimize harm to the discovery. The applicant shall inform the GOHSEP and FEMA of the discovery, and FEMA would deploy an archaeologist to the location to conduct a site condition assessment. The applicant would not proceed with work until FEMA has completed consultation with the SHPO and other appropriate consulting parties on the treatment of the discovery.

• In addition, if human remains are discovered during the course of FEMA funded work, the applicant and the applicant's contractor are responsible for immediately halting work within the vicinity of the human remains finding. The applicant will immediately notify GOHSEP, FEMA, the local Police Department, and the local Coroner's Office of the discovery. The local Coroner's Office will assess the nature and age of the human skeletal remains. If the Coroner's Office determines that the human skeletal remains are older than 50 years of age, the Louisiana Division of Archaeology will take jurisdiction over the remains. Within seventy-two (72) hours, the applicant will notify FEMA and the Louisiana Division of Archaeology (225-342-8170) of the finding. FEMA will assist, as requested, the Louisiana Division of Archaeology and other interested parties, as necessary, to ensure compliance with the Louisiana Unmarked Human Burial Sites Preservation Act (R.S. 8:671 et seq.) and other applicable laws. In addition, the applicant must afford FEMA the opportunity to comply with the "Human Remains Policy" set forth by the ACHP.

# **CONCLUSIONS**

Based upon the incorporated EA, and in accordance with Presidential Executive Orders 12898 (Environmental Justice), 11988 (Floodplain Management), and 11990 (Wetland Protection), FEMA has determined that the proposed action implemented with the conditions and mitigation measures outlined above and in the EA will not have any significant adverse effects on the quality of the natural and human environment. As a result of this FONSI, an Environmental Impact Statement will not be prepared (44 CFR Part 10.8) and the proposed action alternative as described in the EA may proceed.

# **APPROVALS**

Kevin Jaynes Regional Environmental Officer	Date
Region VI	
Thomas "Mike" Womack Date Director of the Louisiana Reco	very Office