## Preliminary Damage Assessment Report

# Santa Clara Pueblo – Severe Storms and Flooding FEMA-4809-DR

### Declared August 20, 2024

On August 2, 2024, Governor J. Michael Chavarria requested a major disaster declaration due to severe storms and flooding during the period of June 20-21, 2024. The Governor requested a declaration for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation for the Santa Clara Pueblo. During the period of June 27 to July 1, 2024, joint federal, tribal, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were conducted in the requested areas and are summarized below. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the tribal nation and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.<sup>1</sup>

On August 20, 2024, President Biden declared that a major disaster exists for the Santa Clara Pueblo. This declaration made Public Assistance available to the Santa Clara Pueblo. This declaration also made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance available for hazard mitigation measures for the Santa Clara Pueblo.<sup>2</sup>

#### Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster

#### Individual Assistance – (Not Requested)

• Total Number of Residences Impacted:<sup>3</sup>

Destroyed -Major Damage -Minor Damage -Affected -

- Percentage of insured residences:<sup>4</sup>
- Percentage of poverty households:<sup>5</sup>
- Percentage of ownership households:<sup>6</sup>
- Population receiving other government assistance such as SSI and SNAP:
- Pre-Disaster Unemployment:
- Age 65 and older:
- Age 18 and under:
- Disability:
- IHP Cost to Capacity (ICC) Ratio:

• Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: N/A

#### **Public Assistance**

	Primary Impact: Total Public Assistance cost estimate:	Cost associated with debris removal. \$1,475,000
•	Per capita impact: <sup>7</sup>	\$413.05
•	Per capita impact indicator: <sup>8</sup>	\$1.84

<sup>1</sup> The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor's request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor's request (44 CFR § 206.33).

<sup>2</sup> When a Governor's request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA's regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

<sup>3</sup> Degree of damage to impacted residences:

- Destroyed total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);
- Major Damage substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and
- Affected some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.
- <sup>4</sup> By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage. 42 U.S.C. § 5155 and 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(5).

<sup>5</sup> Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).

- <sup>6</sup> Ibid. 44 C.F.R. § 206.48(b)(3).
- <sup>7</sup> Based on State population in the 2020 Census.
- <sup>8</sup> Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY24, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2023.